# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS WASHINGTON

# FOURTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES MANUFACTURES: 1919

## DELAWARE

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### EXPLANATION OF TERMS.

Scope of census.-Census statistics of manufactures are compiled primarily for Scope of census.—Census statistics of manufactures are compiled primarily for the purpose of showing the absolute and relative magnitude of the different branches of industry covered and their growth or decline. Incidentally, the effort is made to present data throwing light upon character of covnership, size of establishments, and similar subjects. When use is made of the statistics for these purposes it is imperative that due attention be given to their limitations, particularly in connection with any attempt to derive from them figures purporting to show average wages, cost of production, or profits.

The census did not cover establishments which were idle during the entire year or for which products were valued at less than \$500, or the manufacturing done in educational, elecmosynary, and penal institutions.

Period covered.—The returns relate to the calendar year 1919, or the business year which corresponded most nearly to that calendar year, and cover a year's operations, except for establishments which began or discontinued business during the

The establishment.—As a rule, the term "establishment" represents a single plant or lactory, but in some cases it represents two or more plants which were operated under a common ownership or for which one set of books of account was kepp. If, however, the plants constituting an establishment as thus defined were not all located within the same city, county, or state, separate reports were secured in order that the figures for each plant night be included in the statistics for the city, county, or state in which it was located. In some instances separate reports were secured for different industries carried on in the same establishment.

Classification by industries.—The establishments were assigned to the several classes of industries according to their products of chief value. The products reported for a given industry may thus, on the one hand, include minor products different from those covered by the class designation, and, on the other hand, may not represent the total product covered by this designation, because some of this class of product may be made in establishments in which it is not the product of chief value. chief value.

chief value.

As a rule, the same designation is used for the industry wherever it appears, although all of the products indicated by this designation were not manufactured in the state or city for which these statistics are presented. In some instances the wording is changed so as to more correctly describe the products represented. For a number of industries subclasses are shown which indicate more definitely the kind of products.

Selected industries.—The general tables at the end of this bulletin give the principal facts separately for the industries of the state. A selection has been made of certain leading industries of the state for more detailed consideration. Sometimes an industry of great importance has to be omitted because it comprises so few establishments that a detailed presentation would reveal the operations of individual

Comparisons with previous censuses.—Owing to changes in industrial conditions it is not always possible to classify establishments by industries in such a way as to permit accurate comparison with preceding censuses. At the census of 1000 the figures for kindred industries were combined. This practice has been followed in compiling the statistics for 1919 and 1914 when placed in comparison with those for 1909 and prior years. The comparative summary for 1919, 1914, and 1909, therefore, does not show separately all the industries given for 1919 in the detailed statement for the state.

Influence of increased prices.—In comparing figures for cost of materials, value of products, and value added by manufacture in 1919 with the corresponding figures for earlier censuses, account should be taken of the goneral increase in the prices of commodities during recent years. To the extent to which this factor has been influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the volume

influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the volume of business.

Persons engaged in the industry.—The following general classes of persons engaged in the manufacturing industries were distinguished: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officers of corporations, (3) superintendents and managers, (4) clerks (including other subordinate salaried employees), and (5) wage earners. In the reports for the censuses of 1904 and 1899 these five classes were shown according to the three main groups: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officials, clerks, etc., and (3) wage earners. In comparative tables covering the census of 1904 it is of course necessary to group the figures according to the classification that was employed at the earlier censuses.

The number of persons engaged in each industry, segregated by sex, and, in the case of wage earners, also by age (whether under 16 or 16 and over), was reported for a single representative day. The 15th of December was selected as representing for most industries normal conditions of employment, but where this date was not a representative day an earlier date was chosen.

In the case of employees of their than wage earners the number thus reported for the representative date has been treated as equivalent to the average for the year, since the number of employees of this class does not ordinarily vary much from month to month. In the case of wage earners the average has been obtained in the manner explained in the next paragraph.

In addition to the more detailed report by sex and age of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number employed on the 15th of each month, by sex, without distinction of age. From these figures the average number of wage earners for the year has been obtained in the manner explained in the mean of wage earners for the very and the sumber of wage earners for the very and the proposed of the number of wage the average number of wage earners for the ve

In order to determine as nearly as possible the age distribution of the average number of wage earners for a given state as a whole, the per cent distribution by age of the wage earners in each industry for December 15, or the nearest representative day, has been calculated from the actual numbers reported for that date. The percentages thus obtained have been applied to the average number of wage earners for the year in that industry to determine the average numbers 16 years and over and under 16, employed. These calculated averages for the soveral industries have been added to give the average distribution for each state as a whole and for the entire country. entire country.

salaries and wages.—Under these heads are given the total payments during the year for salaries and wages, respectively. The Consus Bureau has not undertaken to calculate the average annual earnings of either salaried employees or wage earners, such averages would possess little real value, because they would be based on the earnings of employees of both saxes, of all ages, and of widely varying degrees of skill. Furthermore, so far as wage earners are concerned, it would be impossible to calculate accurately even so simple an average as this, since the number of wage earners fluctuates from month to month in every industry, and in some cases to a very great extent. The Census Bureau's figures for wage earners, as already explained, are averages based on the number employed on the 15th of each month, and while representing the number according to the pay rolls to whom wages were of that date, no doubt represent a larger number than would be required to perform the work in any industry if all were continuously employed during the year.

the work in any industry it all were continuously employed during the year.

Prevailing hours of labor.—No attempt was made to ascertain the number of wage earners working a given number of hours por week. The inquiry called merely for the prevailing practice followed in each establishment. Occasional variations in hours in an establishment from one part of the year to another were disregarded, and no attention was paid to the fact that a few wage earners might have hours differing from those of the majority. All the wage carners of each establishment are therefore counted in the class within which the establishment itself falls. In most establishments, however, practically all the wage earners work the same number of hours, so that the figures give a substantially correct representation of the hours of labor.

Capital.—The instructions on the schedule for securing data relating to capital were as follows:

"The answer should show the total amount of capital, both owned and borrowed, on the last day of the business year reported. All the items of fixed and live capital may be taken at the amounts carried on the books. If land or buildings are renet, that fact should be stated and no value given. If a part of the land or buildings is owned, the remainder being rented, that fact should be so stated and only the value of the owned property given. Do not include securities and loaus representing investments in other enterprises."

These instructions were identical with those employed at the censuses of 1914 and 1909. The data compiled in respect to capital, however, at both consuses, as well as at all preceding consuses of manufactures, have been so defective as to be flittle value except as indicating very general conditions. In fact, it has been repeatedly recommended by the census authorities that this inquiry be emitted from the schedule. While there are some establishments whose accounting systems are such that an accurate return for capital could be made, this is not true of the great majority, and the figures therefore do not show the actual amount of capital lawsing.

Materials.—The statistics as to cost of materials relate to the materials used during the year, which may be more or less than the materials purchased during the year. The term "materials" covers fuel, rent of power and heat, millsupplies, and containers, as well as materials which form a constituent part of the product,

Rant and taxes.—The taxes include certain Federal taxes and state, county, and local taxes. Under "Federal taxes" there are included the internal revenue tax on manufactures (tobacco, beverages, etc.), excise taxes when included in values reported for products, corporation equital stock tax, and corporation income tax, but not the income tax for individuals and partners.

Value of products.—The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value or price at the factory of all products manufactured during the year, which may differ from the value of the products sold.

Walue added by manufacture.—The value of products is not always a satisfactory measure of either the absolute or the relative importance of a given industry, because only a part of this value is actually created by the manufacturing processes carried on in the industry itself. Another part, and often by far the larger one, represents the value of the materials used. For many purposes, therefore, the best measure of the importance of an industry, from a manufacturing standpoint, is the value created by the manufacturing operations carried on within the industry. This value is calculated by deducting the cost of the materials used from the value of the products. The figure thus obtained is termed in the census reports "value added by manufacture."

Cost of manufacture and profits. The census data do not show the entire cost of manufacture, and consequently can not be used for the calculation of profits. No account has been taken of depreciation or interest, rent of offices and buildings other than factory or works, insurance, ordinary repairs, advertising, and other calculations.

Primary horsepower.—This item represents the total primary power generated by the manufacturing establishments plus the amount of power, principally electric, rented from other concerns. It does not cover the power of electric motors taking their current from dynamos driven by primary power machines operated by the same establishment, because the inclusion of such power would obviously result in duplication. The figures for primary horsepower represent the rated capacity of the engines, motors, etc., and not the amount of power in actual daily use.

Fuel.—Statistics of the quantity of fuel used are shown only for anthracite and bituminous coal, coke, fuel oils, gasoline and other volatile oils, and gas—natural and manufactured, and represent the quantity used during the year. As only the principal kinds of fuel are shown, comparison as to the total cost of all fuel is impracticable. A comparison, however, of the total quantities of the several kinds of fuel used in 1919 and 1914 is given.

### DELAWARE.

### GENERAL STATISTICS.

General character of the state.—Delaware is one of the original thirteen states. Its gross area is 2,370 square miles, of which 1,965 represent land surface. The inhabitants of the state in 1900 numbered 184,735; in 1910, 202,322; and in 1920, 223,003. Delaware ranked forty-sixth in population and forty-seventh in area among the states in 1920, and, with 113.5 inhabitants per square mile, tenth in density of population. The Delaware River and Atlantic Ocean, which form the eastern boundary of the state, afford excellent shipping facilities. In addition, the canal connections with Chesapeake Bay are an important factor in the transportation system of the state.

In 1920 Wilmington was the only city in the state having more than 10,000 inhabitants. The population of this city in 1920 was 110,168, 49.4 per cent of the total for the state, while of the value of manufactured products in 1919, 73.3 per cent was reported by the city.

Importance and growth of manufactures (Table 1).—The abnormal increases in wages, cost of materials, and the value of products being largely due to a change in industrial conditions produced by the World War, the statistics for these items presented in Table 1 can not be used to measure the growth of manufactures between the industrial censuses 1914 and 1919. However, a comparison of the number of persons engaged and the horsepower used in 1919 and 1914 shows a considerable increase in the manufacturing activities of the state. The addition of the Federal income tax since 1914 will account for the great increase shown in "rent and taxes."

Statistics for the state, by counties (Table 2).—Figures are not available for a comparison of county totals for other censuses with those for 1919. The statistics for this census, however, emphasize the importance of New Castle County, which reported 88.7 per cent of the total number of wage earners and 92.2 per cent of the total value of products for the state. Wilmington, the only city in Delaware with a population of more than 10,000, is located in this county.

Principal industries, ranked by value of products (Table 3).—The ranking of industries by value of products is often misleading as to their real importance from a manufacturing standpoint. The slaughtering and meat-packing industry, for instance, which ranked eighth in value of products, ranked seven-

teenth in number of wage earners and fifteenth in value added by manufacture.

Persons engaged in manufacturing industries (Table 4).—The age classification of the average number of wage earners in this and other tables is an estimate obtained by the method described in the "Explanation of terms." The classification by sex for 1919 was reported separately, but for 1914 and 1909 was obtained in the same manner as the distribution by age. Figures for individual industries will be found in Table 27.

Average number of wage earners for selected industries (Table 5).—The industries covered by this table are those which employed 100 or more wage earners in 1919 and for which statistics can be shown without the possibility of disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

Average number of wage earners, by sex and age, and value of products, for Wilmington (Table 6).—The proportion which females 16 years of age and over formed of the total number of wage earners in 1919 was less for Wilmington (12.7 per cent) than for the state (14.8 per cent). This was due to the fruit and vegetable canneries, which employed a large number of females, being located outside the city.

Wage earners, by months (Table 7).—The statistics for wage earners in this table are intended to show the steadiness of employment, or the reverse, in accordance with the conditions as they existed during the several census years. The variation in the number employed in August, September, and October is due to the seasonal character of the canning industry, which is important in the state.

Wage earners, by months, for selected industries and Wilmington (Table 8).—In addition to the number employed by months, similar data are given for males and females for all industries combined and for Wilmington, the only city in the state of 10,000 inhabitants or more, in 1920. The table also shows the number of female wage earners for industries in the state in which females predominated or which employed a large number of females.

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 9).—Since 1914 there has been a marked shortening of the working day in Delaware. In that year only 5.7 per cent of the wage earners were included in the group "48 and under," as against 55.5 per cent in 1919. On the other

hand, in 1914 the "60" and "over 60" groups constituted 19.9 per cent of the total wage earners, as against 12.4 per cent in 1919.

Size of establishments, by average number of wage earners, for selected industries (Table 10).—The predominance of the number of small establishments, when based on the number of wage earners employed, is evidenced in this table by the fact that of the total number of establishments in the state, 93 per cent were in the several classes having less than 101 wage earners, while such establishments employed but 22.5 per cent of the total number of wage earners.

Size of establishments, by value of products (Table 11).—At the censuses of 1909 and 1914 establishments with products valued at \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 constituted one group, but at the census of 1919 this group was subdivided into "\$100,000 to \$500,000" and "\$500,000 to \$1,000,000." Separate figures for the number of establishments and value of products have been compiled, however, from the returns for 1914. The table, therefore, gives combined figures for these two groups for all items for 1909, and for the average number of wage earners and value added by manufacture for 1914.

Size of establishments, by value of products, for selected industries (Table 12).—In the preparation of this table it was necessary in several instances to combine the establishments of one group with those of some other group to avoid the possibility of disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

Size of establishments, by value of products, for Wilmington (Table 13).—This table very strikingly illustrates the fact that the number of establishments of itself is no real index of manufacturing activities.

Character of ownership (Table 14).—The marked tendency toward the corporate form of ownership in

the state and Wilmington is shown in this table by the increased proportions which the average number of wage earners and value of products reported by this group formed of the total.

Manufactures in cities of 10,000 inhabitants or more (Table 15).—This table shows the increasing importance of the manufactures in Wilmington in 1919 as compared with prior censuses.

Principal industries in Wilmington, with per cent of total for the state (Table 16).—This table includes all industries in Wilmington having products of \$500,000 and over for which figures can be shown without disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

It is deemed of first importance to present the statistics for the state as a whole for all industries which can be shown without disclosing the operations of individual establishments. In so doing, however, it sometimes happens that quite important industries can not be shown in the city, since to do so might disclose the operations of establishments located outside, by the simple deduction of the totals shown for the industry in the city from that given in the detailed state table.

Number and horsepower of types of prime movers (Table 17).—The continued decrease in the proportion of owned horsepower and increase in that of rented (electric) power is noticeable. Although each kind of power shows an increase from 1914 to 1919, that for owned was 20.5 per cent, as compared with 97.8 per cent for rented.

Fuel consumed (Table 18).—This table shows the total quantities of the principal kinds of fuel used by manufacturing plants in the state in 1919 and 1914 and the city of Wilmington in 1919. It also gives separately for 1919 the amounts consumed by a number of important industries which use considerable quantities of fuel.

TABLE 1.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY: 1919, 1914, 1909, 1904, AND 1899.

		MANUFA	CTURING INDU	STRIES.		PER CENT OF INCREASE,					
	1919	1914	1909	1904	1899	1914- 1919	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904		
Number of establishments	668	808	726	631	633	-17.3	11.3	15.1	-0.		
Persons engaged Proprietors and firm members Salaried employees Wage earners (average number)	32,972 593 3,344 29,035	25,533 735 2,643 22,155	23,984 722 2,024 21,238	20,567 641 1,451 18,475	(2) (2) 1,189 20,562	29.1 19.3 26.5 31.1	6. 5 1. 8 30. 6 4. 3	16.6 12.6 39.5 15.0	22.0 -10.		
Primary horsepower	85,150 \$148,207,598	64,403 \$69,323,927	52,779 \$60,905,671	49,490 \$50,925,630	40,134 \$38,791,402	32.2 113.8	22.0 13.8	6.6 19.6	31.		
Salaries and wages. Salaries. Wages.	44,974,387 7,709,068 37,265,319	14,781,728 3,399,568 11,382,160	12,617,925 2,322,329 10,295,596	9,787,454 1,629,251 8,158,203	9,793,966 1,336,968 8,457,003	204.3 126.8 227.4	17.1 46.4 10.6	28. 9 42. 5 26. 2	21. -3.		
Paid for contract work. Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Value of products. Value added by manufacture	324,714 7,735,597 85,432,933 165,073,009 79,640,076	113,869 702,252 31,649,265 56,034,966 24,385,701	95,087 438,203 30,937,801 52,839,619 21,901,818	128,256 1207,486 24,883,806 41,160,276 16,276,470	(2) (2) 24,725,317 41,321,061 16,595,744	185.2 1,001.5 169.9 194.6 226.6	19.8 60.3 2.3 6.0 11.3	-25.9 24.3 28.4 34.6	0 -0		

<sup>1</sup> A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Figures not available.

<sup>\*</sup> Exclusive of internal revenue.

<sup>4</sup> Value of products less cost of materials.

### TABLE 2.—STATISTICS FOR THE STATE, BY COUNTIES: 1919.

	Num- ber of	WAGE	CARNERS.	- -	<b></b>	77.)	Value	Pri-
COUNTY.		Average number.	Wages.	Rent and taxes.	Cost of materials.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	mary horse- power.
The state	668	29,035	\$37,265,319	\$7,735,597	\$85,482,983	\$165,073,009	\$79,640,076	85,150
Kent New Castle Sussex	108 357 203	1,043 25,751 2,241	808, 163 35, 019, 339 1, 437, 817	87,239 7,558,541 89,817	3,281,326 77,725,287 4,426,320	5, 086, 966 152, 272, 331 7, 713, 712	1,805,640 74,547,044 3,287,892	3,264 74,818 7,068

TABLE 3.—PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES, RANKED BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1919.

	nts.	WAG EARN		VALUE PRODU		VAI ADDE MANU TUI	D BY JFAC-		its.	WA EARN		VALUI PRODU		VAL ADDEI MANU TUI	D BY
INDUSTRY.	Number of establishments.	Average number.	Per cent distribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent distribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands),	Per cent distribution.	industry.	Number of establishments.	Average number.	Per cent distribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent distribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent distribution.
All industries	668	29,035	100.0	<b>\$165, 073</b>	100.0	\$79,640	100.0	Printing and publishing, newspa- pers and periodicals	33	281	1.0	\$1,081	0.6	\$796	1.0
Leather, tanned, curried, and fin- ishedPulp goodsCars and general shop construction	18 10	4,251 1,485	14.6 5.1	50, 138 9, 385	30.4 5.7	21, 797 5, 540	27.4 7.0	Gas, illuminating and heating Pickles, preserves, and sauces Furnishing goods, men's	7 8 7	· 145 149 166	0.5 0.5 0.6	1,053 879 849	0.6 0.5 0.5	604 494 302	0.8 0.6 0.4
and repairs by steam-railroad com- panies.  Iron and steel, steel works and roll- ing mills.	, 5 6	3,223 1,009	11.1 3.5	7, 687 7, 115	4.6 4.3	4,771 3,253	6.0 4.1	Liquors, malt, including cereal bov- erages. Confectionery and ice cream. Ice, manufactured	24 17	96 98 131	0.3 0.3 0.5	813 666 660	0.5 0.4 0.4	586 236 380	0.7 0.3 0.5
Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables. Paper and wood pulp Foundry and machine-shop products Slaughtering and meat packing	70 5 17 15	1,310 683 878 117	4.5 2.4 3.0 0.4	4,705 4,573 3,930 3,285	2.9 2.8 2.4 2.0	1,468 1,344 2,285 426	1.8 1.7 2.0 0.5	Fertilizers Butter Oil, not elsewhere specified. Boxes, wooden packing, except eigar	7 6 3	41 32 106	0.1 0.1 0.4	630 570 531	0.4 0.3 0.3	120 54 156	0.2 0.1 0.2
Bread and other bakery products. Flour-mill and gristmill products. Tobacco, cigars Lumber and timber products	47 58 11 75	312 95 303 420	1.1 0.3 1.0 1.5	2,504 2,056 1,101 1,091	1.5 1.2 0.7 0.7	887 390 564 625	1.1 0.5 0.7 0.8	boxes Printing and publishing, book and job Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work All other industries*.	7 23 11 176	89 62	0.8 0.3 0.2 45.9	353 255 58,722	0.3 0.2 0.2 35.6	276 220 161 31,905	0.3 0.2 40.0

<sup>\*</sup>Among the industries for which statistics can not be shown separately without the possibility of disclosing individual operations are a number having products in excess of some for which figures are shown in the table. Of these industries the most important are the following: Belting and hose, rubber; cars, steam-railroad, not including the operations of railroad companies; dyeing and finishing textiles; machine tools; paints; plumbers' supplies; shipbuilding, steel; steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus; sulphurio, nitric, and mixed acids; and tobacco, snuff.

TABLE 4.—PERSONS ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

CLASS.	Cen-	Total.	Male,	Fe-		CENT OTAL.	CLASS.		Total.	Male.	Fe-	PER OF TO	
CDADS.	sus year.	Total.	Maie.	male.	Male.	Fe- male.	ULASS.	sus year.		Maie.	male.	Male.	Fc- male.
All classes	1919 1914 1909	32, 972 25, 533 23, 984	27, 820 20, 813 19, 972	5, 152 4, 720 4, 012	84. 4 81. 5 83. 3	15. 6 18. 5 16. 7	Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees.	1919 1914 1909	2, 196 1, 845 1, 358	1,388 1,399 1,111	808 446 247	63. 2 75. 8 81. 8	36. 8 24. 2 18. 2
Proprietors and officials	1919 1914 1909	1,741 1,583 1,388	1,688 1,493 1,356	53 40 32	97, 0 97, 4 97, 7	3. 0 2, 6 2, 3	Wage earners (average number)	1919 1914	29, 035 22, 155	24, 744 17, 921	4, 291 4, 234 3, 733	85. 2 80. 9	14.8 19.1
Proprietors and firm members	1914 1909	593 735 722	577 711 701	16 24 21	97.3 96.7 97.1	2,7 3, 3 2, 9	16 years of age and over	1909 1919 1914	21, 238 28, 781 21, 776	24, 626 17, 744	3, 733 4, 155 4, 032	82. 4 85. 6 81. 5	17. 6 14. 4 18. 5
Salaried officers of corporations	1914 1909	325 311 240	312 300 235	13 11 5	96. 0 96. 5 97. 9	4. 0 3. 5 2. 1	Under 16 years of age	1909 1919 1914	20, 709 254 379	17, 205 118 177	3, 504 136 202	83. 1 46. 5 46. 7	16. 9 53. 5 53. 3
Superintendents and managers	1919 1914 1909	823 487 426	799 482 420	24 5 6	97.1 99.0 98.6	2.9 1.0 1.4		1909	529	300	229	56.7	43.3

Table 5.—AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES, WITH PER CENT, BY SEX AND AGE: 1919 AND 1914.

								11			=
Page of the Control o			PER CE	NT OF TO	OTAL.			Wage	PER CEN	T OF TO	PAL.
INDUSTRY.	Cen-	age	16 years	of age	Un- der 16	INDUSTRY.	Cen- sus year.	(aver- age num- ber).	16 years and o		Un- der 16 years
	Jean.	num- ber).	Male.	Female.	years of age.				Male.	Female.	of age.
All industries	1919	29, 035 22, 155	84, 8 80, 1	14.3 18.2	0.9	Leather, tanned, curried, and finished	1019 1914	4, 251 2, 382	70.7 72.1	27. 9 27. 5	1, 3 0, 5
	1914 1909	21, 238	81.0	16, 5	2.5	Lumber and timber products	1919 1914	420 442	99. 5 100. 0		0.5
Boxes, wooden packing, except cigar boxes	1919 1914	230 295	98. 3 97. 3	1. 7 2. 7		Oil, not elsewhere specified	1919	106 138	100.0 100.0		
Bread and other bakery products	1919 1914	312 257	83. 0 85. 6	15. 1 13. 2	1.9	Paper and wood pulp	. 1919 1914	683 591	91. 2 88. 2	8. 8 11. 7	0.2
Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables.	1919 1914	1,310 1,800	44, 8 33, 7	55. 0 59. 2	0. 2 7. 1	Pickles, preserves, and sauces	. 1919	149 28	54. 4 78. 6	45.6 21,4	
Cars and general shop construction and re- pairs by steam-railroad companies.	1919 1914	3, 223 2, 059	96. 4 100. 0	3. 4	0.2	Printing and publishing, newspapers and	1919 1914		81. 9 85. 7	16.7 11.8	1.4
Foundry and machine-shop products	. 1919 1914	878 1,888	97. 4 98. 2	2. 4 0. 7	0.2	periodicals. Pulp goods	1919	1, 485	1	9.2	0.5
Furnishing goods, men's	- 1919 1914		11. 4 10. 3		12. 0 0. 8		1914	117	96.6	3.4	1
Gas, illuminating and heating	- 1919 1914		99. 3 100. 0			Tobacco, cigars	1914	303	10.9		
Ice, manufactured	1919	131	100. 0 99. 3	0.7			1013	432	16.4	79, 4	4,2
Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	1 -0	1,009	100.0			All other industries	1916				

TABLE 6.—AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY SEX AND AGE, AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR WILMINGTON: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

	1919	1914	1909
Wage earners (average number).  16 years of age and over  Males Females.  Under 16 years of age  Value of products	2,712 236	15,048 14,822 12,399 2,423 226 \$39,402,563	14,663 14,469 12,463 2,006 104 \$38,069,383

TABLE 7.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

	1	UMBER.1		PER CEN	T OF MA	XIMUM.		1	NUMBER.1		PER CENT OF MAXIMUM			
MONTH.	1919	919 1914 1909 191		1919	1914	1909	MONTH.	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	
January. February. March. April. May. June.	26, 898 25, 399	21, 485 21, 304 21, 861 21, 776 21, 908 22, 834	19, 220 19, 470 19, 168 19, 366 19, 237 20, 480	84. 4 80. 4 76. 0 76. 9 81, 1 86. 1	75. 7 75. 1 77. 1 76. 8 77. 2 80. 5	72. 9 73. 8 72. 7 73. 4 72. 9 77. 6	July August September October November December	28, 124 32, 821 33, 438 32, 185 29, 715 20, 953	21, 418 24, 134 28,364 23, 667 18, 922 18, 187	19, 572 24, 331 26, 376 23, 623 21, 557 22, 452	84, 1 98, 2 100, 0 96, 3 88, 9 89, 6	75. 5 85. 1 100. 0 83. 4 66. 7 64. 1	74. 2 92. 2 100, 0 89. 6 81. 7 85. 1	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The figures represent the number employed on the 15th of each month or the nearest representative day. Maximum number indicated by bold-faced figures, minimum by *Italic* figures.

Table 8.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND WILMINGTON: 1919. [The month of maximum employment for each industry is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by italic figures.]

	Aver-	NU	MBER E	MPLOYED	ON 15T	H DAY O	F THE M	ONTH O	R NEARE	ST REPR	ESENTAT	IVE DAY.	. 13. I	Per
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	age num- ber em- ployed during year.	Janu- ary.	Febru- ary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Sep- tember.	Octo- ber.	Novem- ber.	ber.	mini- mum is of maxi- mum.
All industries Males. Females	29, 035 24, 744 4, 291	28, 236 24, 827 3, 409	26, 898 23, 654 3, 244	25, 399 22, 288 3, 111	25, 728 22, 566 3, 162	27, 117 23, 592 3, 525	28, 806 24, 544 4, 262	28, 124 24, 221 3, 903	32, 821 26, 634 6, 187	33, 438 26, 652 6, 786	32, 185 26, 513 5, 672	29,715 25,528 4,187	29, 953 25, 909 4, 044	76,0 83,6 45,8
Boxes, wooden packing, except cigar boxes Bread and other bakery products. Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables Cars and general shop construction and repairs by	ا صده ا.	239 312 377	239 300 303	252 309 £55	254 288 262	239 297 346	224 309 1,880	235 316 383	229 332 3, 924	194 330 <b>4,324</b>	198 321 2,786	213 314 613	244 316 289	76.4 86.7 1 5.4 80.1
steam-railroad companies	. 0,220	3,352	3, 134	2, 884	2,923	3, 048	2,960	3, 203	3, 184	3, 416	3,520	3, 451	3,601	69.7
Foundry and machine-shop products. Furnishing goods, men's. Gas, illuminating and heating. Ice, manufactured. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	145	841 150 135 75 1,746	809 150 142 76 1,478	784 167 141 76 1, 025	775 178 150 118 725	791 185 183 153 768	771 168 143 178 564	806 160 159 202 834	890 166 160 213 835	931 156 137 176 975	1,010 157 150 135 1,075	1,022 172 149 90 993	1,106 183 141 80 1,090	81.1 83.1 35.2
Hot did proof mot while it is	•		1	Seasona?	l industr	у.		•						

TABLE 8.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND WILMINGTON: 1919—Continued.

[The month of maximum employment for each industry is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by titalic figures.]

· .	Aver-	N	UMBER I	EMPLOYE	D ON 15	TH DAY	OF THE	моитн (	OR NEAR	est Rep	RESENT	TIVE DA	Υ.	Per
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	num- ber em- ployed during year.	Janu- ary.	Febru- ary.	March.	April.	Мау.	June.	July.	August.	Sep- tember.	Octo- ber.	Novem- ber.	Decem- ber.	mini- mum is of maxi- mum.
Leather, tanned, curried, and finished. Lumber and timber products Oil, not elsewhere specified. Paper and wood pulp Pickles, preserves, and sauces.	4, 251	2, 681	2, 390	2, 526	3, 093	3,573	4, 297	5, 023	5, 328	5, 566	5, 494	5, 540	5, 501	42.9
	420	423	479	559	431	374	817	331	344	328	410	471	573	55.3
	106	5	5	5	6	6	206	208	208	205	205	207	6	2.4
	683	705	675	691	692	669	650	655	663	707	708	718	663	90.5
	149	78	87	45	65	148	194	196	141	416	324	82	62	1 8.9
Printingand publishing, newspapers and periodicals Pulp goods. Slaughtering and meat packing Tobacco, digurs. All other industries	281 1, 485 117 303 13, 836	264 1,403 116 278 15,056	268 1, 401 114 302 14, 596	276 1,886 112 295 13,633	1, 388 107 285 13, 707	284 1, 423 99 276 14, 305	277 1, 441 104 213 13, 910	278 1, 449 116 311 18, 259	279 1,502 121 326 13,976	280 1,533 115 320 13,320	290 1,592 122 336 13,352	293 1, 634 139 340 18, 274	293 1, 668 139 354 13, 644	90.1 83.1 71.2 60.2 88.1
Industries showing large proportion of females.  Canning and preserving, fruits and vegotables.  Furnishing goods, men's  Leather, tanned, curried, and finished  Pulp goods.  Tobacco, cigars.	722	184	151	86	86	126	724	108	2, 314	2,744	1,741	293	107	1 3. 1
	142	124	126	143	155	162	145	137	143	133	134	149	153	76. 5
	1,212	853	757	767	889	1,060	1, 234	1, 383	1, 446	1,524	1,538	1,556	<b>1,</b> 557	47. 3
	138	141	141	136	181	136	137	133	132	140	140	145	144	90. 3
	270	246	268	261	254	246	185	279	293	286	298	306	318	58. 2
WILMINGTON. Males. Females.	21, 420	21, 167	20, 217	19, 420	20, 090	21, 255	21, 266	21, 729	22, 619	22, 350	22, 297	22, 094	22, 536	85. 9
	18, 583	18, 649	17, 822	17, 105	17, 685	18, 588	18, 465	18, 670	19, 457	19, 164	19, 175	18, 911	19, 305	87. 9
	2, 837	2, 518	2, 395	2, 315	2, 405	2, 667	2, 801	3, 059	3, 162	3, 186	3, 122	3, 183	3, 231	71. 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Seasonal industry.

Table 9.—AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND WILMINGTON: 1919 AND 1914.

	<u> </u>		1	grant of the state						
	Census		IN :	ESTABLISHI	MENTS WH		REVAILING E WERE—	HOURS O	F LABOR P	ER
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	year.	Total.	44 and under.	Between 44 and 48.	48.1	Between 48 and 54.	54.	Between 54 and 60.	60.	Over 60.
All industries.	1919 1914 1909	29, 035 22, 155 21, 238	8,288 (2) (2)	1,863 (2) (2)	5,968 1,263 960	3,214 <sup>7</sup> 2,050 736	3,842 8,444 6,905	2,274 6,000 5,855	2,490 4,033 5,824	1,096 365 958
Boxes, wooden packing, except cigar boxes	1919 1914	230 295				12	122 22	155 216	41 53	
Bread and other bakery products.	1919 1914	312 257	(2)	(2)	26 13	135 6	37 59	9 15	91 142	$\frac{4}{22}$
Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables	1919 1914	1,310 1,800	104	(2)	51 <b>166</b>	14 90	$\frac{24}{256}$	420 268	685 991	29
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	1919 1914	3, 223 2, 059	(2)	(2)	2,916 38		2,021	307		••••••
Foundry and machine-shop products	1919 1914	878 1,888	(3)	(2)	99 341	375 80	372 1,421	5 43	22 3	
Furnishing goods, men's	1919 1914	166 234	11			155	•••••	234		
Gas, illuminating and heating	1919 1914	145 125	(2)	(2)	1			130	8 118	6 3
Ice, manufactured	1919 1914	131 151			4		8	71	4 24	$\frac{44}{127}$
Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills	1919 1914	1,009 818	(2)	(1)	337	295 242		270 239		444
Leather, tanned, curried, and finished	1919 1914	4, 251 2, 382	1,468	1,779	800	143 1,093	36	61 324	929	
Lumber and timber products	1919 1914	420 442	(3) 7	(2) 3	7 12	7 59	134 41	80 182	182 148	
Oil, not elsewhere specified	1919 1914	106 138	6			4	i		100 133	
Paper and wood pulp	1919 1914	683 591			100			2 3	474	581 114
Pickles, preserves, and sauces	1919 1914	149 28	10		4	12		8	115 28	
Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals	1919 1914	281 238	(1)	(2)	256 120	6 77	6 15	. 8 21	1 5	
Pulp goods	1919 1914	1,485 892				369	934 299	182 474	119	
Slaughtering and meat packing	1919 1914	117 125	4			42	3 4	60 46	4 71	4
Tobacco, cigars	1919 1914	303 432	(1)	(2)	9 15	107	73 71	199 237	<u>2</u>	
All other industries.	1919 1914	13, 836 9, 260	6,658 (²)	(2) 48	1,695 220	1,649 288	2, 129 4, 195	407 3,698	1, 237 793	13 66
Wilmington	1919 1914	21,420 15,048	7,897 ( <sup>2</sup> )	1,820 ( <sup>2</sup> )	5,501 882	1,245 1,445	2, 434 7, 311	1,016 3,432	1,046 1,855	461 123

<sup>1</sup> Includes 48 and under for 1914 and 1909.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Corresponding figures not available.

Table 10.—Size of establishments, by average number of wage earners, for selected industries and wilmington: 1919.

	то	TAL.						]	ESTABLI	SHME	NTS EM	LOYII	NG—	,					
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ents.	earners (average number).	No wage earn- ers.			ear	o 20 age ners, isive.	ear	to 50 age ners, usive.	ear	o 100 age ners, usive.	ear	to 250 age ners, usive.	ear inel	to 500 age ners, usive.	ear	o 1,000 ago ners, isive.	1 "	or 1,000 vage rners.
	Establishments	Wage carnel numl	Establish- ments.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage еатпетs.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wаде еагпегя.
Allindustries	668	29,035	67	338	776	126	1,458	58	1,882	32	2,404	29	4,416	8	2,524	5	3,410	5	12,165
Boxes, wooden packing, except eigar boxes. Bread and other bakery products. Canning and proserving fruits and vegetables. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by Steam-railroad companies	7 47 70	230 312 1,310	 8 1	1 31 18	1 66 65	1 4 39	12 34 519	3 2 7	95 61 187 83	2 2 3	122 151 217 58	 2	322 167						
repairs by Steam-railroad companies.  Foundry and machine-shop products.  Furnishing goods, men's.  Gas, illuminating and heating  Ice, manufactured.  Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills	17	3,228 878 166 145 131 1,009	2	6 5 14	19 9 37	2 3 1 2	33 38 6 24	1 3	25 76 40	1 1 1	265 52 70 80	1 1 3	215 130 445	1	321			1	2,915
Leather, tanned, curried, and finished	3	4,251 420 106 683 149	1	57 2 1 4	95 6 2 12	3 14 3	25 147 27	4 2	139 48	6	476 100 100	1 1 2 1	108 130 297 110	1	377 284	2	1,347	1	1,779
Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals. Pulp goods. Slaughtering and meat packing. Tobacco, cicars. All other industries.	1 15	281 1,485 117 303 13,836	8 1 3 43	16 12 5 166	39 25 12 388	4 3 1 46	29 46 19 499	4 1 28	153 33 942	1 1 1 0	59 73 521	5 1 10	893 199 1,400	22	546	3	2,063	3	7,471
WILMINGTON	262	21,420	24	125	322	40	453	24	824	22	1,610	13	1,915	5	1,533	4	2,598	5	12,165

TABLE 11.—SIZE OF ESTABLISHMENTS, BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

VALUE OF PRODUCT.		UMBER C		AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS.			VAL	UE OF PRODU	CTS.	VALUE ADDED BY MANUFACTURE.			
	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	
All classes	668	808	726	29,035	22,155	21,238	\$165,073,009	\$56,034,966	\$52,839,019	\$79,040,076	\$24,385,701	\$21,901,818	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000. \$600,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over.	123 228 183 78 26 30	251 298 170 65 16 8	213 258 170 78 7	125 736 1,902 3,475 2,984 19,813	462 1,782 2,910 } 9,953 7,048	479 1,901 3,298 8,506 6,994	$\begin{array}{c} 333,100 \\ 2,472,718 \\ 8,099,775 \\ \left\{\begin{array}{c} 17,672,745 \\ 19,385,327 \\ 117,109,344 \end{array}\right.$	610,251 2,961,338 7,000,219 16,345,022 10,962,228 18,155,908	559,530 2,748,180 6,981,337 } 25,657,760 16,892,803	185,821 1,158,042 3,175,441 8,004,438 8,469,010 58,645,824	367,387 1,358,353 2,545,850 } 12,071,786 8,042,316	335,302 1,346,466 2,674,038 10,076,057 7,469,955	
		<del></del>					PER CENT DI	TRIBUTION.					
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000. \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	27.4	31. 1 36. 9 21. 0 8. 0 2. 0 1. 0	29. 3 35. 5 23. 4 10. 7 1. 0	0. 4 2. 5 6. 6 12. 0 10. 3 68, 2	2.1 8.0 13.1 44.9 31.8	2, 3 9, 0 15, 5 40, 3 32, 9	0, 2 1. 5 4. 9 10. 7 11. 7 70. 9	1. 1 5. 3 12. 5 20. 2 19. 6 32. 4	1. 1 5. 2 13. 2 48. 6 32, 0	0. 2 1. 5 4. 0 10. 1 10. 6 73. 6	1, 5 5, 6 10, 4 49, 5 33, 0	1.5 6.1 12.2 46.0 34.1	

TABLE 12.—SIZE OF ESTABLISHMENTS, BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919 AND 1914.

	ES		IBER OI			ERAGE 1			VAI	LUE OF PROI	OUCTS.		VALUE AL	DDED BY MA	NUFACT	URE.
INDUSTRY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1919	1914	distrit	cent oution.	1919	1914		cent oution.	1919	1914		cent oution.	1919	1914	Per distrib	
			1919	1914			1919	1914			1919	1914			1919	1914
Bread and other bakery products	47	67	100.0	100.0	312	257	100.0	100.0	\$2,501,100	\$953,936	100.0	100:0	\$887,086	\$332,413	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over	5 23 15 4	22 32 113	10.6 48.9 31.9 8.5	32.8 47.8 19.4	36 64 212	14 90 1153	11.5 20.5 67.9	5. 4 35. 0 59. 5	8, 134 298, 575 573, 450 1, 623, 932	54,434 276,212 1 623,290	0.3 11.9 22.9 64.9	5.7 29.0 65.3	2,828 105,100 231,725 547,433	22,832 108,748 1200,833	0.3 11.8 26.1 61.7	6.9 32.7 60.4
CANNING AND PRESERVING, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES	70	94	100.0	100.0	1,310	1,800	100.0	100.0	4,705,378	3,164,348	100.0	100.0	1,468,179	919, 251	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over	23 29 10	5 43 42 4	11.4 32.9 41.4 14.3	5.3 45.7 44.7 4.3	25 197 461 627	9 383 868 540	1.9 15.0 35.2 47.9	0, 5 21, 3 48, 2 30, 0	21,324 272,057 1,329,227 3,082,770	10,365 535,832 1,634,527 983,624	0.5 5.8 28.2 65.5	0.3 16.9 51.7 31.1	22,758 56,765 389,611 1,021,561	3,001 130,213 471,030 315,007	3.9 26.5 69.8	0.3 14.2 51.2 34.3
FLOUR-MILL AND GRISTMILL PRODUCTS.	56	60	100.0	100.0	95	127	100.0	100.0	2,055,735	1,483,410	100.0	100.0	390,848	280,810	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000	7 21 23 5	10 29 1 21	12.5 37.5 41.1 8.9	16.7 18.3 35.0	11 46 38	37 1 86	11.6 48.4 40.0	3.1 29.1 67.7	20,380 232,113 892,619 910,623	29,241 320,256 11,133,913	1.0 11.3 43.4 44.3	2.0 21.6 76.4	3,565 45,734 176,585 164,459	8,255 44,657 1 227,898	0.9 11.7 45.2 42.1	2.9 15.9 81.2
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE-SHOP PRODUCTS	17	30	100.0	100.0	878	1,888	100.0	100.0	3,929,938	3,712,775	100.0	100.0	2,281,994	2,043,643	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over	4 3 3 7	9 5 7 9	23.5 17.6 17.6 41.2	30.0 16.7 23.3 30.0	2 13 37 826	10 16 153 1,700	0.2 1.5 4.2 94.1	0.5 0.8 8.1 90.5	11,018 40,685 161,548 3,716,692	20,814 37,570 399,873 3,254,518	0.3 1.0 4.1 94.6	0.6 1.0 10.8 87.6	7,107 26,520 84,196 2,167,171	14,842 27,593 199,899 1,801,309	0.3 1.2 3.7 94.8	0.7 1.4 9.8 88.1
Leather, tanned, curried, and finished	18	20	100.0	100.0	4,251	2,382	100.0	100.0	50,138,251	9, 183, 205	100.0	100.0	21,797,440	2,709,151	100.0	100.0
\$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000. \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over.	4	8 G 5 14	44. 4 22. 2 33. 3	30.0 70.0	4 325 226 3,700	68 62,314	7.6 5.3 87.1	2.9 97.1	1,852,202 2,683,892 45,602,157	231,912 5 8,948,293	3.7 5.4 91.0	2.6 97.4	1,065,389 1,101,629 19,627,422	85,671 52,623,480	4. 9 5. 1 90. 0	3.2 96.8
LUMBER AND TIMBER PROD- UCTS	75	73	100.0	100.0	420	442	100.0	100.0	1,091,240	445,889	100-0	100.0	624, 887	272,682	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000	28 32 1 15	47 21 5	37.3 42.7 20.0	61.4 28.8 6.8	28 81 311	153 181 108	6.7 19.3 74.0	34. 6 41. 0 24. 4	75,230 252,491 763,519	106,819 167,931 171,136	6.9 23.1 70.0	24.0 37.7 38.4	49,654 162,941 412,202	74,400 111,572 86,710	7. 9 26. 1 66. 0	27. 3 40. 9 31. 8
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING, NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODI- CALS	33	34	100.0	100.0	281	238	100.0	100.0	1,080,600	451,108	100.0	100.0	795,730	311,056	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 . \$5,000 to \$20,000 . \$20,000 to \$100,000 . \$100,000 to \$500,000 .	8 4	18 12 14	51.5 24.2 12.1 12.1	52. 0 35. 2 11. 8	20 25 46 190	33 58 147	7.1 8.9 16.4 67.6	13.9 24.4 61.8	48,791 68,311 123,360 840,132	40, 949 106, 178 303, 981	4.5 6.3 11.4 77.7	9. 1 23. 5 67. 4	38, 490 47, 834 76, 915 632, 491	30,221 86,014 194,821	4.8 6.0 9.7 79.5	9. 7 27. 7 62. 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes the group "\$100,000 to \$500,000."
<sup>2</sup> Loss.
<sup>3</sup> Includes the group "\$5,000 to \$20,000."

TABLE 13.—SIZE OF ESTABLISHMENTS, BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR WILMINGTON: 1919.

	Num- ber of	WAGE E.	ARNERS.	VALUE OF PRO	oducts.	VALUE ADDE MANUFACTI	
CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	estab- lish- ments.	Average number.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.
Wilmington	262	21,420	100.0	\$121,039,617	100.0	\$60,552,173	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$300,000. \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	71	24 187 607 2,096 1,513 16,993	0.1 0.9 2.8 9.8 7.1 79.3	99, 632 866, 353 3, 217, 581 11, 527, 556 9, 394, 949 95, 933, 446	0.1 0.7 2.7 9.5 7.8 79.3	64,519 480,219 1,490,107 5,745,278 4,505,906 48,266,144	0.1 0.8 2.5 9.5 7.4 79.7

<sup>4</sup> Includes the groups "\$5,000 to \$20,000" and ", \$20,000 to \$100,000." 5 Includes the groups "\$500,000 to \$1,000,000" and "\$1,000,000 and over."

Table 14.—CHARACTER OF OWNERSHIP, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND WILMINGTON: 1919 AND 1914.

		NID	aber (	)F	AVE	RAGE 1	UMBEF	e of w	AGE E.	ARNER	g.		V.	ALUE OF PRO	DUCTS.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	ESTAB	STABLISHMENTS OWNED BY—  In establishments owned by—  Per cent of t		otal.		Ofestabl	lishments own	ned by—	Per cent of total,		otal.						
	year.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.		Total.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.	Total.	Individ- uals.	Corpora- tions.	Åll others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	oth-
All industries	1919 1914 1909	321 439 387	228 240 202	119 129 137	29,035 22,155 21,238	1, 519 2, 274 2, 451	18.298	706 1, 583 3, 214	5. 2 10. 3 11. 5	92. 3 82. 6 73. 3	2. 4 7. 1 15. 1	\$165, 073, 009 56, 034, 966 52, 839, 619	\$9,607,487 5,525,459 6,187,017	\$150, 957, 146 45, 748, 406 36, 071, 988	\$4, 508, 376 4, 766, 101 10, 580, 614	5. 8 9. 9 11. 7	91, 4 81, 6 68, 3	2.7 8.5 20.0
Bread and other bakery products.	1919 1914	37 55	5 6	5 6	312 257	85 146	219 96	8 15	27. 2 56. 8	70. 2 37. 4	2.6 5.8	2, 504, 100 953, 936	671, 914 538, 408	1, 687, 262 355, 688	144, 924 59, 840	26, 8 56, 4	67. 4 37. 3	5.8 6.3
Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables.	1919 1914	28 34	19 27	23 33	1,310 1,800	287 377	724 1,010	299 413	21. 9 20. 9	55.3 56.1	$\frac{22.8}{22.9}$	4, 705, 378 3, 164, 348	629, 277 632, 961	3, 218, 422 1, 825, 402	857, 679 705, 985	13. 4 20. 0	68. 4 57. 7	18.2 22,3
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1919 1914	39 42	4	13 14	95 127	44 57	29 41	22 29	46.3 44.9	30, 5 32, 3	23. 2 22. 8	2, 055, 735 1, 483, 410	1, 079, 019 653, 125	550, 124 511, 249	426, 592 319, 036	52. 5 44. 0	26. 8 34. 5	20.8 21.5
Foundry and machine- shop products.	1919 1914	5 10	12 19	:	878 1,888	9 13	869 11,875		1.0 0.7	99. 0 99. 3		3, 929, 938 3, 712, 775	35, 006 25, 814	3, 894, 932 1 3, 686, 961		0.9 0.7	99.1 99.3	
Leather, tanned, curried, and finished.	1919 1914	3	16 13	2 4	4, 251 2, 382	201	1 4, 251 1, 570	611	8.4	100. 0 65. 9	25. 7	50, 138, 251 9, 183, 205	502, 798	1 50, 138, 251 5, 835, 910	2, 844, 497	5.5	100. 0 63. 5	31.0
Lumber and timber products.	1919 1914	49 54	6 2	20 17	420 442	134 288	212	74 2 154	31.9 65.2	50.5	17.6 34.8	1, 091, 240 445, 889	507, 606 286, 917	399,615	184, 019 2 158, 972	46. 5 64. 3	36.6	16.9 35.7
Printing and publishing, newspapers and peri- odicals.	1919 1914	14 20	13 11	6 3	281 238	37 47	239 185	5 6	13. 2 19. 7	85.1 77.7	1.8 2.5	1, 080, 600 451, 108	102, 864 77, 748	950, 185 365, 376	27, 551 7, 984	9. 5 17. 2	87.9 81.0	2.5 1.8
WILMINGTON	1919 1914	114 160	110 120	38 30	21, 420 15, 048	481 911	20, 695 13, 397	244 740	2.2 6.1	96.6 89.0	1, 1 4, 9	121, 039, 617 39, 402, 563	4, 096, 965 2, 910, 264	114, 363, 952 33, 279, 093	2, 578, 700 3, 213, 206	3.4 7.4		2,1 8,2

<sup>1</sup> Includes the group "All others."

TABLE 15.—MANUFACTURES IN CITIES OF 10,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE: 1920, 1915, AND 1910. [Wilmington, only city in state having 10,000 inhabitants or more.]

[ withington, only city in seate having 10,000 minasteanes of motor.]								
			LOCATION OF ES	TABLISHMENTS.	PER CENT OF TOTA			
	Census year.	Total.	Wilmington.	The state outside of Wilmington.	Wil- mington.	The state outside of Wil-mington.		
Population <sup>1</sup>	1920 1915 1910	223, 003 209, 817 202, 322	110, 168 92, 057 87, 411	112,835 117,760 114,911	49. 4 43. 9 43. 2	50.6 56.1 56.8		
Number of establishments	1919 1914 1909	668 808 726	262 319 261	406 489 465	39, 2 39, 5 36, 0	] 60.5		
Average number of wage carners	1919 1914 1909	29, 035 22, 155 21, 238	21, 420 15, 048 14, 663	7,615 7,107 6,575	73. 8 67. 9 69. 0	32.1		
Value of products	1919 1914 1909	\$165,073,009 56,034,966 52,839,619	\$121, 039, 617 39, 402, 563 38, 069, 383	\$44, 033, 392 16, 632, 403 14, 770, 236	73.3 70.3 72.0	29.7		
Value added by manufacture.	1919 1914 1909	79, 640, 076 24, 385, 701 21, 901, 818	60, 552, 173 17, 262, 003 16, 003, 083	19, 087, 903 7, 123, 698 5, 808, 735	76. 0 70. 8 73. 5	29, 2		

<sup>1</sup> Population of 1920 as of Jan. 1, 1920; 1915, estimated population as of July 1, 1914 (per reports census of manufactures, 1914); 1910, as of Apr. 15, 1910.

TABLE 16.—PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES IN WILMINGTON (THE ONLY CITY IN THE STATE HAVING 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE), WITH PER CENT OF TOTAL FOR STATE: 1919.

	VA	LUE OF	PRODUCTS.			VALUE OF PRODUCTS.				
industry.	Amount.	Per cent of	Increase 1 o	ver 1914.	industry.	.	Per cent of	Increase 1 over 19		
	1919.	for the state.	Amount.	Per cent.		Amount, 1919.	total for the state.	Amount.	Per cent.	
Foundry and machine-shop products Staughtering and meat packing. Bread and other bakery products Tobacco, eigars.	3,003,695	97.1 91.4 88.9 100.0	\$617,913 1,438,618 1,406,127 (2)	19.3 91.9 171.4	Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals Liquors, malt, including cereal beverages. Confectionery and ice cream		82. 9 100. 0 83. 6	550, 974 162, 559 321, 958	159.6 -16.7 137.0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A minus sign (-) denotes decrease,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes the group "Corporations."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Figures not shown, to avoid disclosing individual operations,

TABLE 17.-NUMBER AND HORSEPOWER OF TYPES OF PRIME MOVERS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

	NAMES OF STREET	- Twomps o				HORSEPOWE	R.		
POWER.	NUMBER OF	NUMBER OF ENGINES OR MOTORS.			Amount.		Per co	nt distribut	ion.
	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909
Primary power, total	2,425	1,750	1,345	85,150	64,403	52,779	100.0	100.0	100.0
Owned Steam 1 Engines. Turbines Juternal-combustion engines Water Water whoels and turbines. Water motors.	585 24 91 108 108	890 666 (2) (2) 117 107 98 9	906 681 (2) (2) 78 147 143 4	65,798 50,743 46,648 13,095 1,607 4,448 4,448	54,619 48,207 (2) (2) (2) 1,905 4,507 4,307 200	48,227 42,266 (2) (2) (3) (2) (3) 766 5,195 5,183 12	77. 3 70. 2 54. 8 15. 4 1. 9 5. 2 5. 2	84, 8 74, 8 3, 0 7, 0 6, 7 0, 3	91. 4 80. 1 1. 5 9. 8 9. 8 (3)
Rented	1,617 1,617	860 860	439 439	19,352 19,307 45	9,784 9,705 79	4,552 4,502 50	22.7 22.7 0.1	15. 2 15. 1 0. 1	8, 6 8, 5 0, 1
Electric Rented Generated by establishments reporting	3,280 1,617 1,663	2,373 860 1,513	1,397 439 958	44,528 19,307 25,221	29,544 9,705 10,839	17,910 4,502 13,408	100. 0 43. 4 50. 6	100. 0 32. 8 67. 2	100, 0 25, 1 74, 9

<sup>1</sup> Figures for horsepower include for 1909 the amount reported under the head of "Other" owned power, 2 Not reported separately. 2 Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent,

TABLE 18.—FUEL CONSUMED, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND WILMINGTON: 1919.

	co.	AL.			Gasoline and	Gas, manu-
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Anthracite (tons, 2,240 pounds).	Bituminous (tons, 2,000 pounds).	Coke (tons, 2,000 pounds).	Fuel oils (barrels).	other volatile oils (barrels).	factured (1,000 cubic feet).
All industries	38,185 26,731 42.8	507, 354 330, 907 53. 3	15,712 14,292 9.9	194, 122 64, 951 202, 5	2, 324 (¹) (¹)	80,062 30,745 160.4
Belting and hose, rubber	2,932 650	444 4,956	677	9,542	136 130	4,674 1,228
Brick and tile, sewer pipe and draintile.  Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables.  Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies	644	7,628 26,558 14,158	144 243	11, 173 2, 437	77 10	
Dyeing and finishing textiles. Foundry and machine-shop products. Gas, illuminating and heating.	754 15,173	36,174 16,512 6,301 9,339	2,957	3, 458 77, 004 430	182 1	33,324 1,408
Ice, manufactured. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills	538	101,389 26,939	3,194	15, 454 5, 131	217	1 337
Paints Paper and wood pulp Petroleum, refining Pulp goods.		66, 282	138	10,448 43,947	1	
Pulp goods. Shipbuilding, steel Smelting and refining, not from the ore. Sulphurie, nitrie, and mixed acids.		55,040 34,559 2,192	1,367	1,915	486	29,241
Sulphurie, nitric, and mixed acids. All other industries.	142 4,720	50, 191 37, 862	5,088 1,504	9,585 3,508	1,071	0,840
WILMINGTON.	32,339	249,075	7,438	102,465	940	78,926

<sup>!</sup> Included in figures for fuel oils.

### SPECIAL STATISTICS.

Leather, tanned, curried, and finished (Table 19).— This table shows a great advance in the value of the leather products, which was due to the shortage and demand for leather incident to the emergency of war. "Leather, tanned, curried, and finished," continues to be the leading industry of the state, the 18 establishments reporting 30.4 per cent of the total value of products of all industries in the state in 1919. Upper leather, made chiefly of goatskins by the chrome process, remains the leading product. "All other leather," including fancy, patent, bookbinders', and belting leathers, formed 8.8 per cent of the total value of products for the industry in 1919, as compared with 5 per cent in 1914.

Table 19.—Leather, Tanned, Curried, and Finished: 1919, 1914, and 1909.

	1919	1914	1909
Total value	\$50, 138, 251	\$9, 183, 205	\$12,079,225
Leathor: Goat and kid skins— Number Value	12, 962, 006 \$40, 949, 311	6, 722, 261 \$6, 840, 228	11, 005, 292 \$10, 232, 463
Sheep and lamb skins— Number Value  All other, value	56, 448 \$150, 528 \$4, 420, 100	1,063,789 \$963,458 \$463,635	793, 508 8675, 986 8557, 949
All other products, value Work on materials for others, value	\$1, 021, 623 \$3, 596, 689	\$642, 695 \$273, 189	\$402, 793 \$210, 033

Canning and preserving (Table 20).—" Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables," ranked by value of

products, was the fifth industry in the state, both in 1919 and 1914, but there was great variation in the quantities and values of the several classes of products that composed it. Notwithstanding a decrease of 24 in the number of establishments and a large decrease in the quantity of vegetables canned, the total value of the products of the canning industry shows an increase of 48.2 per cent in 1919 over 1914, due to the increase in price of canned goods during the five-year period. The majority of the establishments that discontinued business in 1919 were engaged primarily in the canning of tomatoes. The quantity and value of this commodity decreased 73.8 per cent and 43.5 per cent, respectively. There was a decided shortage in the tomato crop in 1919 and high prices prevailed. The number of establishments engaged in making pickles, preserves, and sauces increased from three in 1914 to eight in 1919, and the value of products shows a growth of 372.1 per cent. Statistics for canning and preserving fish were excluded for 1919 to avoid disclosing the operations of the single establishment engaged in the industry.

Table 20.—Canning and Preserving: 1919, 1914, and 1909.

	And a second of the second		
	1919	1914	1909
Total value	\$5, 584, 357	1 <b>\$3</b> , 361, 008	<b>\$</b> 2, 105, 945
Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables Pickles, preserves, and sauces	\$4,705,378 \$878,979	1 \$3, 174, 821 \$186, 187	\$2, 105, 945
Canned vegetables, total: Cases	866, 723 \$2, 470, 703	1, 889, 859 <b>\$</b> 2, 763, 780	1, 585, 360 \$2, 049, 074
Cases	348, 109 \$1, 110, 894	1, 326, 275 \$1, 965, 958	1, 262, 635 \$1, 605, 069
Cases. Value. Corn—	\$564, 208	178, 810 \$237, 853	190, 261 \$249, 357
Cases	198,728 \$479,594	215, 280 \$281, 758	94,697 \$138,739
Cases Value Pumpkins—	74, 954 \$258, 790	39, 093 \$59, 458	20, 633 \$28, 675
Cases. Value. All other canned vegetables—	(2)	6, 670 \$7, 626	3, 145 \$4, 546
CasesValue	22, 100 \$57, 217	123, 731 \$211, 127	13, 989 \$22, 688
All other products, including pickles, preserves, sauces, cured fish, and canned fruits,	00.44.55		
value	\$3, 113, 654	\$597, 228	\$56, 871

¹ Includes "Canning and preserving, fish."
² Included with "All other canned vegetables" to avoid disclosure of the operations of individual establishments.

Flour-mill and gristmill products (Table 21).—Notwithstanding the fact that there was a decrease in quantity in each of the several classes of products in 1919, compared with 1914, the total value of all

products shows an increase of 38.6 per cent, due to the high prices ruling in 1919.

Table 21.—Flour-Mill and Gristmill Products (Merchant Mills): 1919, 1914, and 1909.

	1919	1914	1909
Total value	\$2,055,735	\$1, 483, 410	\$1,751,533
Wheat flour: Barrels	110, 494 \$1, 283, 733	157, 852 \$797, 625	174, 224 \$1, 011, 511
Pounds	176, 194 \$9, 310	408, 660 \$11, 969	672,675 \$19,272
BarrelsValueHominy and grits:	53, 470 \$401, 089	67, 790 \$229, 967	77, 399 \$239, 772
Pounds		1, 396, 527 \$24, 792	1, 671, 225 \$30, 286
Tons	5,069 \$288,592	7, 754 \$222, 506	15, 944 \$450, 261
TonsValue	1, 166 \$73, 011	5, 892 \$184, 339	9100, 201
All other products, value		\$12, 212	\$431

Power laundries (Table 22).—Statistics for power laundries are not included in the general tables nor in the totals for manufacturing industries. Table 22, however, summarizes the statistics for such laundries in the state for 1919 and 1914.

TABLE 22.—POWER LAUNDRIES: 1919 AND 1914.

	NUMBER OR	AMOUNT.	Per cent a
	1919	1914	in- crease 1914- 1919.
Number of establishments.  Persons engaged.  Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees  Wage earners (average number).  Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages. Salaries. Wages. Paid for contract work. Ront and taxes. Cost of materials. Amount received for work done.	\$284 334 \$375, 386 234, 919 13, 935 220, 984	12 369 16 27 326 335 \$253, 204 118, 474 26, 296 92, 178 410 5, 293 42, 524 242, 897	-12. -0. 48. 98.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm I}\,{\rm A}$  minus sign (--) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

Dyeing and cleaning (Table 23).—This table shows, for 1919, statistics for dyeing and cleaning establishments that were operated by mechanical power. Statistics for such establishments are not included in the general tables nor in the totals for manufacturing industries for censuses since 1900. This presentation is the first of its kind that has been made since the census statistics were confined to manufacturing

industries as distinguished from the hand trades, household industries, etc.

TABLE 23.—DYEING AND CLEANING: 1919.

	Number or amount.
Number of establishments Persons engaged Proprietors and firm members Salaried employees. Wage carners (average number). Primary horsepower Capital. Salaries and wages Salaries. Wages. Paid for contract work. Ront and taxes Cost of materials Amount received for work done.	2 \$97, 63 30, 61 11, 79 18, 81 20 2, 44 17, 96 73, 83

Custom sawmills and custom gristmills (Tables 24 and 25).—Statistics for custom sawmills and custom gristmills are not included in the general tables nor in the totals for manufacturing industries. Data for custom mills were not collected in 1914. Tables 24 and 25, however, summarize the statistics for such mills for 1919 and 1909. The value of products for custom sawmills represents the amount charged for the work performed and that for custom gristmills the selling value of all grain milled.

TABLE 24.—CUSTOM SAWMILLS: 1919 AND 1909.

- 4	al alle	. 14:		4.7	1919	1909	Per cent
	3000		: " 1		1010		increase.
Persons en Proprie Wage e Primary he Capital Wages Rent and t Cost of mat	establishment gaged tors and firm arners (averagorsepower axes erials oducts	members se numbe	r)		6 20 6 14 105 \$5,450 10,540 128 525 20,231	21 93 26 67 415 \$26,775 11,371 (2) 845 25,605	-60.2 -79.6 -7.3 -37.9 -21.0

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  A minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.  $^2$  Figures not available.

TABLE 25.—CUSTOM GRISTMILLS: 1919 AND 1909.

Number of establishments				
Persons engaged		1919	1909	of
	Persons engaged Proprietors and firm members Wage earners (average number) Capital Wages Rent and taxes	\$9,250 900 732 29,583	\$6,400 (2)	44. 5 88. 0

Percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.
 Figures not available.
 Includes estimate of all grain ground.

## MANUFACTURES—DELAWARE.

### GENERAL TABLES.

Table 26 gives, for 1919, 1914, and 1909, the number of establishments, average number of wage earners, primary horsepower, wages, cost of materials, and value of products for all industries combined and for selected industries in the state and Wilmington, the only city in the state having more than 10,000 inhabitants, Table 27 presents, for 1919, for the state as a whole and Wilmington, statistics in detail for each industry for which figures can be shown without the disclosure of individual operations.

Table 26.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

INDUSTRY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earn- ers (aver- age	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of prod- ucts.	1-		Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earn- ers (aver- age	Pri- mary horso-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of products.	
•	your	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expressed in thousands.		i in ds.			ments.	num- ber).	power.	E	Expressed thousand		
		THE	STAT	E-AL	LIND	USTRI	ES COM	BINED AND SELECTED IND	USTF	RIES.						
All industries	1919 1914 1909	808	29,035 22,155 21,238	64,403	11,382	\$85, 433 31, 649 30, 938	\$165,073 50,035 52,840	Grease and tallow, not includ- ing lubricating greases.	1919 1914 1909	3 3 4	30 22 36	160 28 (²)	\$31 13 21	\$71 42 97	\$144 62 153	
Baskets, and rattan and willow ware.	1919 1914 1909	3 6 10	36 347 420	35 295 540	19 94 92	28 132 109	53 295 295	Ice, manufactured	1919 1914 1909	17 18 15	131 151 71	1,597 1,694 1,028	194 93 31	279 59 49	860 294 153	
Bread and other bakery prod- ucts.	1919 1914 1909	47 67 62	312 257 226	414 263 130	318 140 118	1,617 622 448	2, 504 954 750	Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	1919 1914 1909	6 5 5	1,009 818 710	13, 442 3, 545 4, 912	1, 527 454 416	3,862 932 1,059	7,115 1,669 1,715	
Brick and tile, sewer pipe, and draintile.	1919 1914 1909	11 13 23	85 159 300	661 767 834	98 74 116	73 47 55	223 173 329	Leather, tanned, curried, and finished.	1919 1914 1909		4, 251 2, 382 3, 045	7,977 5,163 4,417	5,812 1,187 1,367	28,341 6,474 8,147	50, 138 9, 183 12, 079	
Butter	1919 1914 1909	6 10 10	32 45 32	186 257 204	29 28 14	516 183 211	570 242 264	Liquors, malt, including cereal beverages.	1919 1914 1909	4 3 5	96 118 107	813 630 463	121 107 84	227 261 241	813 975 791	
Canning and preserving 1	1919 1914 1909	78 100 77	1,459 1,831 1,369	2,967 3,003 1,725	823 470 273	3,622 2,358 1,553	5,584 3,361 2,106	Lumber and timber products 4	1919 1914 1909	90 102 116	701 786 1,174	3,393 3,237 3,767	477 253 330	731 345 608	1,716 829 1,312	
Carriages and wagons, including repairs.	1919 1914	28 28	15 118	29 181	22 67	23 68	72 197	Marble and stone work	1919 1914 1909	14 13 7	43 51 42	71 52 51	45 31 27	133 54 35	230 113 86	
Cars and general shop construc- tion and repairs by steam- railroad companies.	1919 1914 1909	5 3 3	3, 223 2, 059 1, 525	2,515 2,820 1,835	4, 108 1, 524 1, 147	2,916 1,764 1,943	7,687 3,551 3,251	Mineral and soda waters	1919 1914 1909	12 14 10	29 31 27	55 27 (8)	32 17 16	115 47 32	220 92 86	
Confectionery and ice cream	1919 1914	24 28	98 70	168 139	88 30	430 169	666 285	Oil, not elsewhere specified	1919 1914	3 5	106 138	129 745	59 40	375 338	531	
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work	1919 1914 1909	11 7 4	62 42 21	8 12 (2)	83 28 16	95 35 17	255 89 45	Paper and wood pulp	1919 1914 1909	5 7 6	683 591 540	5, 120 5, 954 4, 318	793 327 310	3, 230 1, 753 1, 587	4,573 2,484 2,292	
Fertilizers	1919 1914 1909	7 9 10	41 64 134	225 295 805	28 28 52	510 382 452	630 510 860	Printing and publishing	1919 1914 1909	56 54 48	370 360 288	457 420 305	390 198 129	417 211 138	1,433 676 480	
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1919 1914 1909	56 60 65	95 127 139	2,736 3,287 3,349	95 59 57	1,665 1,203 1,500	2,056 1,483 1,752	Pulp goods	1919 1914 1909	10 8 4	1,485 892 359	5, 154 3, 402 1, 087	1,752 486 175	3,846 1,028 581	9,385 2,145 1,032	
Foundry and machine-shop products.	1919 1914 1909	42 51 37	1,698 2,522 2,210	5, 143 8, 527 4, 270	2,490 1,505 1,247	4, 180 3, 142 2, 402	9,981 6,120 4,781	Shirts	1919 1914 1909	4 9 8	86 244 201	25 59 (8)	32 51 67	69 14 96	126 91 209	
Furnishing goods, men's	1919 1914	7 5	166 234	67 79	179 55	547 210	849 324	Slaughtering and meat packing.	1919 1914 1909	15 19 9	117 125 82	385 504 212	128 82 53	2,859 1,499 1,231	3,285 1,711 1,372	
Gas, illuminating and heating.	1919 1914 1909	}	7 145 8 125 5 128	167 158 333	186 75 76	449 205 109	1,053 570 364	All other industries	1919 1914 1909	102 133 167	J	31,051 18,860 18,194	17, 297 3, 866 4, 062	24, 207 8, 072 8, 238	52, 521 16, 954 16, 283	

Includes "canning and preserving, fish," "canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables," and "pickles, preserves, and sauces," except that in 1919 "canning and preserving, fish" is not included.

Figures not available.

Includes "automobile repairing"; "engines, steam, gas, and water"; "hardware"; "machine tools"; "plumbers' supplies"; "steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus"; "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills"; and "textile machinery and parts."

Includes "boxes, wooden packing," and "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills."

### MANUFACTURES—DELAWARE.

TABLE 26.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919, 1914, AND 1909—Continued.

industry.	Con-	Num-	Wage carn- ers (aver-	mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of prod- ucts.	.INDUSTRY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earn- ers (aver- age	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	ments.	age num- ber).	power.	E.	xpressec	d in ds.			ments.	num- ber).	power.	E:	xpressec housand	l in is.
CITIES O	F 50,0	OOO INE	ABIT	ANTS	OR MO	ORE—A	ALL INI	OUSTRIES COMBINED AND 8	SELEC	CTED I	NDU	STRIE	S.		
WILMINGTON All industries.	1919 1914 1909	262 319 261	21, 420 15, 048 14, 663	38, 974	\$29, 347 8, 674 7, 937		\$121, 040 39, 403 38, 069	WILMINGTON—Continued.  Marble and stone work	1919 1914	7 6	23 32	56 45	\$24 20	\$63 26	\$112 63
Bread and other bakery products.	1919 1914 1909	32 43 36	283 214 198	351 213 106	290 121 104	1,416 542 380	2, 226 820 629	Mineral and soda waters	1909 1919 1914	5 10	35 20 25	( <sup>2</sup> ) 24 25	24 23 15	24 92 43	64 170 77
Confectionery and ice cream	1919 1914	16 16	85 56	82 90	75 25	357 145	557 235	Printing and publishing	1919 1914 1909	31 27 22	295 279 210	348 315 214	333 161 99	354 179 112	1,239 562 373
Foundry and machine-shop products.	1919 1914 1909	28 42 27	1,527 2,000 1,766	4,184 7,644	2, 280 1, 195 992	3,746 1,908 1,500	9,110 4,249 3,310	Slaughtering and meat packing.		6 9	109 116	329 436	114 78	2,622 1,370	3,004 1,565
Liquors, malt, including cereal beverages.	1919 1914	3	96 118	813 630	121 107	227 261	813 975	All other industries,	1919 1914	156	12,184	29,416	6,929	17,642	103, 735 30, 795
Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	1919 1914 1909		22 24 18	136 160 84	19 23 14	34 25 8	74 62 30		1909	168	12,436	28, 878	6,704	19,952	33,663

<sup>1</sup> Includes "automobile repairing"; "engines, steam, gas, and water"; "hardware"; "machine tools"; "plumbers' supplies"; "steam fittings and steam and hotwater heating apparatus"; "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills"; and "textile machinery and parts."

2 Figures not available.

## MANUFACTU RES—DELAWARE.

### TABLE 27.—DETAILED STATEMENT OF ALL INDUSTRIES

			PERSON	s eng	AGED	IN THE I	ndustry.			GE EAR EST REI				
		Sala- Clerks, etc. Wage earners.								16 and	l over.	Und	er 16.	
industry.	Num- ber of estab- lish- ments	 and firm mem- bers.	Sala- ried offi- cers, super- in- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Average number.	Number, 18	Minimum month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Capital.

### THE STATE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

	1111	D 1 21	I. 42X-17.1										,				· · · · ·	
1	Allindustries	668	32, 972	593	1, 148	1, 388	808	29, 035	Se 3	3, 438	Mh 2	5, 399	(8)	(8)	(1)	(8)	. (3)	Dollars. 148, 207, 598
2 3 4 5 6	Artificial stone products	3 5 15 3 7	6 22 61 39 254	2 8 13 3 2	3 3	3	1 2	4 11 41 36 230	Oc 4 Se 4 Je Ap 4 Ap	7 12 46 43 254	My 4 Ja 4 De Ja 4 Se	10 39 7 194	8 11 37 47 247	8 11 37 47 243				6, 350 75, 006 92, 010 24, 250 345, 289
7 8 9	boxes.  Brass and bronze products  Bread and other bakery products  Brick and tile, sewer pipe and drain- tile.	47 11	32 415 101	3 49 9	25 6	1 12 1	17 1	23 312 85	Ja 4 Au Je	37 332 123	Se 4 Ap Ja 4	15 288 40	18 319 124	18 266 124	47	4	2	116, 105 1, 130, 785 395, 700
10 11	Butter Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables.	6 70	45 1,487	83	8 68	1 15	11	32 1,310	Au '		Ja.	27	30 5, 244	29 2, 137	3, 100	5	2	190, 112 4, 692, 668
12 13 14	Canned vegetables Canned fruits Carriages and wagons, including re-	51 19 5	959 528 24	55 28 5	46 22 4	11 4	8 3	839 471 15	Se Se (5)	2,951 1,373 15	De (§)	120 40 15	3,674 1,570 16	1, 519 618 16	2, 148 952	5	2	2, 829, 278 1, 863, 390 101, 502
15	pairs.  Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com-	5	3, 485		15	208	39	3, 223	De	3,601	Mh	2,884	3, 599	3, 522	71	6		2, 985, 731
16 17 18 19 20	panies. Confectionery and ice cream. Confectionery Ice cream. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Fortilizers.	18 11 11	130 39 91 87 68	25 6 19 12 9	6 3 3 8 12	4	5 2 2	98 29 69 62 41	De Je Ja Mh	34 77 79 60	Oc De Mh Ja	25 55 49 18	103 34 69 67 51	57 14 43 68 51	45 19 26 1	1		425, 326 85, 109 340, 217 128, 638 452, 810
21 22 23 24 25	Flour-mill and gristmill products. Foundry and machine-shop products. Furnishing goods, men's. Gas, illuminating and heating. Grease and tallow, not including	17 7	176 1,007 197 219 37	71 5 2 1 3	2 41 23 21 2	6 48 4 33 1	2 35 2 19 1	95 878 166 145 30	Mh De My Au Se	97 1, 106 185 160 40	Je 4 Je Ja 4 My De	93 771 150 133 23	98 1,103 182 141 24	1, 072 23 140 24	29 137 1	2 6		988, 397 4, 874, 291 443, 107 7, 728, 319 106, 613
26 27	lubricating greases.  Ice, manufactured  Iron and steel, steel works and rolling	17 6	165 1,184	10	16 60	81	7 34	131 1,009	Au Ja	213 1, 746	Ja Je	75 584	109 1,209	109 1, 209				1, 115, 979 13, 454, 780
28 29	mills. Leather, tanned, curried, and finished. Liquors, malt, including cereal	18 4	4, 458 127	5 1	78 20	69 8	55 2	4, 251 96	Se Jy	5, 566 120	Fe De	2, 390 64	5, 521 64	3, 914 64	1, 533	42	32	34, 982, 894 2, 537, 772
30 31	beverages. Lumber and timber products Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected	75 8	530 61	94 4	8	6	1	420 51	De No	573 59	Je My	317 26	691 57	688 57		3		581, 161 109, 120
32	with sawmills. Marble and stone work	14	66	15	7		1	43	Му	47	Ja	33	38	38		ļ		155,724
33	Mineral and soda waters: Mineral and carbonated waters Oil, not elsewhere specified:	į.	47	15	1	1	1	29	Je	37	De	22	29	29				216,496
34 35 36 37 38	Animal oils Paper and wood pulp Pickles, preserves, and sauces Printing and publishing, job printing Printing and publishing, newspapers	5 8 23	117 727 191 135 398	1 6 25 24	1. 8		2 7 9 6 33	106 683 149 89 281	No Se Se	718 416	Ja 4 Je Fe Je	650 37 85	206 663 185 94 294	206 602 132 51 242	61 53 39 48	4 4		470, 538 3, 802, 604 1, 565, 724 330, 776 1, 165, 029
39 <b>4</b> 0	and periodicals.  Printing and publishing.  Printing, publishing, and job printing.	5 24	195 200	19	13 13	26 8	23 10	131 150	Au No	136 158	Ja 4 Ja	125 139	135 159	115 127	18 30	2 2		313, 295 851, 240
41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Publishing, without printing. Pulp goods. Saddlery and harness. Shirts. Slaughtering and meat packing. Tobacco, cigars. All other industries *.	10	1, 739 7 95 169 334 14, 530		5 15 7	12 11	5	86 117 303	Ja • De No De	112	Ap My	1,386 3 49 99 213	1,666 3 114 140 355	1,515 3 29 137 36	143 84 3 277		i	6, 478, 482 22, 885 84, 400 784, 900 1, 164, 087 53, 881, 238
	]			[]	1	[	1	1	11		1		1		1	}	1	<u> </u>

*All other industries embrace— Awnings, tents, and salls. Belting and hose, rubber. Belting, leather. Bookbinding and blank-book making. Boxes, paper, set-up paper boxes. Brooms, from broom corn. Brushes, other than toilet. Canning and preserving, fish.	Cars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad companies. Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies. Charcoal, not including production in the lumber and wood distillation industries. Cheese. Chewing gum.

Cars	and	gener	al sh	op co	nstruct	ior
					ic-railre	
con	apan	ies			::-	٠.
Cars,	stea	m-rai	lroad	, not	includ	in

Clothing, men's.
Clothing, women's.
Clothing, women's.
Coffee, roasting and grinding.
Dental goods, other than teeth.
Dyeing and finishing textiles.
Electroplating.
Engines, steam, gas, and water.
Engraving and diesinking
Explosives.
Fire extinguishers, chemical. 2

1 Includes water wheels and turbines (irrespective of ownership of water supply).

2 Chiefly electric motors operated by rented (or purchased) current; other power included (chiefly shaft-belt or transmitted power from neighboring power plants).

## COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES: 1919.

			EXPI	,					1	ower.						
Sala	Salaries and wages. Rent and taxes. For materials										Prin	nary ho	rsepowe	er.		Elec-
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, Federal, state, county, and local.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	Value added by manufac- ture.	Total.	Steam engines (not tur- bines).	Steam tur- bines.	Inter-	Water pow- er.1	Rent-ed.2	trie horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.

### THE STATE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

																	_
Dollars. 4,448,045	Dollars. 3,261,023	Dollars. 37, 265, 319	Dollars. 324,714	Dollars. 144,375	Dollars. 7,591,222	Dollars. 81,453,158	Dollars. 3,979,775	Dollars. 165,073,009	Dollars. 79,640,076	85,150	46,648	13,095	1,607	4,448	19,352	25,221	1
4,731 4,962 43,380	4,033	3,458 16,691 50,577 18,750 131,615	300 500 535	980 9,170	156 327 844 163 4,961	2,338 14,835 45,187 28,490 163,884	120 969 2,164 440	8,830 64,013 140,632 52,500 440,794	6,372 48,209 93,281 24,010 276,470	40 51 40 35 538	40 35 538		12 19		39 21		2 3 4 5 6
14,300 71,460 9,480	5,779 58,114 260	21,726 317,633 97,870	278	670 10,503 1,520	876 55,700 1,524	95,961 1,562,551 34,848	3,383 54,463 38,004	159,477 2,504,100 222,740	60,133 887,086 149,888	27 414 661	25 536		10		27 379 125	•••••	7 8 9
8,180 162,952	4,321 25,977	29,490 722,654	60	460 3,278	1,406 87,046	503,768 3,182,883	12,285 54,316	570,402 4,705,378	54,349 1,468,179	186 2,723	185 2,610	25	70		1 18		10 11
108,862 54,090 4,282	18,248 7,729	415,571 307,083 21,530	60	1,600 1,678 794	40,476 46,570 1,359	1,827,537 1,355,346 21,800	30,444 23,872 1,026	2,660,975 2,044,403 72,360	802,994 665,185 49,534	1,921 802 29	1,876 734	25	68 4		18 25		12 13 14
59,903	586,843	4,107,745			16,992	2,829,457	86,072	7,687,013	4,771,484	2,515	1,765	750				3,018	15
19,020 13,900 5,120 18,066 23,585 5,800 170,910 76,112 51,976 7,689	65 65 4,976 3,267 9,552 91,969 14,736 40,980 1,100	88,089 24,196 63,893 83,000 28,233 95,341 1,260,248 179,496 186,037 30,587	200 200 1,573 393 562	8,192 5,293 2,899 3,417 231 6,504 1,288 1,042	11,715 8,723 2,092 2,075 1,643 6,707 95,377 24,640 36,553 1,065	418,502 140,342 278,160 92,728 506,692 1,643,870 1,511,620 543,875 76,818 54,329	11,690 5,304 6,386 1,913 3,371 21,522 133,324 2,948 372,905 16,806	666,480 242,626 423,854 255,230 630,405 2,055,735 3,929,938 849,292 1,053,011 143,673	236, 288 96, 980 139, 308 160, 589 120, 342 390, 343 2, 284, 994 302, 469 603, 888 72, 538	168 36 132 8 225 2,736 2,477 67 167 160	22 22 145 295 1,975 145 160	190	35 36 10 584 31	1,727	111 36 75 8 70 130 281 67	1,299	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
31,200 222,093	6.370 128,442	193,847 1,526,849	421		14,582 179,469	177,765 3,265,129	101,641 596,486	659,583 7,115,083	380,177 3,253,468	1,597 13,442	1,064 8,276	4,691	143	25	365 475	20 6,557	26 27
661,007 92,210	198,861 14,333	5,811,722 120,767	6,425	10,587 1,200	4,491,848 170,472	28, 105, 589 192, 772	235,222 34,148	50, 138, 251 812, 787	21,797,440 585,867	7,977 813	4,528 510	150 50	160		3,299 93	492 62	28 29
17,366 10,500		303,725 41,368		440	2,728 915	466,068 94,564	285 5,319	1,091,240 183,624	624,887 83,741	2,554 301	2,514 145	40	20		136		30 31
10,303	240	44,883	425	1,042	767	131,067	1,936	229,752	96,749	71	8	ļ	13		50		. 32
3,000	1,833	32,333		6,881	5,556	112,146	2,360	219,727	105,221	55			4		51		33
35,600 74,682 13,514 33,288 66,391	61,317 34,476 7,136	59, 491 792, 665 99, 856 86, 824 312, 358	952 23,526 19,876	7,317 31,095	2,483 20,062 2,158 3,876 21,654	334,301 2,852,854 377,244 127,352 268,824	40,960 376,826 7,953 5,139 16,046	530, 920 4, 573, 339 878, 979 352, 607 1, 080, 600	155,659 1,343,659 493,782 220,116 795,730	5,120 5,120 244 125 332	100 4,640 207 20		15 23	480	29 37 110 289	68 80	34 35 36 37 38
43,697 22,694	1	195,266 117,092		27,703 3,092	14,551 7,103	156,514 111,860	8,142 7,904	697,722 373,040	533,066 253,276	161 171	20		23		161 128		. 39 40
318,876 8,840 43,152 21,032 2,028,203	20,504	3,600 31,794 127,997 201,783	9,817	8,850 3,313 23,171	89 180 44,708 148,627	3,569,535 8,792 66,971 2,845,929 633,300 24,588,520	276,321 72 2,074 13,326 4,005 1,442,535	9,838 9,385,490 18,540 125,553 3,285,336 1,101,407 57,078,188	426,081 564,102	5,154 25 385 51 33,508	288 11,412	6,779	18	2,083	161 7 97 51 12,800	2,116  11,509	43 44 45 46

Mattresses and spring beds.

Minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated.

Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.
Optical goods, leuses.
Paints.

Paving materials.
Petroleum, refining.
Photo-engraving

3 Plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere specified.
3 Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified.
2 Sausage, not made in slaughtering and meat-packing establishments.
3 Sewing machines.
2 Shipbuilding, steel.
1 Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat building. 2 S 1 S 2 S 1 S 1 S

Silk goods....
Smelting and refining, not from the ore.
Stamped ware.
Stown fittings and steam and hotwater heating apparatus.
Structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills.
Sulphuric, nitric, and mixed acids.
Surgical appliances.

2

1

 $_{2}^{1}$ 

Textile machinery and parts.
Tobacco, snuff.
Tools, machinists'
Vinegar and cider
Wallpaper, not made in paper mills.
Wooden goods, not elsewhere specified.
Wool scouring.
Woolen goods. 1 1 1 1

No figures given for reasons stated under "Explanation of terms."

4 Same n

6 Same number reported throughout the year. 4 Same number reported for one or more other months.

## MANUFACTURES—DELAWARE.

### TABLE 27.—DETAILED STATEMENT OF ALL INDUSTRIES

	Num- ber of estab- lish- ments	PERSONS ENGAGED IN THE INDUSTRY.					WA NEAR								
				Sala-	Clerks, etc.			Wage earners.		16 an		l over.	Und	er 16.	
INDUSTRY.		Total.	Pro- prie- tors and firm mem- bers.	ried offi- cers, super- in- tend-		Fe- male.	Average num- ber.	Number, 18 Maximum month.	th day of—  Minimum month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Capital,

### CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

1	WILMINGTON-All industries.	262	23, 764	201	712	916	515	21, 420	Au 2	2, 619	Mh 19	, 420	22, 626	19, 271	3, 091	123	141	Dollars. 95, 710, 664
2 3 4 5	Automobilo repairing. Brass and bronze products. Bread and other bakery products. Confectionery and ice cream.	8 4 32 16	38 32 364 108	6 3 34 16	1 4 23 6	3 1 8 1	1 1 16	27 23 283 85	Je Ja s An	30 37 298	De Se Ap	25 15 264	25 18 289 90	25 18 239 45	44 44	4 1	2	47, 150 116, 105 972, 465 373, 573
6 7 8 9	Confectionery Lee cream Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Foundry and machine-shop products.	6 10 11 11	39 69 87 965	6 10 12 1	3 8 39 2	1 44	5 35	29 56 62 846		34 61 79 1,073	Oc De Mh Je De	25 45 49 739 23	34 56 67 1,068	14 31 66 1,037	19 25 1 29	1 2		85, 109 288, 464 128, 638 4, 767, 515
10 11 12	Grease and tallow, not including lubricating greases. Liquors, matt, including cereal beverages.	3 4 4	37 127 28	1 3	20	1 8 1	2	30 96 22	Jy No	120 28	De De Mh	64	64	64				106, 613 2, 537, 772 50, 970
13	Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.  Marble and stone work	7	36	9	4	••••		23	Му	27	Ja.	14	13	18				84,342
14 15	Mineral and carbonated waters Printing and publishing, book and job: Job printing	5 19	29 131	6 22	14	1	6	20 88	Je Se \$	26 92	De Je	14	19 93	19 50	39	4		
16	Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals. Printing, publishing, and job printing.	5	295 98	3	19	34 8	28 5	207 76	No 3	83	Ja	65	220 85	188 73	29 11			559, 092 256, 303
18 19 20 21	All other Slaughtering and meat packing. Tobacco, cigars. All other industries *.	6 11 109	197 151 334 21,002	5 8 65	13 15 7 548	26 12 11 790	23 10 5 403	131 109 303 19, 196	An a De	136 125 354	Ja 3 Mh 3 Je	125 98 213	135 125 355 20, 125	115 122 36 17, 294	18 277 2,625	109	42 97	302, 789 723, 663 1, 164, 087 83, 708, 102

*All other industries embrace-
Artificial stone products
Automobile bodies and parts
Awnings, tents, and sails
Baskets, and rattan and willow ware.
Belting and hose, rubber
Belting, leather
Bookbinding and blank-book mak-
ing
Boxes, paper, set-up paper boxes

Canning and preserving, fish Carriages and wagons, including r	
Carriages and wagons, including r	е
Cars and general shop construction	)1

1 Cars and general shop construction
and repairs by electric-railroad componies.

1 Cars and general shop construction
and repairs by steam-railroad companies.

1 Cars, steam-railroad, not including
operations of railroad companies.

1	Chewing gum
	Coffee, roasting and grinding
4	Dyeing and finishing textiles
	Electroplating
	Engines, steam, gas, and water
1	Engraving and diesinking
	Fire extinguishers, chemical
	Flour-mill and gristmill products
2	Food preparations, not elsewhere
_	specified
2	Furnishing goods, men's

1
1
4
1
$\frac{1}{2}$
17'

<sup>1</sup> Includes water wheels and turbines (irrespective of ownership of water supply).

2 Chiefly electric motors operated by rented (or purchased) current; other power included (chiefly shaft-belt or transmitted power from neighboring power plants).

GOMBINED AND FOR SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES: 1919—Continued.

			EX	PENSES.					·				POWER			
Sala	Salaries and wages.		Salaries and wages. Rent and taxes.			d taxes.	For materials.		1		Primary horsepower.				Elec-	
								Value of	Value added by			· · · · · ·			tric horse- power	
O Micials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, Federal, state, county, and local.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	products.	manufac- ture.	Total.	Steam engines (not tur tur- bines).			Water pow- er.1	Rent- ed. <sup>2</sup>	gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.

CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE—ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

Dollars. 2, 918, 798	Dollars. 2,044,698	Dollars. 29, 346, 965	Dollars. 266, 806	Dollars. 118, 800	Dollars. 6, 122, 589	Dollars. 58, 165, 378	Dollars. 2, 322, 066	Dollars. 121, 039, 617	Dollars. 60, 552, 173	47, 359	22, 162	5, 117	237	1, 998	17, 845	7, 165	1
2, 362 14, 300 65, 860 19, 020 13, 900 5, 120	4, 033 5, 779 57, 176 65 65	37, 021 21, 726 289, 836 75, 466 24, 196 51, 270 83, 000	535 72 200 200	8, 990 670 9, 692 7, 892 5, 293 2, 599 3, 417	343 876 53, 510 11, 256 8, 723 2, 533 2, 075	32, 802 95, 961 1, 368, 189 348, 283 140, 342 207, 941 92, 728	1,734 3,383 47,803 8,570 5,304 3,272 1,913	102, 332 159, 477 2, 226, 290 556, 954 242, 626 314, 328 255, 230	67, 796 60, 133 810, 298 200, 095 96, 980 103, 115 160, 589	15 27 351 82 36 46 8	25 22 22				15 27 326 60 36 24 8		2 3 4 5 6 7 8
18, 066 166, 910 7, 689 92, 210		1, 225, 868 30, 587 120, 767	1, 473 562	1,108 180 1,200	94, 867 1, 065 170, 472	1, 457, 348 54, 329 192, 772	131, 122 16, 806 34, 148	3, 814, 188 143, 673 812, 787	2, 225, 718 72, 538 585, 867	2,423 160 813	1,960 160 510	190	2 160		271 93	1, 299 62	9 10 11
1,500		18, 950		440	444	31, 446	3,039	73,999	39, 514	136					136		12
4,903 3,000	1	23, 895 22, 783	300	870 <b>3,</b> 929	534 4, 559	62, 021 90, 912	1,424 1,318	111, 759 170, 351	48, 314 78, 121	56 24			13 2		43 22		13 14
33, 288 50, 813	7, 136 64, 275	86, 224 246, 636	23, 510 12, 134	7,137 28,093	3, 800 20, 503	123, 012 213, 807	4, 959 12, 145	342, 756 896, 249	214, 785 670, 297	109 239					109 239		15 16
16, 114	15, 406	51, 370	773	90	5,963	59, 413	4,048	194, 789	131, 328 538, 969	80 159			ļ		80 159		17 18
43, 697 43, 152 21, 032 2, 365, 698	24,402	195, 266 114, 261 201, 783 26, 748, 162	11, 361 9, 239 218, 781	28, 003 8, 850 3, 313 33, 019	14, 540 44, 040 148, 627 5, 565, 618	154, 394 2, 610, 962 533, 300 50, 857, 506	4.005	701, 460 3, 003, 696 1, 101, 407 107, 268, 469	381, 418 564, 102 54, 372, 588	329 51 42,536	235 19, 250	4, 877	60	1, 998	94 51 16, 351	5,804	19 20

Lubricating greases	1
Machine tools	ī
Mattresses and spring beds	3
Minerals and earths, ground or other-	
wise treated	1
Models and patterns, not including	_
paper patterns	2
Oil, not elsewhere specified	2
Optical goods, lenses	1
Paints	1
Paper and wood pulp	2

ı	Photo-engraving
1	Pickles and sauces
1	Plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere
1	specified
	Pulp goods Rubber goods, not elsewhere speci-
1	fied
	Saddlery and harness
	Saddlery and harness Sausage, not made in slaughtering
	and meat-packing establishments.
	Sawing machines

1	Shipbuilding, steel
2	Shipbuilding, wooden, including
	Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat building
2	Silk goods Smelting and refining, not from the
- 6	Smalting and rafining not from the
4	pinering and remining, not from the
	оге
1	Stamped ware
2	Steam fittings and steam and hot-
-	water heating apparatus
	water nearing apparatus
1	Structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills
ī	oteel works or rolling mills
	Steps works of forting ming

1 3

<sup>\*</sup> Same number reported for one or more other months.

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR

## FOURTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES MANUFACTURES: 1919

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Prepared under the supervision of EUGENE F. HARTLEY, Chief Statistician for Manufactures

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WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

### EXPLANATION OF TERMS.

Scope of census.—Census statistics of manufactures are compiled primarily for the purpose of showing the absolute and relative magnitude of the different brunches of industry covered and their growth or decline. Incidentally, the effort is made to present data throwing light upon character of ownership, size of establishments, and similar subjects. When use is made of the statistics for these purposes it is importantly that due attention should be given to their limitations, particularly in connection with any attempt to derive from them figures purporting to show average wages, cost of production, or profits.

The census did not cover establishments which were idle during the entire year or whose products were valued at less than \$500, or the manufacturing done in educational, eleemosynary, and penal institutions.

Period covered.—The returns relate to the calendar year 1919, or the business year which corresponded most nearly to that calendar year, and cover a year's operations, except for establishments which began or discontinued business during the

The establishment.—As a rule, the term "establishment" represents a single plant or factory, but in some cases it represents two or more plants which were operated under a common ownership or for which one set of books of account was kept. It, however, the plants constituting an establishment as thus defined were not all located within the same city, county, or state, separate reports were secured in order that the figures for each plant might be included in the statistics for the city, county, or state in which it was located. In some instances separate reports were secured for different industries carried on in the same establishment.

Classification by industries.—The establishments were assigned to the several classes of industries according to their products of chief value. The products reported for a given industry may thus, on the one hand, include minor products different from those covered by the class designation, and, on the other hand, may not represent the total product covered by this designation, because some of this class of product may be made in establishments in which it is not the product of chief value.

As a rule, the same designation is used for the industry wherever it appears, although all of the products indicated by this designation were not manufactured in the state or city for which these statistics are presented. In some instances the wording is changed so as to more correctly describe the products represented. For a number of industries subclasses are shown which indicate more definitely the kind of products.

Selected industries.—The general tables at the end of this bulletin give the principal facts separately for the industries of the state. A selection has been made of certain leading industries of the state for more detailed consideration. Sometimes an industry of great importance has to be omitted because it comprises so few establishments that these detailed presentations would reveal the operations of individual

Comparisons with previous censuses,—Owing to changes in industrial conditions it is not always possible to classify establishments by industries in such a way as to permit accurate comparison with preceding censuses. At the census of 1909 the figures for kindred industries were combined. This practice has been followed in compiling the statistics for 1919 and 1914 when placed in comparison with those for 1909 and prior years. The comparative summary for 1919, 1914, and 1909, therefore, does not show separately all the industries given for 1919 in the detailed statement for the state. ment for the state.

Influence of increased prices.—In comparing figures for cost of materials, value of products, and value added by manufacture in 1919 with the corresponding figures for earlier censuses, account should be taken of the general increase in the prices of commodities during recent years. To the extent to which this factor has been influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the volume of business.

influential the figures full to afford an exact measure of the increase in the volume of business.

Persons engaged in the industry.—The following general classes of persons engaged in the manufacturing industries were distinguished: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officers of corporations, (3) superintendents and managers, (4) clerks (including other subordinate salaried employees), and (5) wage earners. In the reports for the consuses of 1904 and 1899 these five classes were shown according to the three main groups: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officials, clerks, etc., and (3) wage earners. In comparative tables covering the census of 1904 it is of course necessary to group the figures according to the classification that was employed at the carlier censuses.

The number of persons engaged in each industry, segregated by sex, and, in the case of wage earners, also by age (whether under 16 or 16 and over), was reported for a single representative day. The 15th of December was selected as representing for most industries normal conditions of employment, but where this date was not a representative date has been treated as equivalent to the average for the year, since the number of employees of this class does not ordinarily vary much from month to month. In the case of wage earners the average has been obtained in the manner explained in the next paragraph.

In addition to the more detailed report by sex and age of the number of wage earners earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number employed on the 15th of each month, by sex, without distinction of age. From these figures the average number of wage earners for the year has been calculated by dividing the sum of the numbers reported for the several months by 12. The importance of the industry as an employer of labor is believed to be more accurately measured by this average than by the number employed at any one time or on a given day.

The number of wage earners reported for the representative day,

In order to determine as nearly as possible the age distribution of the average number of wage earners for a given state as a whole, the per cent distribution by age of the wage earners in each industry for December 15, or the nearest representative day, has been calculated from the actual numbers reported for that date. The percentages thus obtained have been applied to the average number of wage earners for the year in that industry to determine the average numbers 16 years and over, and under 16, employed. These calculated averages for the several industries have been added to give the average distribution for each state as a whole and for the entire country.

Salaries and wages.—Under these heads are given the total payments during the year for salaries and wages, respectively. The Census Bureau has not undertaken to calculate the average annual earnings of either salaried employees or wage earners. Such averages would possess little real value, because they would be based on the earnings of employees of both sexes, of all ages, and of widely varying degrees of skill. Furthermore, so far as wage earners are concerned, it would be impossible to calculate accurately even so simple an average as this, since the number of wage earner fluctuates from month to month in every industry, and in some cases to a very great extent. The Census Bureau's figures for wage earners, as already explained, are averages based on the number employed on the 15th of each month, and while representing the number according to the pay rolls to whom wages were paid on that date, no doubt represent a larger number than would be required to perform the work in any industry if all were continuously employed during the year.

the work in any industry if an were continuously employed during the year.

Prevailing hours of labor.—No attempt was made to ascertain the number of wage earners working a given number of hours per week. The inquiry called merely for the prevailing practice followed in each establishment. Occasional variations in hours in an establishment from one part of the year to another were disregarded, and no attention was paid to the fact that a few wage earners might have hours differing from those of the majority. All the wage earners of each establishment are therefore counted in the class within which the establishment itself falls. In most establishments, however, practically all the wage earners work the same number of hours, so that the figures give a substantially correct representation of the hours of labor.

Capital.—The instructions on the schedule for securing data relating to capital were as follows:

"The answer should show the total amount of capital, both owned and borrowed, on the last day of the business year reported. All the items of fixed and live capital may be taken at the amounts carried on the books. If land or buildings are rented, that fact should be stated and no value given. If a part of the land or buildings is owned, the remainder being rented, that fact should be so stated and only the value of the owned property given. Do not include securities and loans representing investments in other enterprises."

These instructions were identical with those employed at the censuses of 1914 and 1909. The data compiled in respect to capital, however, at both censuses, as well as at all preceding censuses of manufactures, have been so defective as to be of little value except as indicating very general conditions. In fact, it has been repeatedly recommended by the census authorities that this inquiry be emitted from the schedule. While there are some establishments whose accounting systems are such that an accurate return for capital could be made, this is not true of the great majority, and the figures therefore do not show the actual amount of capital invested.

Materials.—The statistics as to cost of materials relate to the materials used during the year, which may be more or less than the materials purchased during the year. The term "materials" covers fuel, rent of power and heat, mill supplies, and containers, as well as materials which form a constituent part of the product,

Rent and taxes.—The taxes include certain Federal taxes and state county and local taxes. Under "Federal taxes" there are included the internal reveale tax on manufactures (tobacco, bevorages, etc.), excise taxes when included in values reported for products, corporation capital stock tax, and corporation income tax, but not the income tax for individual and partnership establishments.

Value of products.—The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value or price at the factory of all products manufactured during the year, which may differ from the value of the products sold.

Value added by manufacture.—The value of products is not always a safe-factory measure of either the absolute or the relative importance of a given industry, because only a part of this value is actually created by the manufacturing processes carried on in the industry itself. Another part, and often by far the larger one, represents the value of the materials used. For many purposes, therefore, the best measure of the importance of an industry, from a manufacturing standpoint, is the value created by the manufacturing operations carried on within the indus-try. This value is calculated by deducting the cost of the materials used from the value of the products. The figure thus obtained is termed in the census reports a value added by manufacture."

Cost of manufacture and profits.—The census data do not show the entirecest of manufacture, and consequently can not be used for the calculation of profits. No account has been taken of depreciation or interest, rent of offices and buildings other than factory or works, insurance, ordinary repairs, advertising, and other sundry expenses sundry expenses.

Primary horsepower.—This item represents the total primary power generated by the manufacturing establishments plus the amount of power, principally electric, rented from other concerns. It does not cover the power of electric motors taking their current from dynamos driven by primary power machines operated by the same establishment, because the inclusion of such power would obviously result in duplication. The figures for primary horsepower represent the rated capacity of the engines, motors, etc., and not the amount of power in actual daily use.

Fuel.—Statistics of the quantity of fuel used are shown only for anthracits and bituminous coal, coke, fuel oils, gasoline and other volatile oils, and gas—natural and manufactured, and represent the quantity used during the year. As only the principal kinds of fuel are shown, comparison as to the total cost of all fuel is impracticable. A comparison, however, of the total quantities of the several kinds of fuel used in 1919 and 1914 is given.

### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

### GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area and population.—The District of Columbia, which is coextensive with the city of Washington, contains 70 square miles, of which 60 represent land surface. Its population in 1900 was 278,718; in 1910, 331,069; and in 1920, 437,571.

Comparative summary.—Table 1 summarizes the more important data relative to all classes of manufactures combined in the District of Columbia for the last five censuses. The statistics are exclusive of the establishments operated by the Federal Government, which are shown separately in Tables 16, 17, 18, and 19. In connection with the percentages of increase from census to census, due consideration must be given to the fact that increases in wages, in cost of materials used, and in value of products, since 1914, reflect very largely industrial conditions brought about by the World War and the lessened purchasing power of the dollar. The increases in primary horsepower and in number of wage earners afford the best indication of the true increase in manufacturing operations.

Principal industries, ranked by value of products (Table 2).—The ranking of industries by value of products is often misleading as to their true importance from a manufacturing standpoint. The slaughtering and meat-packing industry, for instance, which ranks third in value of products, would rank ninth in average number of wage earners, and fifth in value added by manufacture.

Persons engaged in manufacturing industries (Table 3).—The age classification of the average number of wage earners in this and other tables is an estimate obtained by the method described in the "Explanation of terms." The classification by sex for 1919 was reported separately, but for 1914 and 1909 was obtained in the same manner as the distribution by age. Figures for individual industries will be found in Table 21.

Average number of wage earners for selected industries (Table 4).—The industries covered by this table are those which employed 100 or more wage earners in 1919, and for which statistics can be shown without the possibility of disclosing individual operations.

Wage earners employed, by months (Table 5).—The statistics for wage earners are intended to show the steadiness of employment, or the reverse, in accordance with the conditions as they existed during the several census years. For the district the variations between the maximum and minimum are remarkably small.

Wage earners, by months, for selected industries (Table 6).—In addition to the number employed by months, similar data are given for males and females for all industries combined. There was no industry in the district in 1919 in which female wage earners predominated, but the industries which provided employment for a large number of that sex are shown.

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 7).—Since 1914 there has been a marked shortening of the working day. In that year only 54.5 per cent of the wage earners were included in the group "48 and under," as against 69.8 per cent in 1919. On the other hand, in 1914 the "60" and "over 60" groups constituted 18.1 per cent of the total wage earners, as against only 5 per cent in 1919.

Size of establishments, by average number of wage earners, for selected industries (Table 8).—The extent to which the small manufacturing establishments predominated in the district is shown in this table. Only 6 establishments employed more than 250 wage earners each.

Size of establishments, by value of products (Table 9).—At the censuses of 1909 and 1914 establishments with products valued at \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 constituted a single group, but at the census of 1919 this group was subdivided into "\$100,000 to \$500,000" and "\$500,000 to \$1,000,000." Separate figures for the number of establishments and value of products have been compiled, however, from the returns for 1914. The table, therefore, gives combined figures for these two groups in the case of all items for 1909, and in the case of average number of wage earners and value added by manufacture for 1914.

Size of establishments, by value of products, for selected industries (Table 10).—In the preparation of this table it was necessary in several instances to com-

bine the establishments of one group with those of some other group to avoid the possibility of disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

Character of ownership (Table 11).—It will be noted that the number of establishments in each of the three groups shown in this table formed approximately the same proportion of the total in 1919 as in 1914, the number in each group having increased about one-sixth during the five-year period.

Number and horsepower of types of prime movers (Table 12).—The returns show a marked decrease in the use of steam and internal-combustion engines in

1919 as compared with 1914, whereas the number of electric motors driven by rented current more than doubled and the horsepower of such motors more than trebled during the five-year period. It will be noted also that the use of electric power generated by the establishments shows a marked decrease since 1914.

Fuel consumed (Table 13).—This table shows the total quantities of the principal kinds of fuel used by the manufacturing plants in the district in 1919 and 1914, and gives separately for 1919 the amounts used by a number of industries which are large consumers of fuel.

TABLE 1.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY: 1919, 1914, 1909, 1904, AND 1899.

		MANUFA	CTURING INDU	STRIES.		PE	R CENT OF	INCREASE	.1
	1919	1914	1909	1904	1899	1914- 1919	1909- 1914	1904 1909	1899- 1904
Number of establishments	595	514	518	482	491	15. 8	-0.8	7. 5	-1,8
Persons engaged. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees. Wage carners (average number).	14, 101 515 3, 104 10, 482	11,323 435 2,011 8,877	9,758 475 1,576 7,707	7,778 473 1,006 6,299	(2) (2) 957 6, 155	24. 5 18. 4 54. 4 18. 1	16.0 -8.4 27.6 15.2	25, 5 0, 4 56, 7 22, 4	5,1 2,3
Primary horsepower	33, 079 \$63, 008, 179	24,775 \$40,810,200	16,563 \$30,552,623	12,592 \$20,199,783	10, 255 \$17, 960, 498	33. 5 54. 4	49. 6 33. 6	31. 5 51. 2	22.8 12.5
Salaries aud wages. Salaries. Wages.	18, 856, 410 5, 667, 379 13, 189, 031	8, 605, 693 2, 537, 001 6, 068, 692	6, 835, 052 1, 845, 603 4, 989, 449	4,804,979 1,206,609 3,658,370	3, 894, 788 871, 882 3, 022, 906	119. 1 123. 4 117. 3	25. 9 37. 5 21. 6	40. 5 53. 0 36. 4	24. 9 38. 4 21. 0
Paid for contract work Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Value of products Value added by manufacture 4.	30, 940, 100	847, 785 1, 320, 268 12, 239, 123 28, 978, 241 16, 739, 118	304, 326 792, 718 10, 246, 534 25, 289, 136 15, 042, 602	261,369 * 347,732 7,731,971 18,359,159 10,627,188	(2) (2) 7,475,216 16,426,408 8,951,192	226. 8 118. 2 152. 8 137. 5 126. 3	178. 6 66. 5 19. 4 14. 6 11. 3	16. 4 32. 5 37. 7 41. 5	3.4 11,8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A minus sign (—) denotes decrease. <sup>2</sup> Figures not available.

TABLE 2.—PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES, RANKED BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1919.

	establishments.	WAC EARN		VALUE		MANU	BY FAC-		of establishments.	WAC EARN		VALUE PRODU		VALU ADDED MANUI TURI	BY AC-
INDUSTRY.	Number of estal	Average number.	Per cent dis- tribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	E OF ADDED BY WANUFACTURE.  SID TURE.  SID TURE.  WANUFACTURE.  SID TURE.  HIPTORION  100.0 \$37,886 100.  17.3 9,099 24.  15.4 4,393 11.  7.3 784 2.		er cent tributio	industry.	Number of estal	Average number.	Per cent dis- tribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent dis- tribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent dis- tribution.
All industries	595	10, 482	100.0	\$68, 827	100.0	\$37,886	100.0	Confectionery	<b>1</b> 6	104 197	1.0	\$758 687	1.1 1.0	\$303 448	0.8
Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.  Bread and other bakery products Slaughtering and meat packing Confectionery (ice cream)	67 74 6	808 1, 321 203 513	7.7 12.6 1.9 4.9	11,898 10,626 5,012 4,101	17.3 15.4 7.3 6.0	\$37, 886 100. 0 9, 099 24. 4, 393 11. 784 2.		Lithographing Structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills. Mineral and soda waters. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work.	8 11 22	99 82 144	0.9 0.8 1.4	644 644 526	0.9 0.9 0.8	328 379 344	0.9 1.0 0.9
Printing and publishing, book and job. Foundry and machine-shop products. Ice, manufactured. Coffee, roasting and grinding.	i	1,034 302 238 31	9.9 2.9 2.3 0.3	3,975 1,159 1,081	5.8 1.7 1.6 1.3	2,549 653 663 168	6.7 1.7 1.7 0.5	Food preparations, not elsewhere specified. Patent medicines and compounds. Marble and stone work. Druggists' preparations.	9 15 12 3	31 50 116 32	0.3 0.5 1.1 0.3	506 480 437 314	0.7 0.7 0.6 0.5	244	0.2 1.0 0.7 0.3
Automobile repairing.  Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawnills.	9	214 244		884 860	1.3	482 478	1.3	Mattresses and spring beds. Awnings, tents, and sails. Photo-engraving. All other industries*.	1 5	46 76 61 4, 536	0.4 0.7 0.6 43.3	309 274 267 22, 460	0.4 0.4 0.4 32.6	146 129 229 12,771	0.4 0.3 0.6 33.7

<sup>\*</sup>Among the industries for which statistics can not be shown separately without the possibility of disclosing individual operations, are a number having products in excess of some for which figures are shown in the table. Of these industries, the most important are the following: Baking powders and yeast; card cutting and designing; cars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad companies; cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies; flour-mill and gristmill products; gas, illuminating and heating; iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills; and paper and wood pulp.

<sup>Exclusive of internal revenue.
Value of products less cost of materials.</sup> 

TABLE 3.—PERSONS ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

CLASS.	Census	Total.	Male.	Fe-		CENT OTAL.		Census	m.,		Fe-	PER OF T	CENT OTAL.
Chass.	year.	10001.	maig.	male.	Male.	Fe- male.	CLASS.	year.	Total.	Male.	male.	Male.	Fe- male.
All classes	1919 1914 1909	14, 101 11, 323 9, 758	11,746 9,692 8,598	2,355 1,631 1,160	83.3 85.6 88.1	16. 7 14. 4 11. 9	Clerks and other subordinate sala- ried employees.	1919 1914 1909	2, 325 1, 518 1, 152	1, 336 1, 040 853	989 478 299	57. 5 68. 5 74. 0	42.5 31.5 26.0
Proprietors and officials	1919 1914 1909	1, 294 928 899	1,217 872 866	77 56 33	94.0 94.0 96.3	6. 0 6. 0 3. 7	Wago carners (average number)	1919 1914 1909	10, 482 8, 877 7, 707	9, 193 7, 780 6, 879	1,289 1,097 828	87. 7 87. 6 89. 3	12.3 12.4 10.7
Proprietors and firm members	1919 1914 1909	515 435 475	482 404 455	33 31 20	93.6 92,9 95.8	6. 4 7. 1 4. 2	16 years of age and over	1919 1914 1909	10, 430 8, 834 7, 688	9, 157 7, 760 6, 861	1,273 1,074 827	87. 8 87. 8 89. 2	12.2 12.2 10.8
Salaried officers of corporations	1919 1914 1909	281 199 170	267 189 164	14 10 6	95. 0 95. 0 96. 5	5. 0 5. 0 3. 5	Under 16 years of age	1919 1914 1909	52 43 19	36 20 18	16 23 1	69. 2 46. 5 94. 7	30.8 53.5 5.3
Superintendents and managers	1919 1914 1909	498 294 254	468 279 247	30 15 7	94. 0 94. 9 97. 2	6.0 5.1 2.8							

 $_{\rm TABLE}$  4.—AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES, WITH PER CENT, BY SEX AND AGE: 1919 AND 1914.

		Wage	PER C	ENT OF T	OTAL.			Wage	PER CE	ent of 1	OTAL.
industry,	Census your.	`age num-	16 year	s of age over.	Un- der 16 years	INDUSTRY.	Census year.	earners (aver- age num-		rs of age over.	Un- der 16 voars
	All records in contract the special contracts.	ber).	Male.	Female.	of			ber).	Male.	Female.	of
All industries	1919	10, 482	87. 5 87. 4	12. 0 12. 1	0.5	Ice, manufactured 1	1919	238	99. 2	0.8	
	1914 1909	8, 877 7, 707	89.0	10.7	0.5	Lithographing	1919 1914	197 141	82: 7 94. 3	16.8 5.7	0.5
Automobile repairing	1919 1914	214 105	100. 0 100. 0			Lumber, planing-mill products, not in- cluding planing mills connected with	1919 1914	244 249	98. 0 100. 0	1.6	0, 4
Bread and other bakery products	1919 1914	1, 321 1, 161	84, 2 90, 6	15. 2 8. 6	0.6	sawmills. Marble and stone work	1919 1914	116 130	100.0 100.0		
Confectionery	1919 1914	104 63	26. 0 31. 7	74. 0 68. 3		Printing and publishing, book and job	1919 1914	1,034 762	75. 2 76. 4	24. 1 23. 3	0.7 0.3
Confectionery (ice cream)	1919 1914	513 199	95, 9 98, 0	4.1 2.0		Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.	1919 1914	808 641	82. 8 82. 1	14. 8 14. 5	2.4 3,4
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work	1919 1914	144 191	100. 0 99. 5	0.5		Slaughtering and meat packing 1	1919	203	95. 6	4.4	•••••
Foundry and machine-shop products	1919 1914	302 334	99. 3 99. 7	0.3 0.3	0, 3	All other industries	1919 1914	5, 044 4, 901	89. 0 86. 6	10. 7 13. 2	0. 2 0. 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not shown separately in 1914.

TABLE 5.-WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

	1	NUMBER.1		PER CEN	T OF MA	XIMUM.	MONTH.	ì	NUMBER.1		PER CEN	T OF MAX	UMUM.
MONTH.	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	MONTH.	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909
January February March April May June.	10,387 10,319 10,449 10,463	8,696 8,672 8,658 8,725 9,003 8,860	7,421 7,445 7,535 7,619 7,774 7,761	97. 5 96. 9 96. 2 97. 4 97. 6 98. 5	94. 2 94. 0 93. 8 94. 6 97. 6 96. 1	93. 4 93. 7 94. 8 95. 8 97. 8	July	10, 522 10, 578 10, 332 10, 375 10, 618 10, 723	8,765 8,885 8,965 8,995 9,064 9,227	7,785 7,752 7,840 7,949 7,861 7,753	98. 1 98. 6 96. 4 96. 8 99. 0 100. 0	95. 0 96. 3 97. 2 97. 5 98. 2 100. 0	97. 9 97. 5 98. 6 100. 9 98. 9 97. 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The figures represent the number employed on the 15th of each month or the nearest representative day. Maximum number indicated by boldface figures, minimum by italic figures.

## MANUFACTURES—DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

TABLE 6.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919.

[The month of maximum employment for each industry is indicated by boldface figures and that of minimum employment by italic figures.]

			ATT											
	A ver- age	NU	JMBER I	EMPLOYE	в он 15	TH DAY	OF THE !	MONTH O	R NEAR	EST REPI	RESENTA	TIVE DAY	Y,	Per cent mini-
INDUSTRY.	num- berem- ployed during year.	Janu- ary.	Febru- ary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Au- gust.	Sep- tember.	Octo- ber.	Novem- ber.	Decem- ber.	mum is of maxi- mum.
All industries	10,482 9,193 1,289	10, 459 9, 210 1, 249	10,387 9,134 1,253	10,319 9,034 1,285	10, 449 9, 155 1, 294	10, 463 9, 170 1, 293	10,559 9,297 1,262	10,522 9,230 1,292	10,578 9,305 1,273	10,332 * 9,064 1,268	10, 375 9, 080 1, 295	10,618 9,286 1,332	10,723 9,351 1,372	96, 2 96, 6 91, 0
Antomobile repairing Bread and other bakery products. Confectionery Confectionery (ice cream). Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work.	214 1,321 104 513 144	229 1,342 93 420 128	215 1,311 95 438 142	209 1,320 96 437 140	210 1,323 97 491 152	216 1,327 100 533 150	209 1,312 91 650 170	214 1,310 84 <b>671</b> 165	1,310 89 622 177	1,322 105 522 83	216 1,325 112 478 88	1,327 129 454 164	1,323 157 440 169	91, 3 97, 6 53, 5 62, 6 46, 9
Foundry and machine-shop products	302 238 197	293 215 <i>185</i>	301 219 187	300 228 203	287 243 197	295 242 187	314 259 193	306 260 <b>214</b>	311 263 209	307 255 203	306 248 200	304 214 197	300 210 189	91.4 79.8 86.4
Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.  Marble and stone work.	244 116	227 91	234 88	238 94	238 101	247 121	245 139	.263 135	254 128	252 130	241 123	239 120	250 122	86, 3 63, 3
Printing and publishing, book and job	1,034	968	1,008	1,020	1,015	993	1,044	1,008	985	990	1,059	1,143	1,175	82, 4
Printing and publishing, book and job Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals Slaughtering and meat packing All other industries.	808 203 5,044	785 211 5,322	749 202 5,198	782 195 5,057	796 202 5,097	801 201 5,050	816 198 4,919	826 188 4,878	827 196 4,993	823 201 4,921	851 .204 4,924	843 212 5,063	847 226 5, 106	86. 4 83. 2 91. 6
Industries showing large proportion of females.	ļĺ		1								l			
Bread and other bakery products.  Printing and publishing, book and job.	203 259	201 255	197 269	200 268	202 269	209 249	198 254	200 259	199 248	206 245	207 255	209 260	208 277	94.3 88.4
Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals	132	130	128	132	132	132	135	139	141	124	133	130	128	87. 9

TABLE 7.—AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919 AND 1914.

	_		IN ESTAB	LISHMENTS	WHERE TI	E PREVAIL	NG HOURS	OF LABOR	PER WEEK	WERE-
INDUSTRY.	Census year.	Total.	44 and under.	Between 44 and 48.	48. <sup>t</sup>	Between 48 and 54.	54.	Between 54 and 60.	60.	Over 60.
All industries.	1919 1914 1909	10, 482 8, 877 7, 707	1,900 (2) (2)	268 (2) (2)	5, 144 4, 839 2, 944	518 691 782	269 977 1,558	1,859 767 254	147 381 1,117	377 1,222 1,052
Automobile repairing	1919 1914	214 105		7	68	35	83 98		21	7
Bread and other bakery products	1919 1914	1,321 1,161	(2) 5	(2)	984 741	105 20	$\frac{10}{321}$	199 16	3 26	15 37
Confectionery	1919 1914	104 63	(2)	(2)	98 57	3	3 4		2	
Confectionery (ice cream)	1919 1914	513 190			141	2		47 155		323 44
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work	1919 1914	144 191	102 (2)	(2)	40 191		2			
Foundry and machine-shop products.	1919 1914	302 334	50 (2)	(2)	252 276	45	13			
Ice, manufactured 3		238			36			195		7
Lithographing	1919 1914	197 141	(2)	(2) 49	148 88	53				
Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	1919 1914	244 249	(²)	(2)	231 246		3			
Marble and stone work	1919 1914	116 130	102 (2)	(2) 5	9 69		61			
Printing and publishing, book and job	- 1919 1914	1,034 762	(2) 81	(2) 42	911 723	5	32		2	
Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals	. 1919 1914	808 641	(2)	(3)	547 634			. 187	i	
Slaughtering and meat packing 3	. 1919	203		.	140		61.		. 2	
All other industries	. 1919 1914	5,044 4,901	1,533 (2)	105 (²)	1,539 1,814	373 568	110 439		121 350	32 1,134

<sup>1</sup> Includes 48 and under for 1914 and 1909.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Corresponding figures not available.

<sup>3</sup> Not shown separately for 1914.

 ${\tt TABLE~8.-SIZE~OF~ESTABLISHMENTS,~BY~AVERAGE~NUMBER~OF~WAGE~EARNERS,~FOR~SELECTED~INDUSTRIES:~1919.}$ 

	то	TAL.						E	STABLIS	HME	NTS EMI	PLOYI	NG—						
industry.	ıts.	earners (average number).	No wage earn- ers.	1 t wa carn inch	ge ers,	wa	o 20 age ners, asive,	ear:	o 50 nge ners, nsive.	oar	to 100 rage ners, usive.	ear ear	to 250 age ners, usive.	ear	to 500 rage ners, usive.	ear	o 1,000 age ners, nsive.	10 18	er 1,000 rage mers.
	Establishments.	Wage earner numb	Establish- ments.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments,	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage carners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.
All industries	595	10,482	132	234	595	143	1,577	48	1,685	20	1,353	12	1,828	4	1,345	1	751	1	1,348
Automobile repairing . Bread and other bakery products . Confectionery (ice cream) . Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work .	22	214 1,321 104 513 144	19 1 1 2	12 34 10 2 11	30 81 31 4 26	11 10 4 2 8	133 93 38 14 93	2 2 1 1 1	51 75 35 47 25	6	429	1	326	1	317				
Foundry and machine-shop products	19 10 6	302 238 197 • 244 116		5 1 8	13 5 26	8 7 2 3 3	81 80 32 20 40	5 3 6 1	152 108 224 50	1 2 1	56 153 57								
Printing and publishing, book and job		1,034 808 203 5,044	35 48 	38 7 1 105	84 15 2 278	18 4 1 62	190 66 6 6 691	8 2 3 13	326 70 134 388	1 2 1 6	57 127 61 413	2 4 3	377 530 463	2	712	i	751	i	1,348

TABLE 9.—SIZE OF ESTABLISHMENTS, BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

VALUE OF PRODUCT.		UMBER ( BLISHME			GE NUMB GE EARNI		VALU	JE OF PRODUC	CTS.	VALUE ADI	DED BY MANU	FACTURE.
VALUE OF TROOTERS.	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909
All classes	595	514	518	10, 482	8, 877	7,707	\$68,826,570	<b>\$</b> 28, 9 <b>7</b> 8, 241	\$25, 289, 136	\$37, 886 <b>,</b> 470	<b>\$16,7</b> 39,118	\$15,042,602
Less than \$5,000	125 181 192	127 199 133	147 187 135	42 498 1,743	146 971 2,380	182 956 2,480	299, 940 2, 021, 696 9, 272, 206	326, 764 2, 114, 545 5, 711, 981	383, 463 2, 020, 003 5, 819, 241	. 189, 031 1, 278, 741 5, 411, 283	231,976 1,327,467 3,415,524	204, 245 1, 294, 810 3, 418, 883
\$100,000 to \$500,000 \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	71 10 16	43 7 5	} 46 3	3,065 800 4,334	3,622 1,758	3, 028 1, 061	15,091,792 7,205,082 34,935,854	8,356,101 4,774,579 7,694,271	} 12,053,695 5,012,734	8, 187, 489 2, 518, 328 20, 301, 598	7,448,999 4,315,152	7,114,346 2,950,318
			''				PER CENT DIS	TRIBUTION.				
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 . \$5,000 to \$20,000 . \$20,000 to \$100,000 .	21. 0 30. 4 32. 3	24. 7 38. 7 25. 9	28. 4 36. I 26, 1	0, 4 4, 8 16, 6	1. 6 10. 9 26. 8	2. 4 12. 4 32. 2	0. 4 2. 9 13. 5	7. 1 7. 3 19. 7	1.5 8.0 23.0	0. 5 3. 4 14. 3	1. 4 7. 9 20. 4	1.8 8.6 22.7
\$100,000 to \$500,000. \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	11.9 1.7 2.7	8. 4 1. 3 1. 0	} 8.0 0.6	$   \left\{ \begin{array}{c}     29.2 \\     7.6 \\     41.3   \end{array} \right. $	} 40.8 19.8	39. 3 13. 8	{ 21, 9 10, 5 50, 8	28, 8 16, 5 26, 6	} 47. 7 19. 8	21. 6 6. 6 53. 6		47. 3 19. 6

Table 10.—Size of establishments, by value of products, for selected industries: 1919 and 1914.

	Es		BER OF	rs.		RAGE N VAGE E			VAI	UE OF PROD	ucrs.		VALUE AD	DED BY MAN	UFACTU	RE.
INDUSTRY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.		- 1	Per o		1919	1914	Per distrib		1919	1914	Per distrib		1919	1914	Per o	ent ution,
	1919	1914	1919	1914	1010	1071	1919	1914			1919	1914			1919	1914
BREAD AND OTHER BAKERY PROD- UCTS  Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000. \$500,000 and over.	14 25 23 5	58 9 27 11 10 1	100. 0 18. 9 33. 8 31. 1 6. 8 9. 4	100. 0 15. 5 46. 5 19. 0 17. 2 1. 7	1,321 1,161 6 34 84 104 1 1067 886		100. 0 0. 1 2. 6 9. 7 20. 6 67. 1	100. 0 0, 5 7, 2 9. 0 83. 3	\$10,625,868 43,452 279,966 955,036 1,395,642 7,951,772	\$3, 916, 169 29, 753 272, 084 398, 502 13, 215, 830	100. 0 0. 4 2. 6 9. 0 13. 1 74. 8	100. 0 0. 8 6. 9 10. 2 82. 1	\$4,393,044 17,926 112,604 393,183 600,539 3,268,792	\$1,625,441 13,513 119,249 157,673 11,335,006	100. 0 0. 4 2. 6 8, 9 13. 7 74. 4	100.0 0.8 7.3 9.7 82.1
COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WORK Loss than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000	. 5	22 7 10 5	100. 0 22. 7 40. 9 36. 4	100. 0 31. 8 45. 5 22. 7			100. 0 2. 1 20. 8 77. 1	100.0 6.8 31.4 61.8	525, 707 11, 625 103, 291 410, 791	340, 589 20, 925 93, 093 226, 571	100. 0 2. 2 19. 6 78. 1	100. 0 6. 1 27. 3 66. 5	344, 039 6, 937 65, 431 271, 671	183, 123 14, 132 58, 523 110, 468	100. 0 2. 0 19. 0 79. 0	100, 0 7, 7 32, 0 60, 3
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE-SHOP PRODUCTS.  Less than \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000.	19 7	17 7 9 1	100. 0 36. 8 42. 1 21. 1	100. 0 41. 2 52. 9 5. 9	302 38 103 161	334 42 2 292	100.0 12.6 34.1 53.3	100. 0 12. 6 87. 4	1,159,176 85,958 335,405 737,813	646, 203 67, 026 2 579, 177	100. 0 7. 4 28. 9 63. 7	100, 0 10, 4 89, 6	653, 207 61, 701 252, 252 339, 254	446, 244 50, 478 2 395, 766	100. 0 9. 4 38. 6 51. 9	100.0 11.3 88.7
Lithographing\$20,000 to \$100,000\$100,000 to \$500,000	. 3	(3) (3)	100. 0 50. 0 50. 0		197 81 116	141	100. 0 41. 1 58. 9		687, 447 222, 769 464, 678	314,119	100. 0 32. 4 67. 6		448, 225 175, 506 272, 719	196,111	100.0 39.2 60.8	
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING, BOOK AND JOB	. 102 . 45 . 26	80 35 26 16 3	100. 0 44. 1 25. 5 20. 6 9. 8	100. 0 43. 8 32, 5 20. 0 3. 8	1,034 15 80 203 736	762 33 133 309 287	100. 0 1. 5 7. 7 19. 6 71. 2	100.0 4.3 17.5 40.6 37.7	3, 974, 976 92, 471 272, 373 932, 996 2, 677, 136	1,618,662 83,981 261,493 684,958 588,230	100. 0 2. 3 6. 9 23. 5 67. 3	100.0 5.2 16.2 42.3 36.3	2,549,426 61,620 172,766 640,443 1,674,597	1, 154, 723 58, 390 194, 847 483, 275 418, 211	100. 0 2. 4 6. 8 25. 1 65. 7	100,0 5.0 16.9 41.9 36,2
Printing and publishing, news papers and periodicals Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000. \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 to \$1,000,000.	67 16 18 18 10	. 2	100. 0 23. 9 26. 9 26. 9 14. 9	3.3	808 13 30 357 408	55 261 4 244	100. 0 1. 6 3. 7 44. 2	3, 4 9, 2 8, 6 40, 7 38, 1	1 0 404 2004	241,500 436,542 1,026,753 4 2,391,827	1. 6 6. 4 20. 9	1.0 5.8 10.5 24.8 57.8	9,098,797 28,151 160,433 716,072 1,712,870 6,472,271	3, 127, 535 39, 477 217, 191 338, 781 767, 429 4 1, 764, 657	100.0 0.3 1.9 7.9 18.8	1, 3 6, 9 10, 8 24, 5 56, 4

¹ Includes the group ''\$500,000 to \$1,000,000." ¹ Includes the group ''\$100,000 to \$500,000."

TABLE 11.—CHARACTER OF OWNERSHIP, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919 AND 1914.

		NIII	MBER O	, I	AVE	rage n	UMBER	of W	AGE EA	RNERS			γ.	ALUE OF PRO	DUCTS.			
industry.	Cen-	ESTAB	LISHMI VED BY	ENTS			blishm ted by-		Per c	ent of t	otal.		Of establi	shments ow	ied by	Per c	ent of	total.
	year.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.	Total.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.	Total.	Individ- uals.	Corpora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	
All industries	1919 1914 1909	309 268 303	178 153 122	108 93 93	10, 482 8, 877 7, 707	1,617 2,041 2,419	8, 086 5, 965 4, 459	779 871 829	15. 4 23. 0 31. 4	77.1 67.2 57.9	7.4 9.8 10.8	\$68, 826, 570 28, 978, 241 25, 289, 136	\$8, 788, 904 5, 080, 976 5, 847, 661	\$53, 176, 333 21, 368, 253 16, 544, 835	\$6, 861, 333 2, 529, 012 2, 896, 640	12. 8 17. 5 23. 1	73.7	10.0 8.7 11.5
Bread and other bakery products.	1919 1914	59 46	9	6 4	8,877	350 383	912 762	59 16	26. 5 33. 0	69. 0 65. 6	4.5 1.4	10, 625, 868 3, 916, 169	2, 461, 884 1, 295, 470	7, 368, 322 2, 555, 808	795, 662 64, 891	23. 2 33. 1	69. 3 65. 3	7.5 1.6
Foundry and machine- shop products.	1919 1914	8 9	5 3	6 5	302 334	142 224	66 16	94 94	47.0 67.1	21.9 4.8	31.1 28.1	1, 159, 176 646, 203	590, 026 363, 140	247, 436 120, 000	321, 714 163, 063	50. 9 56. 2	21.3 18.6	27. 8 25. 2
Printing and publishing, book and job.	1919 1914	62 44	24 19	16 17	1,034 762	184 167	779 526	71 60	17.8 21.9	75.3 69.0	6.9 9.1	3, 974, 976 1, 618, 662	841, 768 437, 381	2, 861, 956 1, 004, 085	271, 252 177, 196	21. 2 27. 0		6.8 11.0
Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodi- cals.	1919 1914	10 16	30 26	27 18	808 641	14 45	777 583	17 13	1.7 7.0	96. 2 91. 0	2.1 2.0	11, 897, 555 4, 139, 268	93, 959 97, 020	9, 266, 333 3, 255, 088	2, 537, 263 787, 160	0.8 2,4		21.3 19.0

Figures not shown, to avoid disclosing individual operations.
 Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

TABLE 12.-NUMBER AND HORSEPOWER OF TYPES OF PRIME MOVERS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

				Horsepower.									
POWER.	NUMBER O.	F ENGINES O	R MOTORS.		Amount.		Per cent distribution.						
	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909				
Primary power, total	2,874	1,616	940	33,079	24, 775	16,563	100.0	100.0	100.0				
Owned Steam L Engines.	172 113 97 16 54	285 214 (2) (2)	278 217 (2) (2)	13, 109 10, 340 8, 868	18, 338 15, 230 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	14,060 12,212 (²) (²)	39. 6 31. 2 26. 8 4. 4	74.1 61.5	84. 9 73. 7				
Turbines. Intornal-combustion engines. Water wheels and turbines. Rented. Electric.	54 5 2, 702 2, 702	67 4 1,331 1,331	55 6 662 662	8,868 1,472 2,103 606 19,970 19,960	2, 568 540 6, 437 6, 407	1, 073 775 2, 503 2, 483	6.4 2.0 60.4 60.3	10. 4 2. 2 26. 0 25. 9	6.5 4.7 15.1 14.7				
Other  Electric  Rented  Generated by establishment reporting	2,883 2,702 181	1,659 1,331 328	887 662 225	21, 943 19, 960 1, 983	9, 522 6, 407 3, 115	4, 527 2, 433 2, 094	100. 0 91. 0 9. 0	100. 0 67. 3 32. 7	100. 0 53. 7 46. 3				

 <sup>1</sup> Figures for horsepower for 1909 include the amount reported under the head of "other" owned power.
 2 Not reported separately.

TABLE 13.—FUEL CONSUMED, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919.

	co	AL.	Coke (tons,		Gasoline and	
INDUSTRY.	Anthracite (tons, 2,240 pounds).	Bituminous (tons, 2,000 pounds).	2,000 pounds).	Fuel oils barrels).	other volatile oils (barrels).	Gas (1,000 cubic feet).
All Industries	87, 731 59, 552 47. 3	125, 170 159, 924 21, 7	15, 579 1, 831 750. 8	399, 236 259, 693 54. 1	1, 147 (¹) (¹)	964, 794 48, 652 1, 883.0
Bread and other bakery products. Confectionery (ice cream). Foundry and machine-shop products Gas, illuminating and heating. Jee, manufactured. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills. Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	5, 573 47 138 76, 541 2, 499	5, 269 15, 586 380 15, 884 21, 259	350 1,897 2,769	3 522 12 346, 569	45 36 176	409, 351 522, 518
ice, manufactured. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills. Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	496	21, 255 24, 923 575	2, 317 7, 991	52, 065	189 71	400
Printing and publishing, book and job.  Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.	330 486	637 867 4, 917		3	10 51	2, 424 13, 300
Slaughtering and meat packing All other industries	1,621	34, 873	255	62	569	16, 801

<sup>1</sup> Included in figures for fuel oil.

### SPECIAL STATISTICS.

Laundries.—Statistics for power laundries are not included in the general tables nor in the totals for manufacturing industries in the various tables in this report. Table 14, however, summarizes the statistics for such laundries in the District as reported for 1919 and 1914.

TABLE 14.—POWER LAUNDRIES: 1919 AND 1914.

	NUMBER OR	AMOUNT	Per cent of
	1919	1914	in- crease, <sup>1</sup> 1914- 1919.
Number of establishments.  Persons engaged.  Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees  Wage earners (average number)  Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages Salaries. Wages. Paid for contract work Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Amount received for work done	2, 295 10 140 2, 145 1, 633 \$1, 374, 200 1, 364, 048 314, 468 1, 049, 580 4, 882 60, 731 481, 036	18 1, 351 10 124 1, 217 1, 071 8971, 336 562, 398 121, 408 440, 990 20, 907 181, 376 1, 023, 475	69. 9 76. 3 52. 5 41. 5 142. 5 159. 0 138. 0 1,777. 7 133. 2 164. 5

<sup>1</sup> Percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

Dyeing and cleaning.—Table 15 shows, for 1919, statistics for dyeing and cleaning establishments that were operated by mechanical power. Statistics for such establishments are not included in the general tables nor in the totals for manufacturing industries for censuses since 1900. This presentation is the first that has been made since the census statistics were confined to manufacturing industries as distinguished from the hand trades, household industries, etc.

TABLE 15.—DYEING AND CLEANING: 1919.

	Number or amount.
Number of establishments	6
Persons engaged	104
Salaried employees	3
Wage carners (average number)	94
Primary horsepower	
Capital	
Salaries.	3, 13
Wages	102,60
Rent and taxes	
Cost of materials	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

## ESTABLISHMENTS OPERATED BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

A large proportion of the wage earners of the District (65.8 per cent in 1919 and 54.5 per cent in 1914) are employed by the Federal Government in operations similar to those carried on in the manufacturing establishments conducted under private ownership. These operations, however, are conducted for the exclusive benefit of the Government, and, as the

products are not manufactured for sale, no value of products is shown. The statistics for the governmental establishments are not included in the general statistics for manufactures, but are presented separately in tables 16, 17, 18, and 19. The abnormal activity of governmental establishments in 1919 is apparent from an examination of these statistics.

TABLE 16.—GOVERNMENTAL ESTABLISHMENTS: 1919, 1914, 1909, AND 1904.

	TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	Num-	PERSON	S ENGA VDUSTRY					EXPENSE	3.	•	
industry,	Census year.	ber of estab- lish- ments.	Total.	Officials and clerks.	Wage earners (average num- ber).	CAPITAL.*	Total.	Salaries.	Wages.	Cost of materials.	Rent.	Contract work.
All industries	1919 1914 1909 1904	11 11 11 11	22, 423 11, 639 11, 666 11, 470	2, 254 1, 025 1, 009 488	20, 169 10, 614 10, 657 10, 982	\$85, 533, 787 39, 863, 067 28, 479, 599 24, 567, 754	\$59, 074, 899 17, 862, 758 15, 508, 250 14, 958, 958	\$3, 540, 566 1, 122, 927 1, 016, 745 643, 113	\$29, 794, 728 10, 614, 466 10, 663, 040 9, 740, 261	\$25, 346, 438 5, 902, 954 3, 807, 626 4, 502, 090	\$60,720 12,736 10,565 34,794	\$332, 447 209, 675 10, 274 38, 700
Engraving and printing 1	1919 1914 1909 1904	3 4 4 4	7,752 4,146 4,190 3,206	484 318 311 183	7, 268. 3, 828 3, 879 3, 023	7, 786, 485 6, 151, 511 3, 107, 610 2, 409, 100	11, 867, 467 4, 678, 123 4, 664, 332 3, 492, 264	658, 539 398, 697 352, 547 238, 871	8, 001, 899 3, 600, 227 3, 593, 419 2, 601, 896	3, 166, 407 657, 470 708, 217 621, 372	6, 400	40, 622 21, 729 10, 149 23, 725
Instruments, professional and scientific (Smithsonian Institution).	1919 1914 1909 1904	1 1 1 1	1 1 1		1 1 1	3, 500 3, 500 3, 500 2, 650	2, 240 1, 645 1, 695 1, 679		1,740 1,320 1,260 1,080	500 325 310 599		
Naval Gun Factory (United States Navy Yard).	1919 1914 1909 1904	1 1 1	9, 265 3, 239 3, 141 3, 396	1, 212 253 297 107	8, 053 2, 986 2, 844 3, 289	68, 764, 200 27, 318, 507 19, 192, 224 16, 449, 605	32, 180, 537 6, 834, 341 4, 577, 663 5, 331, 459	2, 128, 949 280, 735 203, 317 107, 966	13, 575, 872 3, 065, 057 2, 893, 670 2, 639, 184	16, 475, 716 3, 488, 549 1, 480, 676 2, 569, 334		14, 975
Government printing 2	1919 1914 1909 1904	3 3 3 4	5, 011 4, 051 4, 155 4, 572	534 408 390 190	4, 477 3, 643 3, 765 4, 382	8, 276, 003 6, 302, 618 6, 102, 938 5, 679, 074	12, 862, 097 6, 143, 345 6, 079, 295 5, 898, 838	713, 774 433, 037 449, 042 287, 916	7, 738, 823 3, 827, 458 4, 042, 467 4, 330, 998	4, 162, 973 1, 691, 610 1, 587, 786 1, 256, 626	47, 970 3, 294 23, 298	198, 557 187, 946
Other industries 3	1919 1914 1909 1904	3 2 2 1	394 202 179 295	24 46 11 8	370 156 168 287	703, 599 86, 931 73, 327 27, 325	2, 162, 558 205, 304 185, 265 234, 718	39, 304 10, 458 11, 839 8, 360	476, 394 120, 404 132, 224 167, 103	1, 540, 842 65, 000 30, 637 54, 159	12,750 9,442 10,565 5,096	

\* The capital reported represents almost exclusively the value placed on the land, buildings, and machinery, and does not include cash, bills receivable, and other items similar to those reported for the establishments operated under private ownership.

'Includes the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and establishments operated in the Geodetic Survey, the Geological Survey, and the Department of State in 1914, and 1904, and the same in 1919, with the exception of the establishment operated in the State Department Printing Office and an establishment operated in the Weather Bureau; also one establishment operated in the War Department in 1914, 1909, and 1904 and one operated in the State Department in 1919.

Includes, in 1919, two reports from the Post Office Department (one for the mail equipment shops and one for the rural motor truck garage) and one report for the City Post office garage: in 1914 and 1909, two reports from the Post Office Department (one for the mail-bag repair shop and one for the mail-lock shop) which in 1904 were included in one report.

TABLE 17.—GOVERNMENTAL ESTABLISHMENTS—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

		NUMBER.1		PER CEN	T OF MA	KIMUM.			NUMBER.1	PER CENT OF MAXIMUM.			
	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909		1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909
January February March April May June.	20, 903 20, 392 19, 727 19, 753 19, 637 19, 407	10, 750 10, 744 10, 703 10, 565 10, 528 10, 566	11, 030 11, 027 10, 998 10, 852 10, 631 10, 517	98. 8 96. 4 93. 2 93. 3 92. 8 91. 7	100. 0 99. 9 99. 6 98. 3 97. 9 98. 3	100. 0 99. 9 90. 7 98. 4 96. 4 95. 3	July	19, 954 20, 997	10, 501 10, 553 10, 607 10, 615 10, 610 10, 626	10, 258 10, 416 10, 115 10, 681 10, 591 10, 775	91. 8 93. 0 94. 3 99. 2 100. 0 99. 2	97. 7 98. 2 98. 7 98. 7 98. 7 98. 8	93.0 94.4 91.7 96.8 96.0 97.7

<sup>1</sup> Figures represent number employed on 15th of each month or nearest representative day. Maximum number indicated by boldface figures, minimum by italies.

TABLE 18.—GOVERNMENTAL ESTABLISHMENTS—NUMBER AND HORSEPOWER OF TYPES OF PRIME MOVERS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

				HORSEPOWER.								
. POWER.	NUMBER O	F ENGINES O	R MOTORS.		Amount.		Per cent of	increase.1				
	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1914- 1919	1909- 1914				
Primary power, total.	291	204	177	27,793	11,167	5,902	148. 9	89.2				
Owned. Steam. Engines Turbines. Internal-combustion engines.	25 25 19 6	(2) (2) (2) (3)	29 28 (2) (2) 1	27,313 27,313 8,027 19,286	10, 921 10, 911 (2) (2) 10	5, 756 5, 746 (²) (²)	150. 1 150. 3	89. 7 89. 9				
Rented—Electric	266	171	148	480	246	146	95. 1	68. 5				
Electric—Generated by establishment reporting	6,211	3,535	1,972	54,620	10,636	10,729	413. 5	-0.9				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

TABLE 19.—GOVERNMENTAL ESTABLISHMENTS—FUEL CONSUMED: 1919 AND 1914.

KIND.	Unit.	QUAN 1919	1914	Per cent of in- crease,1 1914- 1919.	KIND.	Unit.	QUAN 1919	1914	Per cent of in- crease, 1914– 1919.
Anthracite coal	Ton, 2,240 pounds. Ton, 2,000 pounds. Ton, 2,000 pounds.	5, 850 90, 773 1, 215	11, 341 44, 099 577	-48.4 126.2 110.6	Fuel, oils	Barrel 1,000 cubic feet	54, 612 36, 887	18, 625 24, 297	193. 2 51. 8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A minus sign (--) denotes decrease.

### GENERAL TABLES.

Table 20 gives the number of establishments, average number of wage earners, primary horsepower, wages, cost of materials, and value of products for all industries combined and for selected industries in the District for 1919, 1914, and 1909. Certain kindred industries

are combined in some instances for comparison with 1909.

Table 21 presents, for 1919, statistics for the District as a whole and for each industry that can be shown without the disclosure of individual operations.

TABLE 20.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

INDUSTRY.	Cen-	Num- ber of estab-	Wage earn- ers (aver-	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	rials. Licts. INDUSTRY. Co		INDUSTRY. S		f id-id-its. INDUSTRY. C		Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earn- ers (aver-	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	lish- ments.	age num- ber).	power.	E <sub>2</sub>	epressee housance	l in is.		year.	ments.	age num- ber).	power.		p <b>r</b> essed lousand			
All industries	1919 1914 1909	505 514 518	10,482 8,877 7,707		\$13,189 6,069 4,989	12,239	28,978	Marble and stone work	1919 1914 1909	12 12 15	116 130 265	159 82 72	\$112 74 180	\$193 147 250	\$437 290 549		
Bread and other bakery prod- ucts.	1919 1914 1909	74 58 71	1,321 1,161 975	1,111 937 911	1,606 818 702	6,233 2,291 2,202	10,626 3,916 3,590	Mineraland soda waters	1919 1914 1909	11 11 9	82 95 64	116 55 67	73 60 45	265 131 73	644 285 199		
Coffee, roasting and grinding	1919 1914 1909	5 5 4	31 29 17	111 61 90	30 26 9	757 304 374	925 428 523	Patent medicines and com- pounds and druggists' prepa- rations.	1919 1914 1909	18 20 17	82 169 78	118 62 50	49 62 36	282 218 57	794 613 384		
Confectionery	1919 1914 1909	16 9 15	104 63 128	14 10 15	106 19 62	455 108 152	758 194 284	Printing and publishing 2	1919 1914 1909	186 156 156	2,154 1,671 1,565	2,746 2,065 1,703	2,690 1,239 1,101	4,548 1,648 1,095	16,859 6,242 4,899		
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work.	1919 1914 1909	22 22 17	144 191 152	65 49 6	175 122 108	182 157 160	526 341 340	Tobacco and cigars	1919 1914 1909	9 15 21	59 145 63	7 8 3	41 67 32	56 111 45	154 245 109		
Foundry and machine-shop products.	1919 1914 1909	54 26 23	615 562 509	1,054 871 571	730 396 310	1,224 518 466	2,688 1,230 1,175	All other industries	1919 1914 1909	179 170 160	4,412	25,935 19,896 12,574	7,282 2,094 2,215	16,363 6,412 5,118	14,753		
lamber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	1919 1914 1909	9 10 10	244 249 309	643 679 501	295 162 189	382 194 254	860 441 609										

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes "automobile repairing" and "structural iron work, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

<sup>2</sup> Includes "bookbinding and blank-book making"; "engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing;" and "lithographing,"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not reported separately.

## MANUFACTURES—DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

### TABLE 21.—DETAILED STATEMENT OF ALL INDUSTRIES

			and the second s		PERSO	NS EN	AGED	IN THE	INDUST	rry.				ARNER				
		s I			(1-1-	Clerks	, etc.		Wage	earne	rs.			16 and	over.	Unde	or 16.	
	INDUSTRY.	diment		Pro-	Sala- ried offi- cers,	   			Numl	bor, 15	th day of			ı				Capital,
	INDUSTREE.	Number of establishments	Total.	tors and firm mem- bers.	su- perin-	Male.	Fe- male-	A ver- age min- her.	Maxii mou		Minimu raonth	m	l'otai.	Male,	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	
1	All industries	595	14, 101	515	779	1,336	989	10,482	De 10	0,723	Mh 10,3	19	(3)	(3)	(3)	(8)	(8)	Dollars. 63, 008, 179
2 3 4 5 6	Automobile bodies and parts. Automobile repairing. Awnings, tents, and salls. Brokbinding and blank-book making. Bread and other bakery products	27	34 285 07 84 1,713	5 26 7 9 72	3 18 7 1 46	1 14 4 1 234	13 3 2 40	25 214 76 71 1,321	De Ja My Jy Ja	1	Je 4 2 So Ja Jy 4 1,3	1	30 200 73 74 1,332	28 200 26 40 1,121	47 32 203	2 3	5	102,002 739,427 116,211 76,399 4,095,524
7 8 9 10 11	Clothing, women's. Coffee, reasting and grinding. Confectionery and ice cream Confectionery. Lee cream	i	33 63 765 149 616	5 3 21 18 3	9 47 7 40	17 40 40	20 20 20	28 31 617 104 513	An Ja De Jy	33 33 157 671	Ap 4 Ju 4	20 30 84 20	27   31 597   157 440	1 18 463 41 422				12,344 279,688 3,372,850 515,016 2,857,834
12 13 14 15 16	Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Druggists' proparations	3 3 4	106 47 14 7 58	17 5 4 6	21 10	8 i		144 32 8 3 44	Au Mh Ja <sup>4</sup> De De	177 35 8 6 52	Au Ap 4 Mh 4	83 26 7 2 39	167 31 8 6 52	167 8 7 6 33	13 10	3	7	264, 689 244, 434 7, 576 3, 160 60, 053
17 18 19 20 21	Food preparations, not elsewhere specified. Foundry and machine-shop products. Machine shops. All other. Pur goods.		362 247 115 53	10 22 14 8 8	21	7 11 9 2	6 4 2 10	302 205 97	De Au Je De	38 215 103 43	Ja 4	21 92 94 25	38   302   205   97   48	330 330 203 97 23	18	1 1		980, 131 585, 599 394, 532 283, 485
22 23 24	Furniture. Hand stamps. Hats and caps, other than felf, straw, and wool.	4 4 3	27 45 11	3 2 3	2 3	5	4	22 31 8	Au My4 No4	30 34 9	My Do Ja t	18    26    7	21   30   9	19 28 1 6	$\frac{2}{2}$			18,782 107,947 9,975
$\frac{25}{26}$	Ice, manufactured	10	296 20	7	33	22	1	238 17	Au De		Ja 4	210 14	244 17	242	2		······	4,120,74! 48,571
27 28	Lithographing Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	.i 6 i 9	242 279	<sub>5</sub>	23 19	14 8	8 3	197 244	ју	214 263	Ja   1   Ja   2	185 127	189   258	156   253 	32	1		561,861 571,767
29 30 31	Marble and stone work.  Monuments and tembstones All other.	. 4	141 31 110		8 2 6		2	116 23 93	Je Je 1	26 113	Ja Fo	20 66	122 23 99	122 23 99				299,691 53,568 234,523
32 33 34	Mattresses and spring beds.  Mineral and soda waters.  Models and patterns, not including	. 5 . 11 . 4	56 122 9		9		$\frac{1}{3}$	46 82 4	Jy 4 Jo Ja 4	51 103 4	Ap Fo My	42   57   3	38 81 4	27   81   4	11			125,027 323,070 10,729
35 36	paper patterns. Optical goods: Lenses. Patent medicines and compounds	. 4 . 15	15 j 107		!ii	-\i4	<u>22</u>	12 50	De Oc		Ja 4 Je	12 45	13 51	11 21	1 30	1		13,078 158,530
37 <b>38</b> 39	Photo-engraving.  Pickles, preserves, and sauces.  Printing and publishing, book and	. 3	1,278	1 4	,	-		.i 5	No (6)	5	Ja   (5)	56	65 5 1, 253	65 942		8	i	81,090 2,996 3,169,845
40 41	Job work onlyAll other	. 90 . 3	1,253 25	106			27	1,013	Do Fo4	$1,154 \\ 21$	Ja Ja	948 20	1,232 21	923 19	300	8	1	3,001,679 108,166
42	and pariadicale		11 '	'i	-		1	1	,		.i		849	705		!	1 .	5,745,257
43 41	Printing and publishing Printing, publishing, and job printing.	1 7	208	i.	1 7	1 54	: 50	173	Oc	651 195	Jn	504 149	651 179	557 141		12	1 2	3, 275, 243 451, 330
45	Publishing, without printing	ì	li	11	ĺ	ļ			1	998 998	Ap +	19	19 226	7		1	 ¦	2, 015, 654 1, 847, 050
46 47	Structural ironwork, not made in stee works or rolling mills.		140	r¦i (	5   14	17	' 4	99	Oc	107	Λp	90	100	ų	ļ	-		567, 454 49, 750
48 49		53			198	2 290		4,166			Jg	42	77	31 	46	.i	-	0.1 101 031

	177	The state of the s
<ul> <li>Includes water wheels and turbines (irrespective of</li> <li>Chiefly electric motors operated by rented (or pure</li> </ul>	f ownership of water supply). chased) current; other power included (chiefly shaft-bel	it or transmitted power from neighboring power plants)
* All other industries embrace — Artifile all limbs	Canning and preserving, fish Card cutting and designing. Curs and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad companies. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies. Chemicals Clothing, men's. Coal-tar products. Dairymen's, poultrymen's, and apiarists' supplies.	Dental goods.  Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies. Fancy articles, not elsowhere specified.  Ferrealloys Flavoring extracts.  Flour-nill and gristmill products.  Gas and electric fixtures.  Grease and tallow, not including inbricating gresses.  Grease translating goods, not elsowhere specified.

### COMBINED AND FOR SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES: 1919.

			EXPE				POWER.										
Sala	ries and wa	iges.		Rent ar	d taxes.	For ma	terials.			,	Prin	ary ho	rsøpowe	er.		Elec-	
			Dan					Value of products.	Value added by manufac-			Owne	d.			trie horse- power gener-	
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, Federal and local.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	ричины	ture.	Total.	Steam en- gines (not tur- bines).	Steam tur- bines.	In- ternal com- bus- tion en- gines.	Water pow- er. <sup>1</sup>	Rent- ed. <sup>2</sup>	ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	
Dollars. 2, 595, 491	Dollars. 3, 071, 888	Dollars. 13, 189, 031	Dollars. 2, 770, 506	Dollars. 399, 949	Dollars. 2, 481, 001	Dollars. 27, 462, 366	Dollars. 3, 477, 734	Dollars. 68, 826, 570	Dollars. 37, 886, 470	33,079	8,868	1, 472	2, 103	666	19,970	1,983	1
6, 500 35, 522 20, 640 3, 380 125, 125	1,000 54,361 8,756 2,282 597,671	30, 483 229, 085 70, 526 67, 244 1, 605, 877	200 2, 000 2, 952 1, 186	2, 040 23, 080 5, 662 7, 096 42, 883	623 5, 826 1, 036 229 365, 402	39, 146 388, 905 144, 102 53, 127 6, 067, 380	828 12,719 1,415 1,435 165,444	101, 663 884, 002 274, 384 169, 780 10, 625, 868	61, 689 482, 378 128, 867 115, 218 4, 393, 044	21 158 18 28 1,111	310		·····2 ·····9		21 156 18 28 792	267	2 3 4 5 6
51, 600 246, 922 13, 558 233, 364	33, 897 78, 457 10, 767 67, 690	19, 565 30, 020 771, 632 105, 852 665, 780	8, 639 1, 532 7, 107	1, 552 4, 440 15, 177 11, 585 3, 592	218 16, 700 114, 200 39, 276 74, 924	33, 747 749, 605 1, 707, 488 445, 268 1, 262, 220	399 6, 990 149, 656 10, 074 139, 582	69, 940 924, 786 4, 859, 098 758, 235 4, 100, 863	35, 794 168, 191 3, 001, 954 302, 893 2, 699, 061	3,478 111 3,478 14 3,464	1,620 1,620				111 1,858 14 1,844		7 8 9 10 11
40, 251 29, 940 4,840	13, 073 5, 800 312 3, 889	174, 973 23, 405 9, 005 6, 260 49, 799	1, 580	12, 044 2, 066 1, 200 755 4, 655	3, 923 1, 692 40 15 318	179, 152 181, 620 2, 975 769 29, 006	2, 516 797 564 100 1, 052	525, 707 313, 692 19, 202 19, 643 129, 480	344, 039 131, 275 15, 663 18, 774 99, 422	65 16 17 4 7					30 16 9 4 7		. 14
5, 834	6, 847	26, 888	1, 185	2,450	974	417, 031	3, 729	505, 547	84,787	52			34		18		. 17
52, 842 47, 382 5, 460 6, 170	25, 008 18, 088 6, 920 9, 976	370, 848 254, 038 116, 810 52, 733	150	13, 293 9, 280 4, 013 4, 860	13, 197 9, 875 3, 322 9, 034	490, 377 310, 802 179, 575 101, 400	15, 592 8, 683 6, 909 1, 667	1, 159, 176 779, 680 379, 496 214, 858	653, 207 460, 195 193, 012 111, 791	437 269 168 30	72 12 60		186 81 105		179 176 3 30		18 19 20 21
3, 870 8, 720	13,846	33, 162 37, 359 9, 288	800 8, 213	2,752 4,440 1,320	525 444 80	22, 241 104, 382 9, 236	1, 323 2, 128 405	81, 807 214, 715 27, 996	58, 243 108, 205 18, 355	44 21 2	30				14 21 2		22 23 24
62, 842 9, 590	37, 473 1, 247	299, 524 38, 006		7, 800 2, 843	54,777 219	180, 429 45, 008	237, 589 361	1,080,666 134,981	662, 648 89, 612	6, 258 7	1, 954		1,475	391	2,438	596	25 26
86, 502 34, 587	54, 780 14, 699	224, 575 295, 365	200 2, 000	10, 171 11, 140	3,770 8,220	230, 190 369, 313	9, 032 12, 958	687, 447 860, 389	448, 225 478, 118	178 643	340		25		178 278		27 28
33, 540 4, 490 29, 050	2,740 2,740	112, 179 35, 393 76, 786	2, 300 2, 300	2,729 1,230 1,499	1,714 289 1,425	189, 032 45, 263 143, 769	3, 920 1, 085 2, 835	436, 972 104, 128 332, 844	244, 020 57, 780 186, 240	159 51 108			57 36 21		102 15 87		29 30 31
2, 808 22, 566	4, 033 40, 952	52, 612 73, 055 6, 558		4, 838 6, 365 516	933 74, 057 67	161, 070 258, 380 6, 500	2,758 6,174 313	309, 412 643, 778 21, 576	145, 584 379, 224 14, 763	68 116 8	24		17		68 75 8	····· <u>2</u>	32 33 34
24,952	10,783	18, 592 25, 690	35 441	2, 717 9, 365	69 49, 438	17, 146 98, 793	1,050 834	51, 185 480, 411	32, 989 380, 784	8 102	40				8 62	····- <sub>7</sub>	35
39,742	11,109	109, 574 2, 080	4, 005 106	5, 580 540	4, 207 22	35, 820 6, 705	2,703 181	267, 192 14, 533	228, 669 7, 647	23 1					23 1		37
252, 806 248, 956	70, 937 69, 337	ľ		64, 222	127, 041	1,384,560	40, 990	3, 974, 976	2, 549, 426	854			8	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	846		31
3, 850	1,600	1, 154, 300 28, 200	12, 133 35, 509	62, 422 1, 800	106	1, 382, 145 2, 415	39, 750 1, 240	3, 882, 177 92, 799	2, 460, 282 89, 144	850 4			8		842 4	•••••	41
683, 497 328, 154 23, 134	1, 423, 694 750, 594	1, 166, 320 953, 868	2, 567, 489	57, 294 28, 848	278, 749 271, 975	2, 754, 828 1, 897, 891	43, 930 32, 875	11, 897, 555 6, 407, 600	9, 098, 797 4, 476, 834	1,679 1,421	385 385				1,036	<b>-</b>	43
23, 134 332, 209	115, 302 557, 798	196, 452	9 567 490	9, 269	5,934	1, 897, 891 412, 848	32, 875 9, 531	803, 708	4, 476, 834 381, 329	1,421 257					257		- 4
59, 980	69, 996	245, 725	2, 567, 489	19, 177 8, 432	840 19, 188	444, 089 4, 165, 209	1, 524 62, 630	4, 686, 247 5, 012, 294	4, 240, 634 784, 455	917	270	145			502		. 4
50, 747 2, 639 586, 537	34, 330 2, 493 437, 447	129, 837 40, 760 5, 547, 927	101, 929 17, 454	6, 816 2, 582	19, 188 3, 392 23, 210 1, 297, 452	308, 768 55, 850	62, 630 7, 379 597 2, 675, 576	644, 470 154, 025 21, 033, 364	784, 455 328, 323 97, 578 11, 884, 712	459			112 135	275	347 7 10,408	1,111	. 4

<sup>3</sup> No figures given for reasons stated under "Explanation of terms." <sup>4</sup> Same number reported for one or more other months. <sup>5</sup> Same number reported throughout the year.								
Instruments, professional and scientific.  Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.  Iron and steel, nails and spikes, cut and wrought, including wire nails, not made in steel works or rolling mills.  Liquors, malt, including cereal beverages.  Millinery, embroideries.  Paints.  Paper and wood pulp.  Paper goods, not elsewhere specified.  Poanuts, grading, roasting, deaning, and shelling	1 2 1 1	Perfumery and cosmetics Pottery, earthen and stone ware. Printing materials Regalia, and society badges and emblems Roofing materials. Sand-lime brick. Sausage, not made in slaughtering and meat—packing establishments. Shipbuilding, wooden, repair work only Shirts.	2 1 1 1 1 1 2	Sporting and athletic goods . Statuary and art goods . Statuary and art goods . Stereotyping and electrofyping . Surgical appliances . Tools, not elsewhere specified . Toys and games . Trunks and valises . Vinegar and eider . Window and door screens . Window shades and fixtures .	2 2 2 1 1 1 2			

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS WASHINGTON

# FOURTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES MANUFACTURES: 1919

## FLORIDA

Prepared under the supervision of EUGENE F. HARTLEY, Chief Statistician for Manufactures

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	specified industries: 1919	16



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### EXPLANATION OF TERMS.

Scope of census.—Census statistics of manufactures are compiled primarily for the purpose of showing the absolute and relative magnitude of the different branches of industry covered and their growth or decline. Incidentally, the effort is made to present data throwing light upon character of ownership, size of establishments, and similar subjects. When use is made of the statistics for these purposes it is imperative that due attention be given to their limitations, particularly in connection with any attempt to derive from them figures purporting to show average wages, cost of production, or profits.

The census did not cover establishments which were idle during the entire year or for which products were valued at less than \$500, or the manufacturing done in educational, electrosynary, and penal institutions.

Period covered.—The returns relate to the calendar year 1919, or the business year which corresponded most nearly to that calendar year, and cover a year's operations, except for establishments which began or discontinued business during the

The establishment.—As a rule, the term "establishment" represents a single plant or factory, but in some cases it represents two or more plants which were operated under a common ownership or for which one set of books of account was kept. If, however, the plants constituting an establishment as thus defined were not all located within the same city, county, or state, separate reports were secured in order that the figures for each plant night be included in the statistics for the city, county, or state in which it was located. In some instances separate reports were secured for different industries carried on in the same establishment.

Classification by industries.—The establishments were assigned to the several classes of industries according to their products of chief value. The products reported for a given industry may thus, on the one hand, include minor products different from those covered by the class designation, and, on the other hand, may not represent the total product covered by this designation, because some of this class of product may be made in establishments in which it is not the product of chief value.

As a rule, the same designation is used for the industry wherever it appears, although all of the products indicated by this designation were not manufactured in the state or city for which these statistics are presented. It some instances the wording is changed so as to more correctly describe the products represented. For a number of industries subclasses are shown which indicate more definitely the kind of products.

of products.

Selected industries.—The general tables at the end of this bulletin give the principal facts separately for the industries of the state. A selection has been made of certain leading industries of the state for more detailed consideration. Sometimes an industry of great importance has to be omitted because it comprises so few establishments that a detailed presentation would reveal the operations of individual concerns.

Comparisons with previous censuses.—Owing to changes in industrial conditions it is not always possible to classify establishments by industries in such a way as to permit accurate comparison with preceding censuses. At the census of 1909 the figures for kindred industries were combined. This practice has been followed in compiling the statistics for 1919 and 1914 when placed in comparison with those for 1909 and prior years. The comparative summary for 1919, 1914, and 1909, therefore, does not show separately all the industries given for 1919 in the detailed statement for the state.

Laftuence of increased prices,—In comparing figures for cost of materials, value of products, and value added by manufacture in 1919 with the corresponding figures for earlier censuses, account should be taken of the general increase in the price of commodities during recent years. To the extent to which this factor has been influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the volume of the increase in the volume.

Industrial the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the volume of business.

Persons engaged in the industry.—The following general classes of persons engaged in the manufacturing industries were distinguished: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officers of corporations, (3) superintendents and managers, (4) clerks (including other subordinate salaried employees), and (5) wage earners. In the reports for the consuces of 1904 and 1899 these five classes were shown according to the three main groups: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officials, clerks, etc., and (3) wage earners. In comparative tables covering the census of 1904 it is of course necessary to group the figures according to the classification that was employed at the earlier censuses.

The number of persons engaged in each industry, segregated by sex, and, in the case of wage earners, also by age (whether under 16 or 18 and over), was reported for a single representative day. The 15th of December was selected as representing for most industries normal conditions of employment, but where this date was not a representative day an earlier date was chosen.

In the case of employees other than wage earners the number thus reported for the representative date has been treated as equivalent to the average for the year, since the number of employees of this class does not ordinarily vary much from month to month. In the case of wage earners the average has been obtained in the manne explained in the next paragraph.

In addition to the more detailed report by sex and age of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number employed on the 15th of each month, by sex, without distinction of age. From these figures the average number of wage earners for the year has been calculated by dividing the sum of the numbers reported for the several months by 12. The importance of the industry as an employer of labor is believed to be more accurately measured by this average than by

In order to determine as nearly as possible the age distribution of the average number of wage earners for a given state as a whole, the per cent distribution by age of the wage earners in each industry for December 15, or the nearest representative day, has been calculated from the actual numbers reported for that date. The percentages thus obtained have been applied to the average number of wage earners for the year in that industry to determine the average numbers 15 years and over and under 16, employed. These calculated averages for the several industries have been added to give the average distribution for each state as a whole and for the

entire country.

Salaries and wages.—Under these heads are given the total payments during the year for salaries and wages, respectively. The Census Bureau has not undertaken to calculate the average annual earnings of either salaried employees or wage earners. Such averages would possess little real value, because they would be based on the carnings of employees of both soxes, of all ages, and of widely varying degrees of skill. Furthermore, so far as wage earners are concerned, it would be impossible to calculate accurately even so simple an average as this, since the number of wage earners fluctuates from month to month in every industry, and in some cases to a very great extent. The Census Bureau's figures for wage earners, as already explained, are averages based on the number employed on the 15th of each month, and while representing the number according to the pay rolls to whom wages were paid on that date, no doubt represent a larger number than would be required to perform the work in any industry if all were continuously employed during the remark.

Prevailing hours of labor.—No attempt was made to ascertain the number of wage earners working a given number of hours per week. The inquiry called merely for the prevailing practice followed in each establishment. Occasional variations in hours in an establishment from one part of the year to another were disregarded, and no attention was paid to the fact that a few wage earners might have hours differing from those of the majority. All the wage earners of each establishment are therefore counted in the class within which the establishment itself falls in most establishments, however, practically all the wage earners work the same number of hours, so that the figures give a substantially correct representation of the hours of labor.

Capital.—The instructions on the schedule for securing data relating to capital were as follows:

"The answer should show the total amount of capital, both owned and borrowed on the last day of the business year reported. All the items of fixed and live capital may be taken at the amounts carried on the books. If land or buildings are rented, that fact should be stated and no value given. If a part of the land or buildings is owned, the remainder being ranted, that fact should be so stated and only the value of the owned property given. Do not include securities and loans representing investments in other enterprises."

These instructions were identical with those employed at the censuses of 1914 and 1909. The data compiled in respect to capital, however, at both censuses, as well as at all preceding censuses of manufactures, have been so defective as to be of little value except as indicating very general conditions. In fact, it has been repeatedly recommended by the census authorities that this inquiry be omitted from the schedule. While there are some establishments whose accounting systems are such that an accurate return for capital could be made, this not true of the great majority, and the figures therefore do not show the actual amount of capital invested.

Materials.—The statistics as to cost of materials relate to the materials used during the year, which may be more or less than the materials purchased during the year. The term "materials" covers fuel, rent of power and heat, mill supplies, and containers, as well as materials which form a constituent part of the product.

Rent and taxes.—The taxes include certain Federal taxes and state, county, and local taxes. Under "Federal taxes" there are included the internal revenue tax on manufactures (tobacco, beverages, etc.), excise taxes when included in values reported for products, corporation capital stock tax, and corporation income tax, but not the income tax for individuals and partners.

Value of products.—The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value or price at the factory of all products manufactured during the year, which may differ from the value of the products sold.

walue added by manufacture.—The value of products is not always a satisfactory measure of either the absolute or the relative importance of a given industry, because only a part of this value is actually created by the manufacturing processes carried on in the industry itself. Another part, and often by far the larger one represents the value of the materials used. For many purposes, therefore, the best measure of the importance of an industry, from a manufacturing standpoint, is the value created by the manufacturing operations carried on within the industry. This value is calculated by deducting the cost of the materials used from the value of the products. The figure thus obtained is termed in the census reports "value added by manufacture."

Gost of manufacture and profits.—The census data do not show the entirecest f manufacture, and consequently can not be used for the calculation of profits of account has been taken of depreciation or interest, rent of offices and buildings they than factory or works, insurance, ordinary repairs, advertising, and other

Frimary horsepower.—This item represents the total primary power generaled by the manufacturing establishments plus the amount of power, principally electric, rented from other concerns. It does not cover the power of electric moors taking their current from dynamos driven by primary power machines operated by the same establishment, because the inclusion of such power would obviously result in duplication. The figures for primary horsepower represent the rated capacity of the engines, motors, etc., and not the amount of power in actual daily use.

Fuel.—Statistics of the quantity of fuel used are shown only for anthracite and bituminous coal, coke, fuel oils, gasoline and other volatile oils, and gas—natural and manufactured, and represent the quantity used during the year. As only the principal kinds of fuel are shown, comparison as to the total cost of all fuels impracticable. A comparison, however, of the total quantities of the several kinds of fuel used in 1919 and 1914 is given.

### FLORIDA.

#### GENERAL STATISTICS.

General character of the state.—Florida has a gross area of 58,666 square miles, of which 54,861 represent land surface. The inhabitants of the state in 1900 numbered 528,542; in 1910, 752,619; and in 1920, 968,470. In total population Florida ranked thirty-second among the states in 1920. The number of inhabitants per square mile in 1910 was 13.7, the corresponding figures for 1920 being 17.7.

In 1920 there were six cities in the state—Jacksonville, Key West, Miami, Pensacola, St. Petersburg, and Tampa—having more than 10,000 inhabitants. The combined population of these six cities in that year was 236,758, and formed 24.4 per cent of the total for Florida, and in 1919 they reported 47.8 per cent of the value of the state's manufactured products.

Importance and growth of manufactures (Table 1).— The increase in wages, cost of materials, and the value of products, from 1914 to 1919, as presented in Table 1, are in a great measure due to the changes in industrial conditions brought about by the World War. The increases shown, however, in average number of wage earners and horsepower are indicative of a decided growth in the manufacturing activities of the state. The addition of the Federal income tax since 1914 accounts for the large increase in "Rent and taxes."

Statistics for the state, by counties (Table 2).—Figures are not available for comparison of county totals for 1919 with those for prior censuses. Of the 54 counties in the state, Duval and Hillsborough, containing the cities of Jacksonville and Tampa, reported 45.2 per cent of the total value of products in the state and 36.3 per cent of the average number of wage earners.

Principal industries, ranked by value of products (Table 3).—The ranking of industries by value of products is not always conclusive as indicating their importance from a manufacturing standpoint. Their ranking might change materially if based upon the average number of wage earners or value added by manufacture.

Persons engaged in manufacturing industries (Table 4).—The age classification of the average number of wage earners in this and other tables is an estimate obtained by the method described in the "Explanation of terms." The classification by sex, for 1919, was reported separately, but for 1914 and 1909 was obtained in the same manner as the distribution by age. Figures for individual industries will be found in Table 30.

Average number of wage earners for selected industries (Table 5).—The industries covered by this table are those which employed more than 400 wage earners in 1919, and for which statistics can be shown without the possibility of disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

Average number of wage earners, by sex and age, and value of products, for cities of 10,000 inhabitants or more (Table 6).—During the census period 1914–1919, each of the six cities shows increases in all details except in the number of wage earners under 16 years of age. The largest actual increases were in Tampa, \$28,422,460, or 202.5 per cent, in value of products and 6,024, or 85.4 per cent, in number of wage earners; while Pensacola shows the largest percentage increases—882.7 per cent in value of products and 449.2 per cent in number of wage earners.

Wage earners, by months (Table 7).—The statistics for wage earners in this table are intended to show the steadiness of employment, or the reverse, in accordance with the industrial conditions existing during the several census years.

Wage earners, by months, for selected industries and for cities (Table 8).—In addition to the number of wage earners employed by months, this table gives similar data for males and females for all industries combined for the state and for cities of 10,000 inhabitants or more. The table also shows the number of females for industries in the state in 1919 in which a large proportion of the wage earners employed were females.

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 9).—Since 1914 there has been a marked shortening of the working-day in Florida. In that year only 16.9 per cent of the wage earners were reported in the group "48 and under" as against 37.9 per cent in 1919. In 1914, the "60" and "over 60" groups constituted 62 per cent of the total wage earners, as compared with 37.3 per cent in 1919.

Size of establishments, by average number of wage earners, for selected industries and for cities (Table 10).—The predominance of the number of small establishments, when based on the number of wage earners employed, is evidenced in this table by the fact that of the total number of establishments in the state, 94 per cent were in the several classes having fewer than 101 wage earners, while such establishments employed but 39.1 per cent of the total number of wage earners. On the other hand, the establishments employing an average of more than 100 wage

earners represented only 6 per cent of the total manufacturing establishments in the state, but reported 60.9 per cent of the total number of wage earners.

Size of establishments, by value of products (Table 11).—At the censuses of 1909 and 1914, establishments with products valued at "\$100,000 to \$1,000,000" constituted one group, but at the census of 1919 this group was subdivided into "\$100,000 to \$500,000" and "\$500,000 to \$1,000,000." Separate figures for the number of establishments and value of products have been compiled, however, from the returns for 1914. The table, therefore, gives combined figures for these two groups for all items for 1909, and for the average number of wage earners and value added by manufacture for 1914.

Size of establishments, by value of products, for selected industries (Table 12).—In the preparation of this table it was necessary in some instances to combine the establishments of one group of the industry with those of some other group of that industry to avoid the possibility of disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

Size of establishments, by value of products, for cities of 10,000 inhabitants or more (Table 13).—This table strikingly illustrates the fact that the number of establishments of itself is no real index of the extent of manufacturing activities.

Character of ownership (Table 14).—The predominance of corporate ownership is clearly brought out in this table. Although corporations owned but 29 per cent of the number of establishments in the state in 1919, they reported 73.5 per cent of the average number of wage earners and 77.9 per cent of the total value of products. During the five-year period 1914 to 1919 the average number of wage earners in

corporations increased 19,724, or 56.4 per cent, and the value of products \$107,872,198, or 184.9 per cent.

Manufactures, by population groups, in cities of 10,000 inhabitants or more (Table 15).—This table shows that the combined number of establishments in these six cities in 1919 represented 29.4 per cent of the total in the state. They reported in that year 37.7 per cent of the average number of wage earners and 47.8 per cent of the value of products.

Principal industries in Jacksonville and Tampa with per cent of total for the state (Table 16).—This table includes all industries in the cities of Jacksonville and Tampa having products of \$300,000 and over for which figures can be shown without disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

Number and horsepower of types of prime movers (Table 17).—The total horsepower reported in 1919, as compared with that for 1914, shows an increase of 39,385 horsepower, or 39.4 per cent. Of this increase, 22,850 horsepower, or 58 per cent, was owned power, and 16,535, or 42 per cent, rented power. During this five-year period owned power increased 24.4 per cent and rented power 255 per cent.

Fuel consumed (Table 18).—This table shows the principal kinds of fuel used by the manufacturing plants in the state in 1919 and 1914, and gives separately for 1919 the amounts consumed by a number of important industries which use considerable quantities of fuel. In 1919 steam-railroad repair shops consumed 46.2 per cent of the bituminous coal; the gas industry consumed 12.4 per cent of the fuel oils, 14.7 per cent of the bituminous coal, and 65.8 per cent of the anthracite coal. Of the fuel oils, 37.2 per cent was consumed in the manufacture of ice.

TABLE 1.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY: 1919, 1914, 1909, 1904, AND 1899.

	MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.					PER CENT OF INCREASE.			
	1919	1914	1909	1904	1899	1914- 1919	1909- 1914	1904~ 1909	1898- 1904
Number of establishments	2,582	2, 518	2,159	1, 413	1,275	2. 5	16.6	52, 8	10.8
Persons engaged	82, 986 2, 616 5, 955 74, 415	63, 204 2, 682 4, 914 55, 608	64,810 2,712 4,625 57,473	46,985 1,769 3,125 42,091	(2) (2) 1,781 35,471	$ \begin{array}{r} 31.3 \\ -2.5 \\ 21.2 \\ 33.8 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} -2.5 \\ -1.1 \\ 6.2 \\ -3.2 \end{array} $	37. 9 53. 3 48. 0 36. 5	75.5 18.7
Primary horsepower Capital.	139, 456 \$206, 293, 570	100,071 \$88,318,983	89, 816 \$65, 290, 643	43,413 \$32,971,982	36,356 \$25,682,171	39, 4 133, 6	11. 4 35. 3	106. 9 98. 0	19.4 28.4
Salaries and wages. Salaries. Wages	10, 835, 346	30, 112, 454 5, 290, 131 24, 822, 323	27,936,439 4,954,867 22,981,572	18, 436, 908 2, 669, 726 15, 767, 182	12, 216, 019 1, 299, 576 10, 916, 443	159.9 104.8 171.7	7. 8 6. 8 8. 0	51.5 85.6 45.8	52.9 105.4 44.4
Pald for contract work. Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Value of products Vaule added by manufacture	7,411,261 92,680,224 213,336,811	1,057,998 2,419,075 33,815,688 81,112,291 47,296,603	1,316,755 1,993,014 26,128,279 72,889,659 46,761,380	556, 925 3 339, 898 16, 532, 439 50, 298, 290 33, 705, 851	(2) (2) 12,847,187 34,183,509 21,336,322	-11.3 206.4 174.1 163.0 155.1	19.7 21.4 29.4 11.3 1.1	136.4 58.0 44.9 38.5	28.7 47.1 53.7

<sup>1</sup> A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Figures not available.

<sup>8</sup> Exclusive of internal revenue.

<sup>4</sup> Value of products less cost of materials.

TABLE 2.—STATISTICS FOR THE STATE, BY COUNTIES: 1919.

COUNTY.	Num- ber of estab-	WAGE	EARNERS.	Rent and	Cost of	Value of	Value added	Primary
WWW.	lish- ments.	Average number.	Wages.	taxes.	materials.	products.	by manufac- ture.	horse- power.
The state	2,582	74,415	\$67,433,229	\$7,411,261	<b>\$</b> 92, 680, 224	\$213,326,811	<b>\$</b> 120 <b>,</b> 646, 587	139, 456
AlachuaBaker.Bay.Bradford.Breyard.	74 6 38 35 32	1,419 270 1,633 348 343	1,290,653 150,959 1,341,934 210,245 313,365	46,057 2,899 167,525 6,075 30,919	1,703,545 167,440 1,030,838 216,389 176,014	3, 893, 522 458, 208 3, 350, 773 645, 061 735, 535	2, 189, 977 290, 768 2, 319, 935 428, 672 559, 521	2,731 240 2,712 273 1,519
Broward	36 17 17 19	61 899 579 589 842	50, 804 473, 537 374, 390 417, 747 504, 556	4,838 31,040 10,184 12,085 28,795	72,762 374,285 262,741 394,658 245,398	219,570 1,420,317 905,636 904,917 1,447,650	146, 808 1, 046, 032 642, 895 510, 259 1, 202, 252	345 866 1,440 1,766 1,711
Dade	85 288 00	1,385 1,595 12,378 6,204 212	1,333,369 1,102,840 13,615,304 7,002,289 146,611	86,136 67,402 1,021,865 203,745 6,412	1,558,505 833,398 24,944,903 12,732,626 87,362	3, 869, 029 3, 455, 669 47, 487, 402 22, 561, 251 330, 664	2,310,524 2,622,271 22,542,499 9,828,625 243,302	3,843 5,541 27,647 10,158 575
Franklin. Gadsden Hamilton. Hernando. Hillsborough.	38 27 19 317	821 842 413 521 14,637	521,309 509,285 224,903 423,610 15,949,485	45,601 132,927 9,944 12,678 3,719,143	426, 017 375, 300 251, 196 227, 785 20, 544, 288	1,600,372   1,697,487   686,468   904,540   48,939,327	1, 174, 355 1, 322, 187 435, 272 676, 755 28, 395, 039	1,418 2,233 309 2,429 9,146
Holmes. Jackson Jefferson Lafayetie Lake	61 22 13 34	686 904 277 514 517	530, 369 476, 780 192, 544 509, 646 438, 808	37,996 23,588 4,394 33,411 10,913	378, 011 867, 226 145, 896 481, 055 340, 643	1, 391, 464 2, 298, 652 469, 064 1, 337, 925 1, 343, 070	1, 013, 453 1, 431, 426 323, 168 856, 870 1, 002, 427	1,134 1,563 442 3,000 1,739
Lee. Leon Levy Liberty Madison	33 18 41	180 700 1,207 897 519	154, 950 515, 820 861, 086 639, 551 350, 123	20,588 20,555 43,444 17,707 15,671	258, 813 729, 661 963, 566 437, 672 560, 159	597, 535 1, 598, 526 2, 386, 767 1, 617, 354 1, 081, 631	338,722 868,865 1,423,201 1,179,682 521,472	1,016 1,429 2,990 1,052 1,848
Manatee. Marion Monroe Nassau Okaloosa	53 69 35 27	826 1,173 2,313 744 733	649, 167 770, 684 2, 094, 461 450, 719 450, 403	28, 833 70, 415 656, 775 13, 543 11, 266	804,149 $923,012$ $2,776,183$ $332,571$ $342,031$	1,963,321 2,568,991 6,520,351 1,245,968 1,329,324	1, 159, 172 1, 645, 979 3, 744, 168 913, 397 987, 293	2,920 2,523 1,221 1,116 909
Okeechobee. Orange. Oscola. Palni Beach Pasco.	15 52 22	24 521 186 269 853	13,069 410,203 146,663 258,269 715,909	3,658 38,732 12,034 37,236 36,521	48,472 1,042,878 129,906 441,694 582,726	249,092 1,938,183 459,099 1,008,862 1,758,921	200,620 895,305 329,193 627,768 1,176,195	238 1,519 260 2,215 1,416
Pinellas. Folk Putnam. St. Johns St. Lucie	82 39 46 24	603 1,410 1,449 953 279	536,449 1,330,589 879,735 872,853 307,413	38, 978 78, 272 70, 185 46, 448 12, 296	1,361,038 1,357,513 1,321,278 1,007,352 321,475	2,551,702 3,509,868 3,443,228 2,368,606 823,641	1,190,664 2,152,355 2,121,950 1,361,254 502,166	2,041 2,878 4,243 1,373 1,062
Santa Rosa. Seminole. Sumter. Suwannee. Taylor.	25 13 36 36	1,618 560 399 508 2,536	1,172,921 600,842 208,393 375,669 1,998,981	44,698 64,289 4,476 21,152 34,982	1,309,615 \$68,246 552,787 611,691 1,874,413	3,392,966 1,799,142 904,928 1,290,931 5,583,378	2, 083, 351 930, 896 352, 141 679, 240 3, 708, 965	3,532 1,541 446 2,621 5,652
Volusia Wakuila Waiton Washington	25 32	1,218 525 1,351 972	981,044 254,765 805,102 461,964	62,799 6,586 107,094 35,456	1,108,836 220,000 730,550 824,256	3,020,521 756,428 3,012,877 2,131,097	1,911,685 536,428 2,282,327 1,306,841	2,616 450 1,538 2,011

TABLE 3.—PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES, RANKED BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1919.

	estab- ts.	WAG		VALUE PRODU		VALI ADDEI MANU TUR	BY FAC-		estab- ts.	WAC EARN		VALUE PRODU		VALU ADDED MANUF TURI	BY
Industry.	Number of estab- lishments.	Average number.	Per cent distribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent distribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent distribution.	industry.	Number of estab- lishments.	Average number.	Per cent distribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent distribution.	Amount (expressed in thousands).	Per cent distribution.
All industries	2, 582	74, 415	100. 0	\$213,327	100. 0	\$120,647	100.0	Boxes, wooden packing, except cigar boxes.	20	1,025	1.4	\$2,540	1, 2	\$1,414	1, 2
Lumber and timber products.  Tobacco, eigars and eigarettes	469 280	21, 058 12, 393	28. 3 16. 6	37,926		29,065 22,392	24. 1 18. 6	Wood distillation	6	412 418	0.6	2,005 1,989	0.9	909	0.8
Shipbuilding, steel. Turpentine and rosin Fertilizers Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad	5 452 24	7,839 11,748 1,390	10, 5 15, 8 1, 9	24, 234 21, 509 10, 686	11.4 10.1 5.0	13,533 15,650 3,528	11. 2 13. 0 2. 9	Minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated. Boxes, cigar. Coffee, roasting and grinding. Printing and publishing, book and	5 4 18	717 673 68	1.0 0.9 0.1	1,780 1,683 1,602	0.8 0.8 0.8	1,234 933 303	1.0 0.8 0.2
Shipbuilding, wooden including	19	3,762	5.1	8,468	4.0	5, 240	4.3	job	17	331 227	0.4 0.3	1,518 1,122	0.7 0.5	909 350	0.8 0.3
boat building Slaughtering and meat packing Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected	68 8	3,361 348	4, 5 0, 5	8,428 5,316	3.9 2.5	5,212 500	4.3 0.4	Confectionery and ice creamOil, not elsewhere specifiedAutomobile repairing.	4	105 54 259	0.1 0.1 0.3	1,112 970 740	0.5 0.5 0.3	350 315 496	0.3 0.3 0.4
Bread and other halvery products	63	1,267 737	1.7 1.0	5, 271 5, 144	2.5 2.4	2, 154 1, 592	1.8 1.3	Patent medicines and compounds Awnings, tents, and sails	0	58 49	0. 1 0. 1	738 674	0.3	351 195	0.3
Printing and publishing, newspa- pers and periodicals. Ice, manufactured.	160 95	841 1, 412	1. 1 1. 9	4, 101 4, 052	1.9 1.9	3,001 2,528	2. 5 2. 1	Pickles, preserves, and sauces Flour-mill and gristmill products. Food preparations, not elsewhere	13 27	124 52	0.2	590 568	0.3	203 98	0. 2
Foundry and machine-shop prod- ucts. Mineral and soda waters.	64 105	S72 431	1, 2 0, 6	3,50S 2,690	1.6 1.3	1, 986 1, 185	1.6 1.0	specified Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work All other industries <sup>2</sup>	6 22 215	29 99 2,257	(1) 0. 1 3. 0	561 540 8,664	0.3 0.3 4.1	102 243 3,670	0, 2

Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Among the industries for which statistics can not be shown separately without the possibility of disclosing the operations of individual establishments are two having products in excess of some for which figures are shown in the table. These industries are as follows: "Oil and cake, cottonseed," and "wood preserving"

Table 4.—Persons engaged in manufacturing industries: 1919, 1914, and 1909.

	Cen-			Fe-	PER OF TO		CLASS.	Cen-	Total.	Male,	Fe-	PER (	CENT OTAL.
CLASS.	sus year.	Total.	Male.	male.	Male.	Fe- male.	onass.	year.			male.	Male.	Fe- male,
` All classes	1919 1914 1909	82,986 63,204 64,810	76,351 59,739 61,500	6,635 3,465 3,310	92. 0 94. 5 94. 9	8. 0 5. 5 5. 1	Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees.	1919 1914 1909	2,972 2,976 2,723	2,219 2,718 2,539	753 258 184	74. 7 91. 3 93. 2	25.3 8.7 6.8
Proprietors and officials	1919 1914 1909	5,599 4,620 4,614	5,464 4,546 4,541	135 74 73	97. 6 98. 4 98. 4	2.4 1.6 1.6	Wage carners (average number)	1919 1914 1909	74,415 55,608 57,473	68,668 52,475 54,420	5,747 3,133 3,053	92.3 94.4 94.7	7.7 5.6 5.3
Proprietors and firm members	1919 1914 1909	2,616 2,682 2,712	2,532 2,620 2,652	84 62 60	96.8 97.7 97.8	3. 2 2. 3 2. 2	16 years of age and over	1919 1914 1909	73,984 54,951 56,532	68,252 51,871 53,520	5,732 3,080 3,012	92. 3 94. 4 94. 7	7.7 5.6 5.3
Salaried officers of corporations	1919 1914 1909	762 546 469	749 537 462	13 9 7	98.3 98.4 98.5	1.7 1.6 1.5	Under 16 years of age	1919 1914 1909	431 657 941	416 604 900	15 53 41	96, 5 91, 9 95, 6	3.5 8.1 4.4
Superintendents and managers	1919 1914 1909	2,221 1,392 1,433	2, 183 1, 389 1, 427	38 3 6	98.3 99.8 99.6	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1.7 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.4 \end{array} $							

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Table 5.-AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES, WITH PER CENT, BY SEX AND AGE: \\ 1919 \text{ AND 1914}. \end{array}$ 

		11.	PER CI	ENT OF T	OTAL.			Wage	PER CE	ENT OF T	OTAL.
INDUSTRY.	Cen- sus year.	Wage earners (aver- age num-		s of age over,	Un- der 16	INDUSTRY	Con- sus year.	earners (aver- age num-		rs of age over.	Un- der 16
		ber).	Male.	Female,	years of age.			ber).	Male.	Female.	years of age,
All industries	1919 1914 1909		91. 7 93. 3 93. 1	7. 7 5. 5 5. 2	0.6 1.2 1.6	Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	1919 1914	1, 267 1, 159	99. 6 99. 5	0.3	0, 1 0, 5
Boxes, eigar	1919 1914	673 457	51. 3 50. 1	48.7 42.9	7.0	Mineral and soda waters	1919 1914	431 271	94. 9 96. 7	2.3 0.7	2, 8 2, 6
Boxes, wooden packing, except cigar boxes	1919 1914	1,025 807	83. 9 92. 1	15. 8 6. 6	0.3	Minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated.	1919 1914	717 220	96. 0 100. 0	4.0	
Bread and other bakery products		737 672	79. 8 83. 0	18, 9 15, 2	1.4	Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.	1919 1914	841 880	80, 4 80, 1	15. 5 10. 8	
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.		3, 762	99. 8	0. 2		Shipbuilding, steel 3	1919	7,838	99, 8 99, 7	0.2	
Fertilizers	1919	2,311	96. 5	0, 1 3, 4	(1) 0.1	Ship building, wooden, including boat building.	1919 1914	3, 361 486	99. 6	0.2	0.4
Foundry and machine-shop products 2	1914 1919	781 879	99. 5	0.5 0.1		Tobacco, cigars and eigarettes	1919 1914	12, 393 10, 761	68. 9 78. 4	31. 1 21. 1	0, 1 0, 5
	1914	561	99. 6	0,1	0.1 0.4	Turpentine and resin	1919 1914	11,748 15,466	97. 3	0.3	2, 4 1, 8
Gas, illuminating and heating	1919 1914	418 349	97. 4 100. 0	2.6		Wood distillation 3		412	99, 8	0.2	
Ice, manufactured	1919 1914	1,412 760	98, 4 99, 9	1,6	0. 1 0. 1	All other industries	1919 1914	4, 053 3, 275	82. 5 90. 3	16. 8 7. 9	0.7 1,8
Lumber and timber products	1919 1914	21, 058 16, 392	98.6 99.1	1.2 0.3	0. 2 0. 6						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Less than one-teuth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 6.—AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY SEX AND AGE, AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS FOR CITIES OF 10,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

			VERAGE N	UMBER (	F WAGE	EARNERS	IN MAN	UFACTUR	ING INDU	JSTRIES.					
CITY.		Total.			16 y	ears of age	and ove	er.		Un	der 16 ye	nrs	VAL	UE OF PRODUC	TS.
0111.		10001.			Male.			Female.		0,,	of age.				
1) Management of Management of the Sales of	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909
Jacksonville Key West Miami	7,168 2,313 708	2,816 2,037	1,988 2,431	6,718 1,794 656	2,596 1,612	1,836 1,906	441 508 51	202 394	128 508	9 11	18 31	24 17	\$31, 212, 494 6, 520, 351	\$10,147,679 3,389,026	\$6,722,276 3,965,364
Pensacola St. Petersburg Tampa	4,586 215 13,079	835 7,055	940 6,786	4,522 201 9,769	782 5,455	892 5,443	55 14 3,297	13	27 1,128	13	40 77	21 215	2,722,612 18,006,919 1,004,938 42,461,377	1,832,327 14,038,917	1,837,462 13,803,751

<sup>1</sup> Includes "iron and steel, welding."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not shown separately in 1914.

TABLE 7.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

							The state of the s						
		NUMBER.1		PER CEN	T OF MA	XIMUM.	MONTII.		NUMBER.1		PER CEN	T OF MA	XIMUM.
MONTH.	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	MUNTH,	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909
January	74, 029 73, 007 73, 427 71, 888 73, 014 72, 900	55, 647 55, 851 56, 595 57, 066 56, 968 56, 764	56,016 56,414 56,596 56,371 56,858 56,195	94. 7 93. 4 94. 0 92. 0 93. 4 93. 3	96. 3 96. 7 98. 0 98. 8 98. 6 98. 3	93. 0	July	75, 135 71, 298 75, 326 77, 708 77, 108 78, 140	57, 775 55, 924 55, 971 55, 354 52, 087 52, 194	56, 182 56, 276 58, 035 59, 487 60, 661 60, 587	96. 2 91. 2 96. 4 99. 4 98. 7 100. 0	100. 0 96. 8 95. 3 95. 8 90. 2 90. 3	92. 6 92. 8 95. 7 98. 1 100. 0 99. 9

<sup>1</sup> The figures represent the number employed on the 15th of each month or the nearest representative day. Maximum number indicated by bold-faced figures, minimum by italic figures.

TABLE 8.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND FOR CITIES: 1919.

[The month of maximum employment for each industry is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by italic figures.]

1 2 2 and 30 2 2	Aver-	Þ	UMBER	EMPLOYI	ED ON 15	TH DAY	OF THE I	монти с	R NEARI	ST REPR	ESEN <b>T</b> A	TIVE DAY		Per cent
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	num- ber em- ployed during year.	Janu- ary.	Febru- ary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Sep- tember.	Oeto- ber.	Novem- ber.	Decem- ber.	mini- inum is of maxi- mum.
All industries. Males. Females.	74, 415. 68, 668 5, 747	. 74, 029 68, 312 5, 717	73,007 67,347 5,660	73, 427 67, 567 5, 860	71,888 66,563 5,325	73,014 67,533 5,481	72, 900 67, 190 5, 710	75, 135 69, 323 5, 812	71, 298 66, 779 4, 510	75, 326 69, 455 5, 871	77, 708 71, 464 6, 244	77, 108 70, 801 6, 307	78, 140 71, 682 6, 458	91, 2 92, 9 70, 0
Boxes, eigar. Boxes, wooden packing, except eigar boxes. Bread and other bakery products. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by	673 1, 025 737	633 1,057 707	638 1,025 704	642 1,105 713	616 1,136 711	646 1,057 697	656 1, 034 681	696 890 686	668 <i>856</i> 735	641 994 742	723 1, 042 783	750 1,033 841	767 1,071 844 3,998	80. 3 75. 4 80. 7 82. 3
Cars and general simp to the state of the st	3, 762 1, 390 872	3,800 1,281 790	3,905 1,390 792	3,981 1,663 812	3, 993 1, 566 898	4,073 1,467 936	3,389 1,478 897	3,352 1,229 879	3, 373 1, 070 889	3, 611 1, 239 861 399	3, 794 1, 202 875 420	3, 875 1, 387 857 423	1,618 978 439	64.3 80.8 86.0
Cas, Illuminating and heating.  Ice, manufactured.  Lumber and timber products.	418 1,412 21,058	456 1,812 10.194	1,345 18,872	427 1,401 19,501	1,373 $19,745$	1,407 20,183	392 1,415 20,200	396 1,457 22,076	395 1, 400 22, 612	1, 549 22, 021	1, 472 23, 193	1, 366 22, 541	1, 447 22, 555	84. 7 81. 4
Lumber and under products.  Lumber, planing-mill products, not including plan- ing mills connected with sawmills.  Mineral and soda waters.	1, 267 431	1, 206 374	1, 205 376	1,094 389	1,085 410	1,171 436	1, 192 463	1,278 486	1, 329 474	1, 376 475	1, 379 445	1, 462 428	1, 427 416	74.2 77.0 75.0
Minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals	717 811 7,838 3,361	602 837 8, 533 5, 767	600 841 8,267 5,122	621 835 7, 781 4, 389	662 822 7,596 3,789	720 807 7,542 3,372	`716 819 7,322 3,220	748 805 7,685 3,298	795 824 8, 165 2, 760	800 818 7, 802 2, 417	779 851 7, 709 2, 173	778 891 7, 841 2, 146	783 942 7,813 1,879	85, 5 85, 8 32, 6
Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes. Turpentine and rosin. With the industries. All other industries.	12,393 11,748 412	12, 429 10, 582 846 4, 123	12, 249 11, 013 354 3, 866	12, 523 11, 322 382 3, 846	10,938 11,918 390 3,818	11,893 12,038 404 3,761	12, 801 12, 161 389 3, 675	13, 077 12, 068 457 S, 572	8, 588 12, 147 436 3, 782	13, 169 11, 878 445 4, 086	13, 572 12, 162 426 4, 618	13, 372 11, 903 412 4, 802	14, 105 11, 784 503 4, 771	60, 9 87, 0 68, 8 74, 4
Industries showing large proportion of females.			200		294	312	315	346	329	. 290	373	384	383	75.5
Boxes, cigar.  Boxes, wooden packing, except cigar boxes.  Bread and other bakery products.  Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes.	1 120 1	306 175 129 138 3,795	298 177 129 135 3,827	306 185 129 131 3, 990	187 130 126 3,463	152 130 122 3,699	144 124 124 3,998	128 120 120 120 4,061	118 141 125 2,789	149 145 126 4,086	177 156 136 4, 124	171 170 138 4, 150	181 165 151 4, 280	63. 1 70. 6 79. 5 64. 0
Total for cities . Males . Females .		30, 743 26, 308 4, 435	29, 824 25, 441 4, 383	28, 518 23, 997 4, 521	26, 426 22, 486 3, 940	26,917 22,818 4,099	27, 359 22, 985 4, 374	28, 166 23, 534 4, 632	23,815 20,452 3,363	28, 267 23, 685 4, 582	28, 586 23, 890 4, 696	28, 736 24, 098 4, 638	29, 471 24, 634 4, 837	77. 5 77. 7 69. 5
Jacksonville. Males. Females.	$ \cdot 6,724 $	9, 093 8, 625 468	8, 734 8, 284 450	7, 941 7, 526 415	7, 402 7, 005 397	7,062 6,680 382	6, 522 6, 152 870	6,530 6,111 419	6,740 6,263 477	6, 731 6, 253 4 <b>7</b> 8	6, 493 5, 996 497	6, 446 5, 941 505	6, 322 5, 852 470	69. 5 67. 8 73. 3
KEY WEST. Males. Females.	2,313 1,803 510	2, 170 1, 621 549	2, 208 1, 661 547	2, 326 1, 749 577	2,316 1,739 577	2,349 1,778 571	2,378 1,788 590	2,416 1,828 588	2,437 1,829 608	1,864 1,588 276	2,340 1,989 351	2, 477 2, 040 437	2, 475 2, 026 449	75.3 77.8 45.4
MIAMI. Males Females.	708 656	660 612 48	682 628 54	684 634 50	655 606 49	651 604 47	680 634 46	685 642 48	695 617 48	700 648 52	767 709 58	808 748 60	829 760 69	78. 5 79. 5 62. 3
PENSACOLA	4, 586 4, 531 55	4, 955 4, 890 65	4, 922 4, 858 64	4, 228 4, 169 59	4,055 3,997 58	4, 158 4, 102 56	4, 287 4, 231 56	4,545 4,485 60	4,510 4,464 46	4,628 4,581 47	4, 710 4, 664 46	5,003 4,958 45	5, 031 4, 973 58	80. 6 80. 4 69. 2
St. Petersburg. Males. Females.	215 201	212 200 12	214 202 12	207 194 13	201 189 12	195 183 12	192 182 10	100 180 10	201 190 11	204 191 13	228 210 18	282 253 29	254 238 16	67. 4 71. 1 34. 5
TAMPA Males Females	13, 079 9, 779 3, 300	13,653 10,360 3,293	13,064 9,808 3,256	13, 132 9, 725 3, 407	11,797 8,950 2,847	12,502 9,471 3,031	13, 300 9, 998 3, 302	13,800 10,288 3,512	9,282 7,059 2,178	14,140 10,424 3,716	14,048 10,322 3,726	10, 158	14,560 10,785 3,775	63. 4 65. <b>5</b> 57. 6

TABLE 9.—AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND FOR CITIES: 1919 AND 1914.

			IN I	ESTABLI	SHMEN	ITS WI	IERE TIII	e prevail	NG HOUR	OFLA	BOR PER	WEEK W	ERE-
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Census year.	Total.			Betwe 44 and		48.1	Between 48 and 54.	54.	Betv 54 an		60.	Over 60.
All industries	1919 1914 1909	74,41 55,60 57,47	)8 <del>1</del> 1	6,710 (2) (2)	1, f (2) (2)		19,890 9,379 13,214	5,170 2,672 4,379	8,435 7,583 6,467	1	,502	23,704 24,739 22,766	4,046 9,733 9,142
oxes, cigar	1919 1914	67 43		(2)	(2)		102 38	48	523 419				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
oxes, wooden packing, except eigar boxes		1,02	25	2			25		.  .	;	183	815 752	50
read and other bakery products	1000	7;	3	(2)	(2)	5	107 33	24 4			105 67	223 369	130 118
ars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	217.2	3,7	11	(2)	(2)		$^{2,822}_{16}$		11 98	2	827	3 424	888
ertilizers	. 1919		96 181	(2) 3	(2	·····	$^{126}_{4}$		18 27		427 109	650 399	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
oundry and machine-shop products 3	. 1919 1914		879 561	(3)	(2	i)	416 38				1 29	164 95	•••••
as, illuminating and heating.	1919		418 349				31	- 55	2	.0 5	53 9	18 61	25 27
ce, manufactured	1	9 1,	412 760	(2)		<sup>2</sup> )	98 17			16 39	205 120	39 44	1,04 53
amber and timber products		9 21,0	058 392	883 (2)		119 <sup>2</sup> )	171 650			87 74	1,242 307	15,436 9,183	1,8 5,7
number, planing-mill products, not including planing mills con- nected with sawmills.	ı- 191 191	9 1,1 4 1,	267 159	(2)	5	(2)	14 5			49 09	214 101	464 449	
Mineral and soda waters	191 191		431 271	(2) 37	5 (	(2) 5	15 4			59 15	16 21	41 83	
Minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated	191		717 .								283 16	434 204	
Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals	191		841 880	(2) 15	2	7	62 41			26 269	35 142	12 22	
Shipbuilding, steel <sup>4</sup>	1	1	,838				7,71	1		125		78	-
Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat building	19 19		361 486	(2)	2	(2)	3,15			117		34	
Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes	19		,393 ,761	$\frac{1,62}{(^2)}$	20	$_{(^2)}^{1,102}$	1,8 1,2		17 2, 61 2,	976 706	648   189	$\frac{1,421}{4,260}$	1,
Turpentine and rosin	19		,748 5,466	$\frac{3,87}{(^2)}$	70	275 (2)	1,1 5,8	22 83 1,1		171 476	430 255	$\frac{2,858}{7,294}$	3
Wood distillation 4	19	019	412			2		•••			344	1.04	
All other industries.		919 914 - 8	4,053 3,275	(2)	31	(2)	1,2		245 131	764 837	121 146	1,048 1,060	8
Total for cities	1	919 29 914 15	8,069 2,743	$^{1,7}_{(^2)}$	701	725 (²)	13, 6			286 183	$^{1,327}_{602}$	2,42 3,48	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
Jacksonvule		919 914	7,168 2,816	(2)	57	(2)			232 394	529 597	329 181	93 71	
KEY WEST		.919	2,313 2,037	(2)	82	44' (2)		713 120	2 144	779 519	148 25		6
Міамі 4		1919	708		62	<b>.</b>		272	30	165	157		8
Pensacola		1919 1914	$^{4,586}_{835}$	(2)	2	(2)	4,	053 102	3 7	27 514	200 26		01 98
St. Petersburg 4		1919	215	<b> </b>				69	8	106	2	1	3
TAMPA		1919 1914	$\frac{13,079}{7,055}$		498	* 26 (2)	30 3,	898 2 957 2		2,680 2,553	491 370		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Includes 48 and under for 1914 and 1909.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Corresponding figures not available.

Includes "iron and steel, welding."

<sup>1</sup> Not shown separately in 1914.

TABLE 10.—SIZE OF ESTABLISHMENTS, BY AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND FOR CITIES: 1919.

	то	ral.				1000		ES'	rablish	M EN	TS EMP	LOYIN	G—						
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ents.	earners (aver- number).	No wage earn- ers.	1 t wa eari inclu	ge iers,	wari eari	o 20 age iers, isive.	w ear	to 50 age ners, usive.	ea.	to 100 vage rners, lusive.	ear	to 250 age ners, usive.	ea.	to 500 vage rners, lusive.	ear	to 1,000 vage rners, lusive.	w	er 1,000 vage rners.
	Establishments.	Wage earr age nu	Establish- ments.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.
All industries	2,582	74, 415	242	1,041	2,518	685	8, 181	361	11,592	97	6,813	101	15,810	40	14,038	11	7,307	4	8,156
Boxes, eigar Boxes, wooden packing, except eigar boxes Bread and other bakery products	4 20 183	673 1,025 737	40	4 114	11 243	4 24	67 237	1 3 3	49 116 109	 5 2		2 4	322 493	1	302				
Cars and general shop construction and re- pairs by steam-railroad companies	19 24	3,762 1,390		2 8	5 21	1 4	20 54	2 4	88 167	4	276 76	3 7	409 1,072	6	2,299·	1	665		
Foundry and machine-shop products	64 14 95 469	872 418 1,412 21,058	3 1 8	25 3 39 172	62 10 118 444 52	28 9 36 146	230 117 374 1,800	9 13 63 23	397 2,085 810	4 1 4 23	281 52 267 1,724	1 2 36	239 256 5,667	15	5,466				
Mineral and soda waters	105	431	6	79	199	18	182	2	50										
Minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated. Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.	5 160	717 841	29	99	256	25	238	5	165	1	153 68	3	564 114					 	
Shipbuilding, steel. Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat build- ing.	5 68	7,838 3,361	3	33	66	16	146	5	164	3	227	1 4	125 740	2	663	1 2	773 1,355	3	6,940
Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes Turpentine and rosin	6	12,393 11,748 412	68 7	98 41 1	223 144 2	40 197 2	404 2,744 14	24 172	722 5,384	13 22 1	885 1,501 59	22 11 2	3,793 1,446 337	13 2	4,508 529	1	642	1	1,216
All other industries.  Total for cities.	546 758	4,060 28,069	76 94	305	662 756	121	1,315	32 72	987	10	1,865	33	131 5,669	1 17	271 5,774	5	3,435	3	6,303
Jacksonville Key West	244 60 73	7, 168 2, 313 708	27 11 8	104 31 37	258 73 89	64 9 19	745 85 187	29 5 6	1,005 142 192	6 5 2	462 324 123	8 6 1	1,363 919 117	2 2	542 770	4	2,793		
PENSACOLA St. Petersburg TAMPA		4,586 215 13,079	2 3 43	32 22 102	70 46 220	23 13 51	266 148 484	5 1 26	148 21 844	10	264 692	16	2,830	1 12	434 4, 028	1	642	$\frac{1}{2}$	2,964 3,339

TABLE 11.—SIZE OF ESTABLISHMENTS, BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

VALUE OF PRODUCT.		UMBER C			GE NUMB BE EARNE		VALU	JE OF PRODUC	CTS.	VALUE ADI	DED BY MANU	FACTURE,
	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909
All classes	2, 582	2,518	2,159	74, 415	55,608	57,473	\$213,326,811	\$81,112,291	\$72,889,659	\$120,646,587	\$47, 296, 603	\$46,761,380
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000. \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over	825 824 268	903 1,007 450 132 21 5	623 871 527 } 134 4	558 4,152 16,118 21,585 11,162 20,840	1,826 11,493 14,829 } 25,206 2,254	1,387 11,393 18,613 23,509 2,571	1,335,817 9,101,052 37,703,293 { 63,667,326 33,351,961 68,167,362	2,214,019 10,056,555 19,438,464 29,473,385 13,486,076 5,843,792	1,547,102 9,818,056 20,734,942 36,332,890 4,456,669	\$33,133 5,638,991 23,024,990 { 34,648,907 20,462,993 36,037,573	1,419,336 7,001,129 11,812,820 } 24,017,676 3,045,642	1,062,701 7,255,477 14,123,529 21,369,589 2,950,084

#### PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.

The special section of the section o												
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100,00	100.0	100,0	100.0	100,0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000 \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	32.0 31.9 10.4	35. 9 40. 0 17. 9 5. 2 0. 8 0, 2	28.9 40.3 24.4 } 6.2 0.2	0.7 5.6 21.7 29.0 15.0 28.0	3. 3 20. 7 26. 7 45. 3 4. 1	2. 4 19. 8 32. 4 40. 9 4. 5	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 0.6\\ 4.3\\ 17.7\\ 29.8\\ 15.6\\ 32.0\\ \end{array}\right.$	2.7 13.1 24.0 36.3 16.6 7.2	2.1 13.5 28.4 49.8 6.1	0,7 4,7 19,1 28,7 17,0 29,9	3.0 14.8 25.0 50.8 6.4	2. 3 15. 5 30. 2 , 45. 7 6. 3

TABLE 12.—SIZE OF ESTABLISHMENTS, BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES: 1919 AND 1914.

		NUM	BER O	F	AVI	ERAGE N WAGE E.	UMBER	OF		LUE OF PRO			1	DDED BY M.		
INDUSTRY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1919	1914		cent	1919	1914	Per distri	cent bution.	1919	1914		cent bution.	1919	1914	Per distril	cent oution.
			1919	1914			1919	1914			1919	1914			1919	1914
BOXES, WOODEN FACKING, EXCEPT CIGAR BOXES	20	13	100.0	100.0	1,025	807	100, 0	100.0	\$2,539,732	\$932,554	100.0	100.0	\$1,414,182	\$607, 181	100,0	100.0
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000	4 8 8	4 5 4	20. 0 40. 0 40. 0	30. 8 38. 5 30. 8	12 295 718	57 272 478	1. 2 28. 8 70. 0	7.1 33.7 59.2	22,773 452,055 2,064,904	41,180 240,099 651,275	0.9 17.8 81,3	* 4.4 25.7 60.8	11,070 270,307 1,132,805	23, 865 192, 043	0.8 19.1	3.9 31.6
Bread and other bakery products		184	100.0	100.0	737	672	100.0	100,0	5, 143, 559	2, 169, 320	100, 0	100.0	1, 592, 033	391, 273 977, 167	80, 1	64.4
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000	43 85 45 10	73 90 18 3	23. 5 46. 4 24. 6 5. 5	39.7 48.9 9.8 1.6	12 137 254 334	69 270 187 146	1.6 18.6 34.5 45.3	10.3 40.2 27.8 21.7	109, 014 910, 521 1, 673, 401 2, 450, 623	199,317 829,259 615,570	2.1 17.7 32.5	9, 2 38, 2 28, 4	38, 203 326, 721 546, 830	91, 931 364, 360 283, 362 237, 514	2. 4 20, 5 34, 3	9. 4 37. 3 29. 0
FERTILIZERS	24	22	100.0	100.0	1,390	781	100.0	100.0	10, 685, 819	525, 174 6, 995, 051	100.0	100.0	680, 279 3, 527, 914	237,514	100.0	24.3 100.0
\$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000 \$1,000,000 and over	1 4 4 10 16	3 7 8	16. 7 16. 7 41. 7 25. 0	13. 6 31. 8 36. 4 18. 2	1 g 60 557 1 765	17 52 2 712	0. 6 4. 3 40. 1 55. 0	2. 2 6. 7 91. 2	1 43, 983 235, 036 2, 991, 092 87, 415, 708	43,712 392,164 2,192,177 34,366,998	0. 4 2. 2 28. 0 69. 4	0.6 5.6 31.3 62.4	1 16,770 102,232 965,167 32,443,745	26, 103 102, 262 22, 210, 645	0.5 2.9 27.4	1, 1 4, 4 94, 5
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE-SHOP PRODUCTS 4	70	56	100.0	100.0	879	561	100.0	100.0	3,549,227	1,127,354	100. 0	100.0	2,015,894	694,014	69.3	100, 0
Less than \$5,000	1 25	15 28 5 13	17. 1 32. 9 35. 7 14. 3	26. 8 50. 0 23. 2	12 76 332 459	17 164 5 380	1. 4 8. 6 37. 8 52, 2	3. 0 20. 2 67. 7	35, 126 229, 068 1, 114, 595 2, 170, 438	35, 701 276, 569 5 815, 084	1. 0 6. 5 31. 4 61. 2	3. 2 24. 5 72. 3	28, 803 171, 039 674, 120 1, 141, 932	27,994 201,699 5 464,321	1.4 8.5 33.4 56.6	4.0 29.1 66.9
ICE, MANUFACTURED	1	92	100.0	100.0	1,412	760	100.0	100.0	4,051,516	2, 202, 769	100,0	100.0	2,527,666	1,586,118	100.0	100, 0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000.	9	13 50 26 3	12, 6 33, 7 44, 2 9, 5	14.1 54.3 28.3 3.3	23 136 664 589	32 247 319 162	1.6 9.6 47.0 41.7	4. 2 32. 5 42. 0 21. 3	38,063 378,950 1,824,910 1,809,593	46,506 548,352 1,139,428 468,483	0, 9 9, 4 45, 0 41, 7	2. 1 24. 9 51. 7 21. 3	21, 101 222, 395 1, 195, 291 1, 088, 879	27,382 384,087 802,702 371,047	0.8 8.8 47.3 43.1	1.7 24.3 50.6 23.4
LUMBER AND TIMBER PRODUCTS. Less than \$5,000		412	100.0	100.0	21,058	16, 392	100, 0	100.0		17, 574, 752	100, 0	100,0	]] ' '	11, 760, 559	100, 0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000. \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over.	108 144 132 64 13 8	145 138 83 41 6 5	23. 0 30. 7 28. 1 13. 6 2. 8 1. 7	35.2 33.5 20.1 10.0 1.2	4, 151	450 1,617 3,870 210,455	0.8 4.9 14.4 38.6 19.7 21.5		251, 299 1, 589, 660 5, 603, 052 16, 156, 417 9, 223, 404 9, 774, 659	328, 028 1, 523, 109 4, 076, 531 8, 399, 199 53, 247, 885	0. 6 3. 7 13. 2 37. 9 21. 7	1.9 8.7 23.2 47.8 18.5	6, 939, 233	234, 909 1, 085, 266 2, 644, 129 27, 796, 255	0.6 4.0 13.6 37.2 23.9	2.0 9.2 22.5 66.3
LUMBER, PLANING-MILL TROD- UCTS, NOT INCLUDING PLAN- ING MILLS CONNECTED WITH SAWMILLS.	63	82	100. 0	100,0	1,267	1,159	100.0	100.0			22, 9				20.8	•••••
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000.		19 25 32 6	9, 5 17, 5 39, 7 33, 3	23. 2 30. 5 39. 0 7. 3	4 40 436 787	31 163 550 415	0.3 3.2 34.4 62.1	2, 7 14, 1 47, 5	5, 270, 931 12, 482 112, 496 1, 290, 562	2,949,592 50,637 277,072 1,607,105	$ \begin{array}{c} 100.0 \\ \hline 0.2 \\ 2.1 \\ 24.5 \end{array} $	100.0 1.7 9.4 54.5	6,809 64,238 646,670	-1, 162, 916 29, 280 142, 516 627, 684	0.3 3.0 30.0	2.5 12.3 54.0
MINERAL AND SODA WATERS	105	114	100.0	100.0	431	271	100.0	35. 8 100, 0	3, 855, 391 2, 690, 090	1,014,778 1,049,518	73.1 100.0	34. 4 100. 0	1,436,026	363, 436 492, 401	100.0	31.3
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000	24 46 30 5	58 44 12	22.8 43.8 28.6 4.8	50. 9 38. 6 10. 5	22 120 202 87	69 117 85	5, 1 27, 8 46, 9 20, 2	25.5 43.2 31.4	60, 249 528, 487 1, 218, 298 883, 056	150,633 404,005 494,880	2, 2 19, 6 45, 3 32, 8	14, 4 38, 5 47, 2	31,438 247,212 524,060	82, 262 199, 754 210, 385	2.7 20.9 44.2	16.7 40.6 42.7
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING, NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS	160	161	100.0	100, 0	841	880	100.0	100.0	4, 100, 841	2, 233, 936	100.0	100, 0	382,551	1, 700, 317	32. 3	100.0
Less than \$5,000 . \$5,000 to \$20,000 . \$20,000 to \$100,000 . \$100,000 to \$500,000 .	55 76 21 8	88 57 12 4	34. 4 47. 5 13. 1 5. 0	54. 7 35. 4 7. 5 2, 5	43 248 188 8 362	139 265 186 290	5, 1 29, 5 22, 4 43, 0	15. 8 30. 1 21. 1 33. 0	131,615 697,717 835,588 82,435,921	240, 553 553, 585 498, 228 941, 570	3. 2 17. 0 20. 4	10. 8 24. 8 22, 3	99, 716 529, 953 655, 129	197, 207 455, 057 394, 534	3, 3 17, 7 21, 8	11.6 26.8 23.2
SHIPBUILDING, WOODEN, IN- CLUDING BOAT BUILDING	68	65	100.0	100.0	3,361	486	100.0	100.0	8, 428, 253		59. 4	42.1	<sup>8</sup> 1, 716, 414	653, 519	57. 2	38.4
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	19 19 18 8 8	36 25 5 4	27. 9 27. 9 26. 5 11. 8 5. 9	55, 4 38, 5 6, 2	16 67 241 1,039 3 1,998	40 127 5 319	0.5 2.0 7.2 30,9	8. 2 26. 1 65. 6	47, 201 210, 189 725, 194 2, 550, 587	94, 575 223, 843 5 485, 981	0.6 2.5 8.6 30.3	11. 8 27. 8 60. 4	37, 518 140, 852 497, 474 1, 362, 874	528, 998 62, 744 151, 122 5 310, 132	0.7 2.7 9.5 26.1	12.0 28.8 59.2
TOBACCO, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.	280	270	100.0	100.0		10 701	59. 4	ŀ	4, 895, 082		58.1		83, 173, 350			
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000 \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over		154 50 25 27 6 14	42.9 23.9 16.8 7.1 6.1	57. 0 18. 5 9. 3 10. 0 5. 2	3,770	235 366 708 2 9, 452	0.7 2.8 10.9 17.7 30.5	2. 2 3. 4 6. 6 87. 8	37, 926, 394 220, 871 701, 245 3, 239, 475 5, 748, 351 12, 050, 350	310, 355 511, 733 1, 193, 789 7, 423, 542	0. 6 1. 8 8. 5 15. 2	1.6 2.6 6.2 38.3	118,681 399,725 1,952,240 3,310,117	11,646,998 191,036 309,185 726,021 210,420,756	0.5 1.8 8.7 14.8	1.6 2.7 6.2 89.5
TURPENTINE AND ROSIN	452	508	100.0	100.0	4,631 11,748	15,466	37. 4 100. 0	- 11	12, 050, 350 15, 966, 102 21, 508, 553	9, 946, 240	31.8 42.1	51.3	7, 281, 809		1211	
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$500,000.	14 114 282 42	47 329 125 7	3. 1 25. 2 62. 4 9. 3	9.3 64.8 24.6 1.4	19 1,155 7,193 3,381	414 7, 245 6, 361 1, 446	0. 2 9. 8 61. 2 28. 8	2, 7 46, 8 41, 1	34,547 1,526,089	9, 573, 083 165, 844 3, 760, 797 4, 595, 655 4, 595, 655	0.2 7.1 55.8	1.7 39.3 48.0	23,601 1,125,463 8,857,097	6,989,518 111,144 2,701,012 3,417,759	0. 2 7. 2 56. 6	1, 6 38, 6 48, 9
1 Includes the grou	m "L	ese th	ion <b>\$</b> 5 00	((				0.0	7, 936, 838	1, 050, 787	36.9	11.0	5,643,568	759, 603	36.1	10.9

<sup>1</sup> Includes the group "Less than \$5,000." 2 Includes the groups "\$500,000 to \$1,000,000." and "\$1,000,000 and over." 3 Includes the group "\$500,000 to \$1,000,000."

Includes "iron and steel, welding."
Includes the group "\$100,000 to \$500,000."
Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

Table 13.—SIZE OF ESTABLISHMENTS, BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR CITIES OF 10,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE: 1919.

	ofestab- lents.	WA EARN		VALUE PRODUC		VALUE ADD MANUFACI			festab- nts.	WA EARN		VALUE PRODUC		VALUE ADDI MANUFACT	
CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number o lishme	Average num- ber.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of e lishment	Aver- age num- ber.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.
JACKSONVILLE	244	7, 168	100.0	\$31, 212, 494	100.0	\$13, 612, 659	100.0	PENSACOLA	70	4, 586	100.0	\$18,006,919	100.0	\$7,771,857	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000 \$500,000 to \$1,000,000	54 69 69 37 6	37 244 937 1,538 912	0.5 3.4 13.1 21.5 12.7	116, 531 753, 953 3, 203, 788 8, 814, 945 4, 509, 426	0. 4 2. 4 10. 3 28. 2 14. 4	79, 443 495, 827 1, 833, 254 3, 591, 809 2, 009, 345	0.6 3.6 13.5 26.4 14.8	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over	14 19 20 17	20 67 188 4, 311	0.4 1.5 4.1 94.0	36, 081 256, 545 980, 206 16, 734, 087 1, 004, 938	0. 2 1. 4 5. 4 92. 9	23, 930 139, 280 511, 147 7, 097, 500 490, 152	0.3 1.8 6.6 91.3
\$1,000,000 and over KEY WEST	69 69	3,500 2,313	48.8 100.0	13, 813, 851 6, 520, 351	44. 3 100. 0	5, 602, 981 3, 744, 168	41.2 100.0	St. Petersburg.  Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000	10 15	215 7 45	3.3	29, 407 179, 650	2.9	15, 864 94, 141	3, 2
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000	22 19 15	17 99 205	0.7 4.3 8.9	37, 838 220, 622 640, 934	0.6 3.4 9.8	126, 443 365, 977	0.6 3.4 9.8 86.2	\$20,000 to \$100,000	14	163 13, 079	75. 8 100. 0	795, 881 42, 461, 377	79. 2 100. 0	380, 147 25, 188, 234	77.6
\$100,000 and over		1,992 708	86.1 100.0	5, 620, 957 2, 722, 612	86, 2 100, 0	3, 229, 164 1, 499, 431	100.0	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000	84 54 73	71 189 1,046	0. 5 1. 4 8. 0	179, 694 645, 368 3, 048, 309	0. 4 1. 5 7. 2	99, 892 353, 108 1, 488, 146	5.9
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$500,000	18 25 23 7	14 80 265 349	2.0 11.3 37.4 49.3	53, 039 263, 241 1, 019, 875 1, 386, 457	1. 9 9. 7 37. 5 50. 9	38, 522 158, 469 544, 623 757, 817	2. 6 10. 6 36. 3 50. 5	\$100,000 to \$500,000 \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	25 18 9	1, 554 3, 988 6, 231	11.9 30.5 47.6	5, 916, 609 12, 355, 446 20, 315, 951	13. 9 29. 1 47. 8	3, 257, 434 7, 538, 941 12, 450, 713	29.9

TABLE 14.—CHARACTER OF OWNERSHIP, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND FOR CITIES: 1919 AND 1914.

			IBER		AVE	RAGE N	UMBER C	F WAG	E EAR!	ERS.			v.	ALUE OF PRO	DUCTS.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	MENT	ABLIS S OW. BY—				ablishme		Per ce	ent of t	otal.		Of establ	ishments ow	ned by—	Per ce	nt of t	otal.
	year.	vid-	Cor- pora- tions		Total.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions,	All oth- ers.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth-	Total.	Individ- uals.	Corpora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All others.
All industries	1919 1914 1909	1, 229 1, 210 951	750 628 501	603 680 707	74, 415 55, 608 57, 473	9,209 9,004 9,520	54,694 34,970 31,589	10,512 11,634 16,364	12. 4 16. 2 16. 6	78. 5 62. 9 55. 0	14. 1 20. 9 28. 4	\$213, 326, 811 81, 112, 291 72, 889, 659	\$22, 290, 515 11, 082, 871 10, 807, 500	\$166, 210, 162 58, 337, 964 45, S15, 852	11,691,450	10, 4 13, 7 14, 8	77. 9 71. 9 62. 9	
Boxes, wooden packing, except eigar boxes.	1919 1914	5 4	10 7	. 5	1, 025 807	177 1 327	571 480	277	17. 3 40. 5	55. 7 59. 5	27. 0	2,539,732 932,554	432, 227 1 352, 611	1,489,072 579,943	618, 433	17. 0 37. 8	58, 6 62, 2	24. 4
Bread and other bakery products.	1919 1914	133 144	19 8	31 32	737 672	343 395	307 177	87 100	46. 5 58. 8	41.7 26.3	11. 8 14. 9	5,143,559 2,169,320	2,499,115 1,322,267	2,017,921 491,551	626, 523 355, 502	48. 6 61. 0	39. 2 22. 7	12. 2 16. 4
Cars and general shop con- struction and repairs by steam - railroad com- panies.	1919 1914		19 13		3,782 2,311		3, 762 2, 311			100. 0 100. 0		8, 468, 318 2, 589, 930		8,468,318 2,589,930			100.0	
Fertilizers	1919 1914	<u>.</u>	22 19	2	1,390 781	1 18	1 1, 390 763		2, 3	100. 0 97. 7		10,685,819 6,995,051	1 63, 095	110, 685, 819 6, 931, 956		0.9	100. 0 99. 1	:::::
Foundry and machine- shop products.2	1919 1914	34 24	25 18	11 14	879 561	134 101	691 364	54 96	15. 2 18. 0	78.6 64.9	6. 1 17. 1	3,549,227 1,127,354	471, 279 216, 228	2, 849, 914 733, 393	228, 034 177, 733	13. 3 19. 2	80, 3 65, 1	6. 4 15. 9
Ice, manufactured	1919 1914	20 14	63 66	12 12	1,412	102 58	1, 218 50	92 52	7.2 7.6	86.3 1 5.5	6. 5 6. 8	4, 051, 516 2, 262, 769	271 211 138, 364	5, 611 9, 727	284, 694 144, 678	3	86.3 87.1	
Lumbes nd timber produces.	. 919 1914	225 210	17 101	127 101	21, U58 16, 392	2, 191 2, 288	16, 381 12, 124	2,486 1,980	10. 4 14. 0	77.8 74.0	11.8 12.1	42, 598, 491 17, 574, 752	4, 009, 830 2, 198, 273	33, 139, 787 13, 488, 902	5, 448, 874 1, 887, 577	9. 4 12. 5	77. 8 76. 8	L
Lumber, planing - mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	1919 1914		28 28	12 20	1,267 1,159	235 222	844 780	188 157	18. 5 19. 2	66. 6 67. 3	14.8 13.5	5, 270, 931 2, 949, 592	1,043,000 558,412	3, 514, 004 1, 952, 733	713, 927 438, 447	19.8 18.9	66. 7 66. 2	13, 14.9
Mineral and soda waters.	1919 1914		30 22	21 28	431 271	150 100	219 110	62	34. 8 36. 9		14. 4 22. 5	2,690,090 1,049,518	792, 556 336, 014	1,617,302 523,931	280, 232 189, 573	29. 5 32. 0	60. 1 49. 9	10. 4 18. 1
Printing and publishing, newspapers and period- icals.	1919 1914		56 57	22 26	841 880	189 195	583 543	69 142	22. 5 22. 2	69.3 61.7	8. 2 16. 1	4, 100, 841 2, 233, 936	504, 705 375, 734	3, 354, 656 1, 574, 245			70. 5	12.7
Shipbuilding, wooden, in- cluding boat building.	1919 1914			9 12	3,361 486	132 127	2,636 326	593 33	3. 9 26. 1		17.6 6.8		395, 979 244, 042	1	64,076	30. 3	61. 7	8.0
Slaughtering and meat packing.	1919 1914		5 3	2 2	348 54	1 20 1 17	328 37		5. 31.	94. 3 68. 8	:::::	5, 316, 186 925, 386	1 544, 181 1 325, 204	4, 772, 005 600, 182		10. 2	64. 8	
Tobacco, cigars and ciga rettes.	- 1919 1914			66 59	12,393 10,761	900 1, 159	9,964 8,196	1,529	7.		12.3 13.1		2,253,934 1,653,615	15, 338, 842	2   2,393,202	8.4	5 79.1	12.3
Turpentine and resin	. 1919 1914		107	170 255	11,748 15,466	3, 502 3, 425	4, 257 5, 292	3,989 6,749	29.	8 36.1 1 34.1	2   43,6	21,508,558 9,573,088	3    1,961,374	3,588,009	7,387,803 4,023,700	26.	5   39.5	34.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes the group "All others."

<sup>\*</sup>Includes "iron and steel, welding."

TABLE 14.—CHARACTER OF OWNERSHIP, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND FOR CITIES: 1919 AND 1914—Continued.

Q	<u> </u>				AVI	ERAGE N	UMBER	OF WAG	E EAF	NERS.		-	VA	LUE OF PROI	OUCTS.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	EST	IBER ABLIS S OW. BY	H-		In est	ablishme ned by-	ents	Per c	ent of t	otal.		Of establi	ishments ow	ned by—	Per ce	nt of to	otal,
INDUSTRI AND CITI	year.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions	All oth- ers.	Total.	Indi- vid- uals.	Corpora-	All oth- ers.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All others.	Total.	Individ- uals.	Corpora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.
Total for cities	1919	359	249	150	28, 069	1,912 1,540	23, 294 9, 458	2,863 1,745	6.8	83. 0 74. 2	10. 2 13. 7		\$7,026,904 2,927,446	\$86, 411, 128 23, 140, 784	\$8, 490, 659 3, 339, 719	6, 9 10. 0	84, 8 78, 7	8, 3 11, 4
JACKSONVILLE	1914 1919	246 105	148	37	7,168	511	6, 117 2, 369	540	7. 1 12. 4	85. 3 84. 1	7. 5 3. 5	31, 212, 494 10, 147, 679	1,912,940 712,743	27, 439, 095 9, 195, 496	1,860,459 239,440	6.1	87.9 90.6	6.0 2.4
KEY WEST	1914	79 36	65 19	29 14 18	2,816 2,313 2,037	256 76	1,910 1,629	147 332	11.1 3.7	82. 6 80. 0	6. 4 16. 3	6, 520, 351 3, 389, 026	557, 513 144, 028	5, 566, 480 2, 777, 174	396, 358 467, 824	8.6 4.2	85. 4 81. 9	6.1 13.8
Miamt	1914	33 42	14	14	708	215	404	89	30, 4	1	12, 6	1	658, 359 759, 899	1,628,227 16,403,900		[]	59.8	16.0 4.7
PENSACOLA	1919 1914		32 21	8 14	4, 586 835	138 122	4,108 625	340 88	3.0 14.6	89. 6 74. 8	7.4	1,832,327	345, 689	1, 224, 775	261, 863	18.9	66.8	14.3
St. Petersburg	1919	21	i i	1	215	57	83	75	26. 5 5. 6	1	1 -	42, 461, 377	2,739,393	35,020,967	4,701,017	6.5	82.5	11.1
Тамра	1919 1914	125 105	69 48	69 49	13,079 7,055	735 993	10,672 4,835	1,672 1,227	14.1		17. 4	14, 038, 917	1,724,988	9, 943, 339	2, 370, 592	12. 3	70.8	10, 9

TABLE 15.—MANUFACTURES, BY POPULATION GROUPS, IN CITIES OF 10,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

		CITIES	HAVING	A POPULATION	or 10,00	00 OR OVER.		THE STATE OUTSID	
Cau-		Total.	1		10,000 to 25,000.		,000.	A POPULATIO 10,000 OR O	N OF
sus year.	Aggregate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.
1919 1914 1909		6 4		2 1 2		4 3 2			
1920 1915 1910	968, 470 848, 111 752, 619	236,758 165,691 138,408	24. 4 19. 5 18. 4	32, 986 21, 150 42, 927	3. 4 2. 5 5. 7	203,772 144,541 95,481	21. 0 17. 0 12. 7	682, 420 614, 211	80.5 81.6
1919 1914	1		20.0	65	4. 2 2. 6 5. 3	650 439 296	25. 2 17. 4 13. 7	1,824 2,014 1,748	70.6 80.0 81.0
1919 1914	74,415 55,608	28,069 12,743 12,145	37. 7 22. 9 21. 1	2,528 2,037 3,371	3. 4 3. 7 5. 9	10,700	19.3	46, 346 42, 865 45, 328	62, 3 77, 1 78, 9
. 1919 1914	\$213,326,811 81,112,291	\$101, 928, 691 29, 407, 949	47. 8	\$7,525,289 3,389,026 5,802,820	3. 5 4. 2 8. 0	\$94,403,402 26,018,923 20,526,027	32. 1	51,704,342	52.2 63.7 63.9
1919 1914 1909	120,646,587 47,296,603	52, 306, 501 15, 711, 82	43. 4 5 33. 2	4, 234, 320 1, 969, 947	3.5	13,741,878	3 29.1	31,584,778	8   66.8
	1919 1914 1909 1920 1915 1910 1914 1909 1914 1909 1914 1909 1914 1909	Sus year.   Aggregate.	Census year.  Aggregate.  Number or amount.  1919 6 4 1909 4 4 1909 2,582 758 1919 2,582 758 1919 2,582 758 1919 2,582 758 1919 2,159 411 1919 74,415 28,093 1919 75,473 12,145 1909 2,159 411 1919 3213,326,811 1914 55,008 12,743 1909 57,473 12,145 1919 \$213,326,811 \$101,928,601 1914 81,112,291 29,407,945 1919 \$213,326,811 \$101,928,601 1919 \$213,326,811 \$29,407,945 1919 \$213,326,811 \$29,407,945 1919 \$213,326,811 \$101,928,601 1919 \$213,326,811 \$101,928,601 1919 \$213,326,811 \$101,928,601	Census year.     Aggregate.       1919     Number or amount.       1914     4       1909     4       1915     848,111       1910     752,619       1911     2,582       1914     2,518       1919     2,582       1914     2,518       1919     2,582       1914     25,603       1919     74,415       28,069     37,7       1914     55,603       12,743     22,9       1919     55,603       12,743     22,9       1914     55,603       12,743     22,1       1914     81,112,291       1914     81,112,291       1914     81,112,291       1914     81,112,291       29,407,949     36,3       1914     81,112,291       29,407,949     36,3       30,29     26,328,853       30,50     15,711,825       31,4     47,296,603       15,711,825     33,2	Census year.       Aggregate.       Total.       10,000 to 25         Number or amount.       Per cent of aggregate.         1919       4       1	Census year.         Aggregate.         Total.         10,000 to 25,000.           Number or amount.         Per cent of aggregate.         Number or aggregate.         Number or aggregate.           1919         6         1         1           1920         963,470         236,758         24.4         32,986         3.4*           1915         348,111         165,691         19.5         21,150         22,150         22,150         25,758         24.4         42,927         5.7         25,758         29.4         108         4.2         29.7         5.7         5.7         1919         2,582         758         20.4         108         4.2         2.6         19.0         115         5.3         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         2.6         3.4         4.2         2.7         5.7         3.7         2.583         3.4         4.2         2.1         3.7         2.584         3.4         3.2         3.7         2.583         3.4         3.3         3.389         3.5         3.5         3.5         3.5         3.5         3.5         3.5         3.5         3.5         3.5	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Total

<sup>1</sup> Population of 1920, as of Jan. 1, 1920; 1915, estimated population as of July 1, 1914 (per reports census of manufactures, 1914); 1910, as of Apr. 15, 1910,

TABLE 16.—PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES IN CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE, WITH PER CENT OF TOTAL FOR STATE: 1919.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	V	ALUE OF	PRODUCTS.	<u></u>		V.	LUE OF	PRODUCTS.	
CITY AND INDUSTRY.		Per cent	Increase <sup>1</sup> ov	/er 1914.	CITY AND INDUSTRY.		Per	Increase 1 o	ver 1914.
	Amount, 1919.	of total for the state.	Amount.	Per cent.		Amount, 1919.	of total for the state.	Amount.	Per cent.
JACKSONVILLE.			i l		TAMPA.				
Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat building	\$4,519,391	53.6	(2)		Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes Printing and publishing, newspapers and	ì ' '	75, 1	\$18, 108, 321	174.7
Frend and other bakery products. Foundry and machine-shop products. Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.	1,781,486 1,268,314 1,144,311	34.6 36.2 27.9	\$1, 121, 265 1, 116, 657 487, 289	169. 8 736. 3	periodicals.  Bread and other bakery products.  Lumber planing mill products not includ-	593, 775	23.9 11.5	590, 512 361, 945	151. 3 156. 1
periodicals Tobacco, cigars Lumber, planing-mill products, not in- cluding planing mills connected with sawmills	1,068,607	2, 8	659, 427	161. 2	ing planing mills connected with saw- mills. Ice, manufactured Foundry and machine-shop products	428, 289 341, 121	10, 6 10, 6 9, 7	222, 083 246, 973 -2, 701	66. 2 136. 2 -0. 8
Mineral and carbonated waters	614,626	17. 2 42. 1 22. 8 81. 5	234, 781 473, 482 (2)	58. 2 335. 5	Confectionery and ice cream Coffee, roasting and grinding. Boxes, cigar. Gas, illuminating and heating.	309, 467	30, 5 19, 3	226, 924 84, 037	202, 3 37, 3
Turpentine and rosin. Copper, tin, and sheet-from work. Bags, other than paper, not including bags	448 634	2. 1 56. 8	243, 013	379. 5	Liquors, malt. Mineral and carbonated waters. Shipbuilding, steel, new vessels. Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat	(2)		(2)	
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies					building				
Contectionery and ice cream Cooperage, hogsheads and barrels Fertilizers Food preparations, sweetening sirups other than cane.	(2)		(3)						
than cane. Gas, illuminating and heating Lee, manufactured. Oll and cake, cottonseed.	<u> </u>								
Shipbuilding, concrete Slaughtering and meat packing. Wood preserving.	1								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

TABLE 17.—NUMBER AND HORSEPOWER OF TYPES OF PRIME MOVERS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

				HORSEPOWER.						
POWER.	NUMBER OF	F ENGINES O	R MOTORS.		Amount.	Per ce	Per cent distribution.			
	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909	
Primary power, total	4, 597	3,166	2, 445	139,456	100,071	89,816	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Owned. Steam 1. Engines. Turbines. Internal-combustion engines. Water. Water wheels and turbines. Water motors.	1,477 39 461 15 13	1, 966 1, 433 (2) (2) (2) 521 12 6 6	2, 044 1, 783 (2) (2) 250 11 10 1	116, 436 111, 487 105, 944 5, 548 4, 706 243 227 16	93,586 88,939 (2) (2) 4,464 183 128 55	86, 376 84, 708 (2) (2) (2) 1, 497 171 168 3	83.5 79.9 76.0 4.0 3.4 0.2 0.2	93. 5 88. 9 (2) (2) 4. 5 0. 2 0. 1 0. 1	96. 2 94. 3 (2) (2) 1. 7 0. 2 0. 2	
Rented Electric Other	2,605	1,200 1,200	401 401	23,020 22,655 365	6,485 6,406 79	3,440 3,353 87	16.5 16.2 0.3	6.5 6.4 0.1	3. 8 3. 7 0. 1	
Electric Rented Generated by establishments reporting	3, 131 2, 605	1,523 1,200 323	579 401 178	35,135 22,655 12,480	12,888 6,406 6,482	7,563 3,353 4,210	100, 0 64, 5 35, 5	100.0 49.7 50.3	100. 0 44. 3 55. 7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figures for horsepower include for 1903 the amount reported under the head "Other" owned power.
<sup>2</sup> Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Figures can not be shown without disclosing individual operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not reported separately.

TABLE 18.—FUEL CONSUMED, FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND FOR CITIES: 1919.

	ÇO	AL.	Coke		Gasoline and	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Anthracite (tons, 2,240 pounds).	Bituminous (tons, 2,000 pounds).	(tons, 2,000 pounds).	Fuel oils (barrels),	other volatile oils (barrels).	Gas (1,000 cubic feet).
All industries	5,110 16,489 -69.0	262,577 143,553 82.9	36,384 17,522 107.6	393,754 141,374 198.7	28,576 (¹) (¹)	2.), 725 9, 560 116, 8
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies Fertilizers. Cas, illuminating and heating lee, manufactured Minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated. Shipbuilding, steel. Slaughtering and meat packing Wood distillation. All other industries.	3,360 9 100	121, 359 8, 526 38, 473 38, 713 12, 857 14, 502 1, 370 3, 579 23, 198	19, 198 777 1, 733 8, 199 6, 317	30, 324 19, 435 48, 867 146, 605 79, 642 27, 170 22, 467 19, 219	8,607 1,848 462 1,313 80	1,320
Total for cities.	4,248	123, 474	30,757	150,475	9,425	14,882
Jacksonville Key West. Miami Pensacola St. Petersburg.	384	100,686 35 421 20,826 565 941	18, 275 1, 194 2, 001 3, 619 1, 454 4, 214	25,096 5,356 17,147 20,057 6,289 77,530	457 	8,410 198 850 482 1,447 3,495

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Included in figures for fuel oils.

#### SPECIAL STATISTICS.

For a number of important industries the Census Bureau collects, by means of special schedules, certain details which do not appear on the general schedule. Data for five of these industries in Florida are here presented.

Lumber and timber products (Table 19).—This table presents statistics pertaining to the chief products of the lumber industry for 1919, 1914, and 1909. The relative importance of Florida as a lumber-producing state has been increasing. In 1909 this state ranked seventeenth among the states in the production of lumber; in 1914, fifteenth; and in 1919, tenth. The largest cut reported for the state, however, was in 1909, the production for 1919 as compared with 1909 showing a decrease of 5.4 per cent.

In 1919 the cut, by species, was reported as follows: Yellow pine, 1,004,766,000 feet, or 88.3 per cent of the total cut of the state, and cypress 120,433,000 feet, or 10.6 per cent. The hardwoods contributed 12,233,000 feet, or 1.1 per cent, the principal species being gum, ash, hickory, tupelo, cottonwood, and oak.

TABLE 19.—LUMBER, LATH, AND SHINGLES: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

DOADWA		QUANTITY,1	
PRODUCT,	1919	1914	1909
Lumber. M feet b. m. Lath. thousands. Shingles. thousands.	76,402	1,073,821 (2) (2)	1,201,734 55,741 283,206

<sup>1</sup> The output of custom mills is included in 1919 and 1909, but not in 1914: 2 Not reported.

Shipbuilding, including boat building (Tables 20 and 21).—This industry includes the building of steel and wooden vessels, as well as small craft, and the repair of such vessels. Comparisons of the 1919 figures for this industry, unlike those for any other

for which totals are presented, are made with that of the special census for shipbuilding, 1916.

The number and tonnage of all vessels launched in 1919 and 1916 are shown, by classes, in Table 20.

Table 20.—Shipbuilding, Including Boat Building—Number and Tonnage: 1919 and 1916.

		1919	1916		
• PRODUCT.	Num- ber.	Gross tonnage.	Num- ber.	Gross tonnage.	
Vessels of 5 gross tons and over launched during the year	62	109, 553	45	6,614	
Steel— Steem Sail Wooden—	15 1	81,381 460	1 3	1,884	
Woden— Steam Motor Sail	6 17 6	11,515 2,183 3,324	1 10 5	20 101 41	
Unrigged	17	10,690	26	4,568	
Power boats of less than 5 gross tons	. 90		157		

<sup>1</sup> Includes 1 motor vesselt! cross tons

The value of work done upon vessels and boats of all kinds during 1919 and 1916 is shown in Table 21.

Table 21 —Shipbuilding, Including Boat Building—Value: 1919 and 1916.

	1919	1916 ·
Total value of work	\$32,662,379	\$1,795,519
Work done during the year on new vessels and boats Vessels of 5 gross tons and over Steel. Wood. Boats of less than 5 gross tons. Power boats of all kinds. Sailboats, rowboats, etc.	1 29, 523, 419 23, 999, 848 5, 523, 571 113, 621	670, 830 502, 859 (2) (1) 77, 971 72, 670 5, 301
Repair work		913,678 211,011

I Includes I establishment engaged in the construction of concrete vessels. Not shown separately to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

The total number of vessels of 5 gross tons and over launched increased by only 17 from 1916 to 1919, but

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

there was a tremendous increase in gross tonnage during the same period, which occurred mostly in steel vessels operated by steam power. Most of the steel vessels constructed were for freight service, and several of them exceeded 6,000 gross tonnage.

All types of craft increased both in number and tonnage since 1916, except unrigged vessels and power boats of less than 5 gross tons, which decreased in number.

Turpentine and rosin (Table 22).—Florida has been the leading state in the production of these products for all years for which records are available since 1904. The quantities and values of turpentine and rosin produced by 452 establishments in 1919, 508 in 1914, and 593 in 1909 are shown in Table 22.

TABLE 22.—TURPENTINE AND ROSIN: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

PRODUCT.	1919	1914	1909
Total value	\$21,508,553	\$0,573,083	\$11,937,518
Spirits of turpentine: Gallons Value Rosin: Barrels (280 pounds).	6, 992, 489 \$8, 238, 251 868, 628	12,363,232 \$4,820,679 1,310,307 \$4,695,561	13,809,785 \$5,847,478 1,555,749 \$6,057,524
Value All other products, value	\$13,088,444 \$181,858	\$4,695,561 \$56,843	\$6′, 057′, 524 \$32, 516

The quantities of turpentine and rosin produced decreased for both periods shown in the table, the decrease from 1914 to 1919 being 43.4 per cent for turpentine and 33.7 per cent for rosin, but, on account of the high prices of these products prevailing in 1919, the total value increased 124.7 per cent.

The working unit in the gathering of crude gum is called a crop, which consists of 10,500 boxes or cups. In 1919 there were 5,410 crops worked in the state. Of these, 985 were from "virgin" trees, or trees worked the first year; 954 from "yearling," or trees worked the second year; and 3,471 from "pulling," or trees worked the third and subsequent years. Of the foregoing, 2,284 were worked from back-boxed timber—419 "virgin," 402 "yearling," and 1,463 "pulling."

The system in use for gathering crude gum is changing from the box system to the cup system. In 1909, 11.2 per cent of the total number of crops was gathered by the cup system; in 1914, 62.9 per cent; and in 1919, 84.9 per cent. The total number of crops reported for each year was 9,923 for 1909, 8,950 for 1914, and 5,410 for 1919.

Fertilizers (Table 23). This table shows the quantities and values of the chief products of the fertilizer industry in Florida in 1919, 1914, and 1909. Measured by value of products, the state ranked ninth among the states in 1919 and in 1914, and eleventh in 1909. The increase in quantity production, 1914 to 1919, was but 3.7 per cent, though the increase in

fertilizer values was 59 per cent, the average ton value being \$39.14 in 1919, as compared with \$25.53 per ton in 1914, and \$23.05 per ton in 1909.

TABLE 23.—FERTILIZERS: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

	a 1919	1914	1909
Total value	\$10,685,819	\$6,995,051	\$3,878,296
Fortilizers:			
Tons	254, 556	1 245, 449	155,852
Value	\$9,964,055	\$6,266,201	\$3,592,882
Complete and ammoniated fertilizers—	' ' '	' '	, ,
Tons	175,746	199,606	98,323
Value	\$8,618,976	85,696,460	\$2,877,640
Superphosphates—	' '		
Tons	68,902	36,701	46,570 \$393,303
Value	\$1,127,428	\$307,272	\$393,303
All other fertilizers—			
Tous	9,908	9,142	10,960
Value	\$217,651	\$262,469	\$321,93
All other products, value	\$721,764	\$728,850	\$285,41

 $^1$  In addition, there were produced by cotton seed-oil mills 1,057 tons of fertilizers valued at \$23,866.

Printing and publishing (Table 24).—This table shows the number of publications and their aggregate circulation, by period of issue, for the census years 1919, 1914, and 1909.

The aggregate circulation of publications shows a considerable increase. During the five-year period from 1914 to 1919 the circulation increased 55,466, or 14.2 per cent, and during the decade, 162,977, or 57.4 per cent.

Of the daily papers, 24 were published in the afternoon, their circulation being 81,544, or 49.2 per cent of the total daily circulation, and an increase of 26,058, or 46.9 per cent, over the afternoon circulation in 1914. The morning papers, although fewer in number, had the larger circulation in 1919, and the increase over 1914 was 20,664, or 32.5 per cent. The increase shown in the circulation of monthly publications is due to the establishment of several business and professional periodicals.

A Spanish weekly was the only publication printed in a foreign language.

TABLE 24.—PRINTING AND PUBLISHING: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

PERIOD OF ISSUE.		MBER LICATIO			ATE CIRCUI ER ISSUE,	LATION
	1919	1914	1909	1919	1914	1909
Total  Daily Sunday Semiweekly Weekly 1 Monthly 2	193 35 13 5 128 12	189 26 9 6 141 7	160 19 6 3 127 5	446, 969 165, 824 89, 177 6, 525 156, 061 29, 382	391,503 119,102 83,171 11,425 171,615 6,190	283, 992 80, 300 48, 539 10, 300 137, 818 7, 035

<sup>1</sup> Includes in 1919, 1 triweekly. <sup>2</sup> Includes in 1919, 3 semimonthlies and in 1914, 1 quarterly.

Laundries (Table 25).—Statistics for power laundries are not included in the general tables nor in the totals for manufacturing industries. Table 25, however, summarizes the statistics for such laundries in Florida for 1919 and 1914.

TABLE 25.-POWER LAUNDRIES: 1919 AND 1914.

	NUMBER OF	R AMOUNT.	Per
:	1919	1914	of in- crease, <sup>1</sup> 1914- 1919.
Number of establishments.  Persons engaged.  Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number).  Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries Salaries Wages. Paid for contract work Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Amount received for work done.	1,146 23 1,40 983 1,437 \$881,099 680,304 192,147 488,157 5,643 74,024	45 991 41 86 864 1,120 8012,525 448,122 91,998 356,124 5,750 41,344 182,317 946,314	13. 8 28. 3 43. 8 51. 8 108. 9 37. 1 -1. 9 79. 0 100. 5 56. 4

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  A minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

Dyeing and cleaning (Table 26).—Statistics for dyeing and cleaning establishments that were operated by mechanical power in 1919 are presented in this table. Statistics for such establishments are not included in the general tables nor in the totals for manufacturing industries for censuses since 1900. This presentation is the first of its kind that has been made since the census statistics were confined to manufacturing industries as distinguished from the hand trades, household industries, etc.

TABLE 26.—DYEING AND CLEANING: 1919.

	Number or amount.
Number of establishments.	10
Persons engaged Proprietors and firm members Salaried employees.	88
Proprietors and firm members	(
Salaried employees	13
Wage earners (average number)	66
Primary horsepower	5
Capital	
Salaries and wages	
Salaries	14 033
Wages	52, 536
Paid for contract work.	11,88
Rent and taxes	9, 43
Cost of materials.	
Amount received for work done	166.83

Custom gristmills and sawmills (Tables 27 and 28).— Statistics for custom gristmills and custom sawmills are not included in the general tables nor in the totals for manufacturing industries. Data for custom mills were not collected in 1914. Tables 27 and 28, however, summarize the statistics for such mills for 1919 and 1909. The value of products for custom gristmills represents the selling value of the grain milled, and that for custom sawmills the amount charged for the work performed.

TABLE 27.—CUSTOM GRISTMILLS: 1919 AND 1909.

	NUMBER OF	R AMOUNT,	Per
	1919	1909	of in- erease, <sup>1</sup> 1909- 1919.
Number of establishments.  Persons engaged.  Proprietors and firm members.  Salaried employees.  Wage earners (average number).  Primary horsepower.  Capital.  Salaries and wages.  Salaries.  Wages.  Rent and taxes.  Cost of materials 2.  Value of products 2.	124 118 6 1,643 \$128,237 9,475 9,475	88 144 127 2 15 1,839 \$98,947 4,417 160 4,248 917 227,351 273,928	-13.9 -7.1 -10.7 29.6 114.5 -123.0 19.7 60.2 73.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.
<sup>2</sup> Includes estimate of all grain ground.

TABLE 28.—CUSTOM SAWMILLS: 1919 AND 1909.

NUMBER O	AMOUNT.	Per
1919	1909	of in creas 1909 1919
12 26 15	5 24 10 1	
270	155	7-
5,496	3,524 78	55
199 1,514	75	16 50
	12 26 15 15 270 \$25,535 5,496 5,496 199	12 5 26 24 15 10 11 13 270 156 \$25,555 \$7,628 5,496 3,424 5,496 3,446 199 75

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Percentages are omitted where base is less than 100. <sup>2</sup> Amount received for work done.

#### GENERAL TABLES.

Table 29 gives, for 1919, 1914, and 1909, the number of establishments, average number of wage earners, primary horsepower, wages, cost of materials, and value of products for selected industries in the state and in Jacksonville, and for Key West, Pensacola, and Tampa, similar data for all industries combined.

Table 30 presents, for 1919, in the state as a whole and in Jacksonville and Tampa, statistics in detail for each industry for which figures can be shown without disclosing the operations of individual establishments, and the statistics for all industries combined for each of the cities in the state having from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants.

TABLE 29.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND FOR CITIES: 1919, 1914, AND 1909.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.		Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earn- ers (aver- age	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	sus	Num- ber of estab-	Wage earn- ers (aver-	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of prod- ucts.
		ments	num- ber).	power.	E: tl	xpressec housand	l in ls.	·	year.	lish- ments	age num- ber).	power.	E: tl	cpressed rousand	l in ls.
and the second s	7	THE S	STATE	$-\Lambda LL$	INDU	STRIE	s come	SINED AND SELECTED IN	DUST	RIES.					
All industries	1919 1914 1909	2,582 2,518 2,159	74,415 55,608 57,473	100,071	\$67,433 24,822 22,982	33,816	\$213,327 81,112 72,890	Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	1919 1914 1909	6 7 5	29 23 34	251 84 72	820 11 13	\$459 41 156	\$56 6 25
rtificial stone products	1919 1914 1909	36 59 32	·183 197 124	146 174 44	161 102 57	164 131 93	413 305 215	Foundry and machine-shop products.2	1919 1914 1909	149 87 36	1,138 694 508	2,236 1,517 725	$\substack{\textbf{1,341}\\463\\287}$	1,778 534 331	4, 29 1, 40 83
wnings, tents, and sails	1919 1914	9 7	49 23	12 11	54 14	479 39	674 68	Gas, illuminating and heating	$1919 \\ 1914 \\ 1909$	14 14 12	418 349 210	1,074 968 746	422 183 113	983 338 182	1, 98 1, 04 58
oxes, cigar	1919 1914 1909	4 4 3	673 457 370	643 459 461	508 225 175	750 282 232	1,683 635 504	Ice, manufactured	1919 1914 1909	95 92 70	760 461	18, 011 12, 475 8, 585	1, 153 446 224	1,524 617 384	4, 05 2, 20 1, 20
read and other bakery products.	1919 1914 1909	183 184 113	737 672 405	871 495 666	622 369 201	3,552 1,192 760	5, 144 2, 169 1, 292	Lumber and timber products 3	1919 1914 1909	i	18,358 $19,227$	75, 228 65, 073 65, 097	18, 427 8, 077 7, 551	17,776 7,926 6,239	50, 40 21, 45 20, 80
rick	1919 1914 1909	11 14 29	156 222 439	805 1,320 2,288	71 84 138	54 94 113	181 288 379	Marble and stone work	1919 1914 1909	10 14 10	53 47 42	77 75	54 39 30	84 67 35	19 17 1
anning and preserving 1	1919 1914 1909	28 21 18	424 194 188	391 268 70	152 58 51	625 239 80	1, 041 418 213	Mattresses and spring beds, not elsewhere specified.  Mineral and soda waters	1919 1914 1919	11 8 105	85 60 431	140 101 540	70 39 279	304 110 1,505	1 43 1 2,6
arriages and wagons, including repairs.	1919 1914 1909	13 46 39	57 169 230	98 203 354	70 115 136	69 95 210	166 305 453	Minerals and earths, ground or	1914 1909 1919	114 74 5	271 168 717	196 1,880	119 62 476	557 196 546	1,00 5
ars and general shop construc- tion and repairs by electric- railroad companies.	1919 1914 1909	5 4 6	89 77 55	133 193 63	104 50 30	59 36 29	176 96 68	otherwise treated.  Patent medicines and compounds.	1914 1919 1914	4 24 18	220 58 24	606 34 6	65 35 11	91 387 39	7
ars and general shop construc- tion and repairs by steam- railroad companies.	1919 1914 1909	19 13 12	3,762 2,311 1,753	3, 557 2, 234 1, 035	4,744 1,398 1,018	3, 229 980 601	8,468 2,590 1,743	Paving materials	1909 1919 1914	10 5 5	26 212 124	1,023 310	9 122 55	75 140 24	28 16
offee, roasting and grinding	1919 1914	18 19	68 45 29	185 171	51 24	1,300 465	1,602 697	Printing and publishing	1919 1914 1909	237 235 174	1,172 1,220 905	1,523 1,325 794	1,258 898 529	1,708 803 434	5,6 3,0 1,8
Confectionery and ice cream	1909 1919 1914	13 27 30	105 72	83 395 90	74 36	194 762 171	262 1,112 346	Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat building.	1919 1914 1909	68 65 52	3, 361 486 482	3,992 1,489 873	3,885 334 289	3,216 280 233	8,4 8
Cooperage	1919 1914 1909	17 10 10	227 191 133	398 404 360	180 82 48	772 274 217	1,122 434 333	Slaughtering and meat packing.	1919 1914 1909	8 11 11	34S 54 32	918 144	278 32 20	4,816 789 392	5,3 9 4
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work.	1919 1914 1909		99 124 52	81 86 30	117 84 30	297 254 43	540 399 105	Tobacco, eigars and eigarettes	1919 1914 1909	280 270 229	12, 393 10, 761 12, 280	192 149 109	11,875 6,638 7,169	15, 534 7, 739 8, 685	37, 9 19, 3 21, 5
Pertilizers	1919 1914 1909	22	781	4,368 3,070 1,710	1, 103 367 218	7, 158 4, 656 2, 875	10,686 6,995 3,878	Turpentine and rosin	1919 1914 1909	452 508 593	11, 748 15, 466 18, 143	904 913 1,916	4,015	5, 859 2, 584 1, 969	21,5 9,5 11,9
Flour-mill and gristmill prod- ucts.	1919 1914 1909	13		1,093 382 141	33 7 5	470 134 139	568 166 164	All other industries	1919 1914 1909	118 87 07	9,419 1,134 577	18, 257 4, 864 3, 394	382	16, 321 2, 235 1, 231	33, 4 3, 4 1, 9

<sup>1</sup> Includes "canning and preserving, fish;" "canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables;" and "pickles, preserves, and sauces," in all years; and "canning and preserving, oysters," in 1914 and 1909.

<sup>2</sup> Includes "automobile repairing," and "iron and steel, welding," in all years, and "engines, steam, gas, and water," and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills," in 1914 and 1909.

<sup>3</sup> Includes "boxes, wooden packing, except eigar boxes," and "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.'

CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES.

JACKSONVILLEAll industries.	1919 1914 1909	244 173 114	7, 168 2, 816 1, 988	13,356 7,147 5,165	7, 292 1, 547 988	17,600 5,541 3,997	31, 212 10, 148 6, 722	JACKSONVILLE—Con. Mineral and carbonated waters.	1919 1914 1909	7 9	104 34 26	76 31 35	60 17 5	351 59 37	615 141 90
Artificial stone products	1919 1914 1909	4 3 3	42 50 40	8 21 12	· 40 28 17	34 18 18	96 66 49	Printing and publishing	1919 1914	43 41	340 281	355 366	373 301	505 353	1,783 1,061
Bread and other bakery prod- ucts.	1919 1914 1909	22 20 9	270 221 122	192 151 75	233 99 55	1,218 383 176	1,781 660 309	Tobacco, cigars	1909 1919 1914	. 17 17	250 311 272	252 3	163 340 120	146 504 160	1,069 409
Carriages and wagons, including repairs.	1919 1914 1909	3 6 4	25 59 67	33 49 34	27 41 42	23 36 35	72 105 100	All other industries	1909 1919	14 118	134 5,383	10,500	73 5, 513	115 13,697	264 23, 187
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work.	1914	4 6	42 29	70 13	50 21	186 48	307 64		1914 1909	52 44	1,469 1,169	5,026 3,892	692 551	4,005 3,245	6, 782 4, 892
Foundry and machine-shop products. Lumber and timber products <sup>1</sup> .	1919 1914	16 8	270 88	370 94	357 70	604 39	1,268 152	TAMPA <sup>2</sup>	1919 1914	263 202	13,079 7,055	7,513 3,406	14,534 4,405	17, 273 5, 878	42,461
and timber products 1.	1919 1914 1909	10 11 8	381 313 180	1,749 1,396 865	299 158 82	478 440 225	1,034 758 382	An industries.	1909	182	6,786	2,536	4,033	5,853	14,039 13,804

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes ''lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.'' <sup>2</sup> Comparative statistics by industries for 1914 and 1909 not available.

CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED

		1.7.3. 3. 3. 3. 3	U~ U.	10,000	T (')	,000	Tritain								
***************************************										,					
Key West	1919 1914 1909	69 65 56	2,313 2,037 2,431	1,211 722 295	2,094 1,100 1,397	2,776 1,419 1,643	6,520 3,389 3,965	PENSACOLA	1919 1914 1909	70 64 59	4,586 835 940	5,243 1,404 1,226	5,789 481 466	10, 235 857 859	18,007 $1,832$ $1,837$
	j	1	!	ļ.	1	1		i	L	1		1			

TABLE 30.—DETAILED STATEMENT OF ALL INDUSTRIES

				PERSO	S ENC	AGED	IN THE I	NDUSTRY.			E EARNI ST REPR				
	į;				Clerk	s. etc.		Wago earne	ers.		16 and	over.	Und	er 16.	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Number of establishment	Total.	firm mem- bers.	Sala- ried offi- cers, su- perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Average num- ber.	Number, 18 Maximum. month.	Minimum. month.	Total.	Male.	Fo- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Capital.

THE STATE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

-												11		1	1	1	
1	All industries	2, 582	82,986	2,616	2,983	2, 219	753	74, 415	De ?	78, 140	Au 71,298	(3)	(3)	(8)	(8)	(8)	Dollars. 206, 203, 570
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Agricultural implements. Artificial stone products. Automobile bodies and parts. Automobile repairing. Awnings, tents, and sails. Boxes, cigar. Boxes, set-up paper boxes and cartons. Boxes, wooden packing, except cigar	36 8 79 9 4	8 244 58 380 75 725 29 1,113	50 11 96 10 7 1 14	9 1 12 9 26 6 57	1 1 8 4 16 2 15	1 1 5 3 3 3	4 183 44 259 49 673 20 1,025	(4) No Je 5 De Ja De No Ap	4 269 46 278 59 767 37 1,136	(4) 4 Ja 103 Mh 38 Fe 247 Oc 5 42 Ap 616 Ja 6 0 Au 856	268 44 288 51 768 30 1,085	262 44 287 34 385 4 900	17 383 26 181	1		65,022 225,434 106,059 378,180 169,335 672,438 35,754 1,749,738
10 11 12 13 14 15	boxes. Bread and other bakery products Brooms. Brushes. Canning and preserving, fish Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables.	11 10 3 10 5	1, 155 182 83 48 306 43	200 17 13 1 18 2	58 9 7 2 14 4	102 2 1 6	58 2 4 1	737 156   59 44 264   36	De Oc 5 Ja Oc 5 Oc 5 De	344 169 72 62 504 94	Je 681 Ja 139 Je 42 Je 26 Jy 5 78 Ap 6 0	848 155 60 51 502 164	671 154 30 29 250 51	1	1 2		2, 037, 964 242, 601 130, 083 67, 615 284, 884 76, 085
16	Carriages and wagons, including repairs.	13	78	17	3		1	57				. 75	74	1			158, 178
17 18 19	Carriages and wagons. Repair work only Cars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad com-	. 4 5	49 29 102	14 3	3 9	4	i	35 22 89	De Fe 5 Ja	44 24 113	Mh 27 Jy 20 De 48	50 25 91	50 24 91	1			107,008 51,170 542,671
20	panies.  Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com-	19	3, 976		119	78	17	3, 762	Му	4,073	Jy 3,352	3,992	3,981	11	•		8, 121, 237
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	panies. Coffee, roasting and grinding. Confectionery and ice cream. Confectionery. Logic cream. Copperage. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work. Fertilizors. Flour-mill and gristmill products. Food preparations, not elsewhere	27	120 181 41 140 268 140 1,718 91 45	19 37 9 28 16 19 2 27 11	5 10 2 8 15 8 99 7	25 14 4 10 6 9 174 4	3 15 5 10 4 5 53 1	68 105 21 84 227 99 1,390 52	De My Ap De Mh Jy Ja	71 31 96 251 122 1,663 57 41	Jy 5 65 Au 5 18 Mh 71 Oc 170 My 85 Au 1,070 Ap 48 Oc 17	70 168 31 137 248 110 1,578 55 28	52 128 16 112 238 113 1,532 55 23	17 32 15 17 8 2 45	, 4 , 1	3	557, 214 402, 276 60, 307 401, 969 556, 901 411, 871 15, 938, 567 281, 712 291, 894
30 31 32 33 34	specified. Foundry and machine-shop products. Boiler shops. Foundries. Machine shops. Machine shop and foundry combined.	3 6 45	1,046 24 149 532 341	50 3 2 41 4	62 2 5 34 21	46 3 34 9	16 3 10 3	872 19 136 413 304	Ap De Je My	27 241 467 366	Au 15 Mh 105 Ja 357 Se 275	887 20 146 421 300	885 20 146 421 298		1 1		2, 691, 919 26, 769 362, 266 1, 338, 877 964, 017
35 36 37 38 39 40	Furniture. Gas, illuminating and heating. Ice, manufactured. Iron and steel, welding. Lumber and timber products. Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.		34 509 1,702 15 22,532 1,472	51 8 503 51	5 38 127 547 94	35 87 350 42	1 18 25 65 18	27 418 1,412 7 21,058 1,267	100 5	33 456 1, 549 9 25, 193 1, 462	Fe 19 Jo 392 Ja 1,312 Jy <sup>5</sup> 6 Fe 18,872 Ap 1,085	31 439 1,527 7 24,092 1,431	29 439 1,499 7 23,762 1,427	26 26 284 3	2 46		52,847 10,850,130 12,614,312 17,517 41,636,709 3,374,359
$\frac{41}{42}$	Mattresses and spring beds, not else- where specified		72 103	9 10	6 5	1 2	3 1	53 85	No De	73 104	Ja 44 My 72	58 103	58 82	21			122,884 227,761
43 44 45 46	Mineral and soda waters  Mineral and carbonated waters.  All other  Minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated.	105 102 3 5	679 671 8 748	100 99 1	73 70 3 22	60 60 7	15 15 2	431 427 4 717	Jy Ja s Se	485 11 800	Ja 363 Je 5 1 Fe 600	441 427 14 783	411 401 10 754	18 14 4 29	12		1,305,295 1,289,239 16,056 1,382,483
47 48 49 50	Oil, not elsewhere specified.  Patent medicines and compounds.  Patent and proprietary medicines  Patent and proprietary compounds, not elsewhere specified.	24 17 7	68 113 76 37	21 9 12	8 10 7 3	5 14 7 7	1 10 5 5	54 58 48 10	Ap De Fe 5	77 56 13	Au 24 Ja 5 44 My 7	54 62 54 8	54 20 12 8	42 42 42			876, 799 561, 831 472, 664 89, 167
51 52 53 54 55 56 57	Paving materials Pickles, preserves, and sauces. Printing and publishing, bookand job Job printing Book publishing and printing Linotype work and typesetting Printing and publishing, newspapers and papindlesls	13 77 71 3 3 160	227 225 495 444 34 17 1,412	3 16 68 62 4 2 135	9 51 38 35 2 1 142	2 29 41 22 18 1 179	1 5 17 15 2 2	212 124 331 310 8 13 841	Se 5 Ap De Je Fe	247 310 347 14 18	Fe 169 Jy 46 Je 287 Mh 4 My 8	230 127 365 337 11 17 889	230 94 266 248 6 12 721	27 94 84 5 5 131	2 3 3 3	4 2 2 2 1	210, 341 488, 832 1, 205, 977 1, 128, 881 33, 937 43, 159 3, 778, 417
58 59	Printing and publishing Printing, publishing, and job printing.	19 122	315 1,065	113	45 90	60 117	42 71	159 674	No: De	172 761	Au 150 My 642	178 704	158 561	16 113	4 29	····i	596,875 3,171,905
$^{60}_{61}$	Publishing without printing Shipbuilding, steel	19 5	32 8, 211	13	7 100	2 202	71	7,838	Ap Ja	8, 533	Mh 6 Je 7,322	7,813	7,793	20	3		9,637 38,599,952

### COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES: 1919.

		•	EXPI	enses.	maga timun na sa							P	ower.			
Sala	aries and w	ages.		Rent a	ıd taxes.	For ma	terials.	:			Prin	ary ho	rsepowe	r.		Elec-
			For		Torres			Value of products.	Value added by manufac-			Own	ed.			tric horse- power
Officials	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, Federal, state, county, and local	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.		ture.	Total.	Steam engines (not tur- bines).	Steam tur- bines.	Internal- com- bus- tion en- gines.	Wa- ter pow- er.1	Rent- ed. <sup>2</sup>	gener- ated in estab- lish ments report- ing.

#### THE STATE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

		,	,				,										
Dollars. 6,961,103	Dollars. 3,874,243	Dollars. 67, 433, 229	Dollars. 938, 056	Dollars. 758, 096	Dollars. 6,653,165	Dollars. 88,448,851	Dollars. 4,231,373	Dollars. 213,326,811	Dollars. 120, 646, 587	139, 456	105,944	5, 543	4,706	243	23,020	12,480	1
13,324 1,717 25,180 22,718 103,502 3,858 109,295	1,320 1,380 14,728 6,395 25,841 4,459 20,433	2,984 160,711 59,751 296,762 53,835 508,366 2,925 610,111	125 133 100 148	3,929 6,056 32,569 3,054 5,857 1,475 4,215	83 2,778 655 6,750 7,904 18,087 59 36,036	2,310 160,632 89,234 231,318 478,214 735,192 19,558 1,120,781	294 3,650 1,720 13,367 712 14,948 2,179 4,769	7,078 413,077 207,281 740,290 673,760 1,683,074 22,523 2,539,732	4,474 248,795 116,327 495,605 194,834 932,934 786 1,414,182	9 146 26 590 12 643 61 2,390	337 2,344		97 6 6	4	3 23 23 287 12 300 61 44	5 5 216 117	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
133, 167 9, 677 13, 369 5, 600 20, 600 2, 827	80,011 3,457 884 9,950 150	622,323 71,304 30,224 17,666 86,508 12,310	8,435 1,300 1,050 150	64, 440 1, 270 760 180 1, 499 200	67,411 1,648 951 591 2,229 259	3,442,111 11,971 66,441 14,277 189,111 42,295	109, 415 42, 046 2, 214 1, 661 3, 957 2, 250	5,143,559 181,430 157,470 42,799 382,009 68,382	1,592,033 127,413 88,815 26,861 188,941 23,837	871 805 83 44 161 95	60 617 35 35 126 93	120	57 68 37 9 10 2		754 11 5	10 2	10 11 12 13 14 15
4,800	314	70,033	7,379	1,320	1,682	66,737	2,630	165, 894	96,527	98		<b>-</b>	12	<b></b> .	86	20	16
4,800 15,779	314 2,341	45,937 24,096 103,939	7,370	1,260 60	931 751 8,671	41,050 25,687 58,594	1,842 788 769	104,041 61,853 175,778	61, 149 35, 378 116, 415	78 20 133			12		66 20 133	20	17 18 19
360,537	122,806	4,744,412			2,526	2,363,808	864, 801	8, 468, 318	5, 239, 709	3,557	1,460	733	6		1,358	1,100	20
20, 292 24, 414 5, 200 19, 214 24, 201 21, 687 269, 376 10, 324 14, 025	30,884 32,583 10,973 21,610 7,759 15,536 306,467 4,980 1,060	50, 624 74, 054 17, 704 56, 350 180, 084 117, 168 1, 102, 556 33, 087 20, 273	300 200 200 60 276	10, 070 16, 281 2, 010 14, 271 3, 325 6, 930 2, 922 889 3, 100	23, 301 12, 820 5, 245 7, 575 1, 736 4, 135 182, 259 3, 503 13, 201	1, 291, 928 729, 484 105, 756 623, 728 766, 099 294, 432 7, 005, 422 461, 421 453, 525	7, 922 32, 655 2, 430 30, 225 5, 570 2, 473 152, 483 9, 009 5, 659	1,602,332 1,111,660 188,497 923,163 1,121,901 540,263 10,685,819 568,023 560,909	302, 482 349, 521 80, 311 269, 210 350, 232 243, 358 3, 527, 914 97, 593 101, 725	185 395 38 357 398 81 4,368 1,093 251	95 20 75 170 2, 130 550 60	105	33 16 812 222 10	2 35	185 267 18 249 105 81 1,426 286 181	51 51 1,258	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
171,757 2,700 20,338 84,611 64,108	5, 521 45, 863 17, 059	1,025,013 33,922 128,715 517,566 344,810	14,864	17,624 504 16,220 900	47, 240 742 3, 830 32, 068 10, 600	1,465,368 12,580 138,522 962,789 351,477	56,746 442 10,486 21,780 24,038	3,507,648 59,965 352,790 2,005,715 1,089,178	$\substack{1,985,534\\46,943\\203,782\\1,021,146\\713,663}$	1,622 28 317 718 559	170  130 40		154 20 4 114 16		1,298 8 313 474 503	13 13	30 31 32 33 34
5,580 84,447 214,707 1,453,993 210,835	1,300 64,168 102,939 545,375 70,538	31, 255 421, 893 1, 153, 136 7, 032 16, 720, 690 1, 096, 494	125 1,400 1,085 573,607 245	1,425 675 33,537 2,790 126,605 16,032	92,982 96,851 161 886,747 74,611	30,379 309,671 613,546 9,823 13,467,076 3,090,569	1,004 673,279 910,304 1,396 66,182 26,621	98, 289 1, 989, 238 4, 051, 516 41, 579 42, 598, 491 5, 270, 931	66, 906 1, 006, 288 2, 527, 666 30, 300 29, 065, 233 2, 153, 741	46 1,074 18,011 24 67,683 5,155	789 15,049 62,989 3,705	265 1,618 2,460	20 742 245 107	1 185	601 24 1,804 1,343	100 1,405 6,569 do	35 36 37 38 39 40
10, 415 9, 805	2,292 4,224	53, 787 69, 897	575	1,194 3,375	7,040 1,435	82,070 301,732	2, 256 2, 378	189,545 479,992	105, 219 175, 882	77 140			4 12		73 128	10	41 42
106, 123 102, 898 3, 225 48, 492	90,556 90,556 10,209	278,970 276,852 2,118 475,702	650 650 5,940	46, 659 45, 879 780 4, 898	121,735 121,594 141 116,698	1,464,222 1,455,124 9,098 279,309	40,607 40,247 360 266,537	2,690,090 2,670,773 19,317 1,779,550	$\substack{1,185,261\\1,175,402\\9,859\\1,233,704}$	540 524 16 1,880	20 10 10 1,475		134 134 405		386 380 6	18	43 44 45 46
21,909 17,859 12,925 4,934	8,897 35,749 18,643 17,106	38, 114 35, 009 27, 141 7, 868		329 7, 801 4, 946 2, 855	5,735 15,244 13,710 1,534	639, 243 386, 854 294, 739 92, 115	15, 491 489 124 365	969,701 738,214 565,506 172,708	314, 967 350, 871 270, 643 80, 228	960 34 2 32	960 15 15		14		5 2 3	40	47 48 49 50
16,966 16,150 88,058 80,069 5.589 2,400 329,260	2,871 14,111 61,321 48,322 12,699 300 307,041	121,759 53,418 342,110 316,109 7,750 18,251 915,491	17, 054 11, 218 5, 836 89, 239	7,543 2,062 32,304 29,932 1,247 1,125 51,806	954 3,981 50,114 49,170 708 236 103,565	117,728 374,712 594,534 582,113 9,401 3,020 1,042,512	22, 131 12, 948 13, 740 12, 114 257 1, 369 57, 117	286,611 590,336 1,517,625 1,426,922 25,046 65,657 4,100,841	146, 752 202, 676 909, 351 832, 695 16, 678 59, 978 3, 001, 212	1,023 135 469 444 12 13 1,054	470 70				553 61 451 426 12 13 837	17	51 52 53 54 55 56 57
116,584 199,184	106,947 197,016	235,938 674,229	28, 871 24, 899	17,300 33,966	22,180 81,354	197,764 834,605	18, 812 38, 305	1,093,231 2,927,106	876, 655 2, 054, 196	248 806			6 211		242 595	····i7	58 59
13,492 528,569		5,324 11,556,678	35, 469	540 50,600	31 41,316	$\begin{bmatrix} 10,143 \\ 10,443,412 \end{bmatrix}$	257, 550	80,504 24,234,126	70,361 13,533,164	10, 105	3,74ŏ				6,107	1,035	60 61

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>No figures given for reasons stated under "Explanation of terms." Same number reported throughout the year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Same number reported for one or more other months. <sup>6</sup> None reported for one or more other months.

## TABLE 30.--DETAILED STATEMENT OF ALL INDUSTRIES

				PERSO	NS EN	GAGED	IN THE	industry.		WAG NEARE	E EARNI CST REPR	ERS DE ESENT	C. 15, ATIVE	OR DAY,	
	ots.			Sala-	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage earne	ers.		16 and	over,	Und	er 16.	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	lishmer		Pro- prie-	ried offi- cers,				Number, 1	5th day of—						Capital.
	umber of establ	Total.	mem- bers.	perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Average num- ber.	Maximum, month.	Minimum. month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	, and the same of

### THE STATE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES-Continued.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat building.  New vessels. Repair work only. Small boats. Slaughtering and meat packing. Sugar, cane. Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes. Turpentine and rosin. Wood distillation. All other industries*.	29 25 14 8 3 286 452	3,649 2,602 980 67 425 6 13,435 13,016 479 1,115	56 24 18 14 8 2 322 572	77 36 4 13 1 261 635 32 94	78 54 20 4 44 1 352 88 26 47	37 26 10 1 12 107 3 9 21	3,361 2,421 806 44 348 2 12,393 11,748 412 915	Ja 4,984 Jy 1,194 No 53 Ja 489 De 16 De 14,105 Oc 12,162 De 503	De 1,075 Mh 667 Mh 34 Je 257 Ja 3 0 Au 8,588 Ja 10,582 Ja 346	2, 711 1, 702 954 55 381 17 14, 897 12, 451 346	10, 195 12, 114 346	34	1 1 9 302	2 1	Dollars, 7, 655, 457 5, 453, 016 2, 076, 860 125, 581 1, 675, 565 58, 973 21, 230, 960 15, 525, 831 1, 838, 182 4, 246, 515
Ba Ba Bla Br	*All other industries embrace— ificial flowers. 3 st, other than paper, not includ- ig bags made in textife mills. 3 skets, and rattan and willow ware. 1 cring, stains, and dressings. 1 iss and bronze products. 1 ining and preserving, oysters. 3	Clothi hou Coffin take Dyein	sing and ng, men' ng, won se dresse s, burial rs' goods g and fin of that d	s. nen's, s l cases	wrapp , and	ers ar unde	2 id 1 r-	Engine Engrav Engrav Flavori Glass,	nes	y, apparatus, , and water linking d novelties uring, and o	1 1 1 2	lubr Hand Hats a and Hats,	icating stamps and cap wool fur-felt	grease s, othe	r than t	including  elt, straw,

## CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

					-													
1	JACKSONVILLE—All industries.	_ : - : - :	8,384	186	352	483	195	7,168	Ja	9,093	De (	5,322	7,112	6,631	473	5	3	27, 270, 301
2 3 4 5	Artificial stone products. Automobile repairing. Bread and other bakery products. Carriages and wagons, including re-	4 25 22 3	52 160 371 33	5 22 18 4	4 7 27 3	1 1 37	3 19	42 127 270 25	Oc De No De	62 140 303 34	Ja Ja <sup>4</sup> Fe Ap <sup>4</sup>	20 118 247 19	56 150 283	56 150 215	68			23, 384 70, 421 583, 148
6 7 8	pans. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Foundry and machine-shop products. Machine shops	4 16	57 336 189	1 13 13	5 27 15	5 18 16	4 8 5	42 270	Fe	50	My 4	35	40 41 270	39 41 270	,			72, 519 314, 072 906, 631
10 11	All other Lumber and timber products. Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	4 3 7	147 57 367	3 3	12 1 18	13	3 1 4	140 130 52 329	Je De (f) Ja	196 235 52 417	Ja 4 Mh (5) Ap	104 102 52 263	130 140 52 362	130 140 52 359	······à			536, 376 370, 255 9, 500 789, 913
12 13	Mattresses and spring beds, not else- where specified. Mineral and carbonated waters	6	47	6	3	1		37	De 4	40	Му	34	41	33	s	• • • • •		123, 714
14 15 16	Patent medicines and compounds. Printing and publishing, book and job. Job printing.	الخد	132 76 249	7 24	12 7 22	13 10 32	3 7 9	104 45 162	Jy De	120 52	Ja 4 Ja 4	90 43	97 48 183	95 11 129	2 37 53			202, 905 480, 279
17 18	Printing and publishing, newspapers	3 15	214 35 321	21 3 7	19 3 15	14 18 85	9 36	151 11 178	De De	162 14	Je An 4	141 9	168 15 133	119 10 119	48			462, 858 418, 534 44, 324 1, 174, 573
19 20 21	Printing and publishing Printing, publishing, and job printing.	4	96 217	3	7 6	28 56	15 20	43 135	De De	47 160	Ja Mh <sup>4</sup>	39 128	47 86	46 73	 11	_		219, 132 951, 944
21 22 23	Publishing without printing	7 6	2, 083	4 6	2 55	1 51	1 28	1, 943	Ja	3,830	De	563	1,356	1,353	3			3,497 4,189,572
24 25	Tobacco, Cigars Turpentine and rosin All other industries*	17 3 66	343 43 3, 657	19 4 44	6 2 138	5 6 205	$\frac{2}{70}$	311 31 3, 200	De No	347 34	Ja De	290 29	367 31 3,602	300 31 3,378	67			362, 250 63, 631
				[ [		[							0,002	0,078	220	2	2	17, 440, 931

		)	- 0,010	220 2	2 11, 440, 561
* All other industries embrace— Artificial flowers. Automobile bodies and parts. Awnings, tents, and sails. Bags, other than paper, not including bags made in textile mills. Boxes, set-up paper boxes and cartons Brass and bronze products.	1 Brushes. 2 Carsand general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad companies. 2 Cars and general shop construction.	Coffee, roasting and grinding. Cofflins, burfat cases, and undertakers' goods. Confectionery and ice cream.	2 Suppli 2 Engravi Fertilize 1 Food protein	esng and diesiners. eparations, sy than cane	, apparatus, and lking weetening sirups, office fixtures 1

Includes water wheels and turbines (itrespective of ownership of water supply), and water motors (operated by water from city mains).

Some reported for one or more other months.

Salari			EXPE	NSES.								PO.	WER.			
	ies and wa	gos.		Rent and	taxes.	For mate	erials.				Prima	ry hors	ebower			Elec-
								Value of products.	Value added by manufac-			Owne	ed.			horse- power gener-
filcials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of		Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power,		ture.	Total.	Steam engines (not tur- bines).		Inter- nal- com- bus- tion en- gines.	Wa- ter pow- er.1	Rent- ed. <sup>2</sup>	ated in estab- lish ments report- ing.
	A STATE OF THE STA		THE S	TATE-A	LL INDU	STRIES C	OMBINED	AND SPE	CIFIED IN	DUSTR	ŒS—Con	itinued				
0 ollars. 282, 004	Dollars. 146,693	Dollars. 3,885,284	Dollars. 9,315	Dollars. 28, 568	Dollars. 35, 012	Dollars. 3, 154, 384	Dollars. 61,801	Dollars. 8,428,253	Dollars. 5,212,068	3,992	1,162		388	16	2,426	11
186,089 80,943 5,972	100,587 41,728 4,378 77,244	2,651,878 1,172,272 61,134 278,499	1,600 7,715	17,348 8,345 2,875 20,541	$\begin{array}{c} 11,265 \\ 22,727 \\ 1,020 \\ 13,441 \end{array}$	2,653,972 434,408 66,004 4,746,323 3,316	27,116 33,225 1,460 69,907 144	5,830,293 2,410,483 187,477 5,316,186	3,149,205 1,942,850 120,013 499,956 2,853	2,668 1,217 107 918 61	1,005 157 292 50		129 206 53	16	1,534 838 54 626	10 1
32,831 250 993,661 773,283 91,009 222,871	150 903, 825 92, 924 42, 670 60, 886	885 11,874,880 6,832,835 400,086 732,322	3, 161 199, 837 977	95,680 19,654 16,057	$\begin{array}{c} 78 \\ 4,047,007 \\ 325,539 \\ 28,050 \\ 142,089 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 3,310 \\ 15,527,986 \\ 5,755,424 \\ 966,441 \\ 3,487,322 \end{array} $	6,269 103,400 129,066 146,857	5,316,186 6,313 37,926,394 21,508,553 2,004,031 5,738,497	2,853 22,392,139 15,649,720 909,424 2,104,318	192 904 1,837 5,025	570 1,731 4,363	10 62 150	304 44 104		192 20 408	392 25
009 180	802 426	1	1		1	OR MORE-		USTRIES   31, 212, 494	13, 612, 659	1	1		1	1	. 5,067	2,680
982, 460 8, 179 14, 880	800 5,428	40, 44 3 153, 00	1	1, 281 16, 759	523, 623 495 1, 884	33, 639 48, 692	270	31, 212, 494 95, 501 295, 516 1, 781, 486	61, 592 242, 661	حنداد	6 200		-		140 132	
69, 865 4, 800	)   314	27, 16	1 7,37	1,560	2,188	1, 182, 104 22, 575 183, 937	1,787	72, 295 307, 051	121, 327	60	11				70	)
20,011	29, 82 25, 55 4, 27 1, 20	$egin{array}{cccc} 8 & 356,94 \\ 1 & 208,27 \\ 7 & 148,66 \\ 0 & 24,46 \\ \end{array}$	14   79   00   23,00	8,670	24,237 3,516 300	499, 689 85, 91- 68, 810	8 7,547 4 10,867	1, 268, 314 924, 288 344, 020 127, 080 906, 484	3 417, 053 3 247, 248 58, 270	160	J   81	5				)    
13,647 78,575 51,469 27,100 1,500 50,390	0   23.80			1 70	1,089	139,63	7 899	227, 43	86,89	8 6	7					11
=27,100		6 37,79	99	1,720			0 10,458	614,626		4	2			2	14	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdots$
27, 100 1, 500 50, 390 5, 80 27, 75 15, 30 51, 74 43, 76 7, 98	5 1,99 8 26,89 9 28,78 43,46 32,74 10,73	00 60,00 31 25,99	68 24 06 16.1	30, 390 5, 691 14, 670 13, 473 36 1, 19	0 38,079 1 13,961 0 11,742 8 11,423 2 319	1 313, 97 2 201, 13 3 196, 94 9 4, 19	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 157 \\ 13 & 4,667 \\ 13 & 3,623 \\ 00 & 1,044 \end{pmatrix}$	601, 76 638, 30 579, 84 58, 45	5 432, 50 8 379, 28 7 53, 22	5    14	7    5					
27, 100 1, 500 50, 390 5, 80 27, 75 15, 30 51, 74 43, 76 7, 98 63, 58	5 1,99 8 26,89 9 28,78 43,46 32,74 10,73 129,45	00 60,00 25,99 177,16 162,48 19 14,6 195,7 01 62,0	68 24 06 16, 11 95 10, 2 5, 8 41 64, 6 074 28, 4	30, 300 5, 69 14, 670 13, 471 1, 19 50 8, 26 71 6, 84	0 38,079 13,960 11,742 11,423 2 314 54,316	1 313, 97 2 201, 13 3 196, 93 9 4, 16 289, 03 4 83, 2	157 4, 667 3, 623 1, 044 10, 464 74 6, 120	601, 76 638, 30 579, 84 58, 45 1, 144, 31 379, 28	5 432, 50 8 379, 28 7 53, 22 1 844, 81 289, 86	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 14 \\ 2 & 13 \\ 3 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$	5 3 				21	3   1
27, 100 1, 500 50, 390 5, 80 27, 75 15, 30 51, 74 43, 76 7, 98	5 1, 99 8 26, 89 28, 78 9 43, 44 90 32, 73 10, 71 129, 42 35 43, 90 85, 50	00 60,00 10 25,99 177,16 18 162,4 14,6 195,7 01 62,0 180 133,6 48	68 24	30, 300, 5, 690, 5, 690, 14, 677, 13, 477, 36, 11, 19, 50, 8, 26, 7, 11, 18, 153, 11, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18	38, 079 1 13, 961 10 11, 742 8 11, 422 2 319 5 54, 319 10 15, 68 38, 63	1	157 13 4,607 13 623 10,044 10,464 74 6,120 21 4,344	601, 76 638, 30 579, 84 58, 45 1, 144, 31 379, 28 734, 31	55   432, 50 379, 28 53, 22 1 844, 81 289, 86 524, 33 14 30, 5 2, 929, 4	5 14 2 13 3 0 21 10 22 16 15 172 2, 2	5 5 3 01 22				21 12	3
	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,27\\1,20 \end{bmatrix}$	$7 \mid 148,00 \\ 0 \mid 24,40$	79 35 00 23,00	8, 670 384 00	24,237 3,516 300 11,303	499, 68 85, 91 68, 81 406, 75	$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 7,547 \\ 4 & 10,867 \\ 0 & 2,260 \\ 7 & 899 \end{bmatrix}$	227, 43	4 86, 89 6 263, 58	210 S 1,666 8 7	7   6	5				50 6 7 14 13

<sup>3</sup> None reported from one or more other months.

Same number reported for one or more other months. Same number reported throughout the year.

### TABLE 30.—DETAILED STATEMENT OF ALL INDUSTRIES

			PERSO	IS EN	AGED	IN THE	industry.			E EARNI EST REPR				
	ž	Table to produce and	Sala-	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage earno	ers.		16 and	over.	Und	er 16.	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Number of establishmen	Total.	ried offi- cers, su- perin- tend-	Male.	Fe- male.	Average number.	Number, 1s  Maximum.  month.	of day of—  Minimum.  month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Capital,

### CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES—Continued.

1	TAMPA—All industries	263	14,291	306	327	439	140	13,079	De 1-	4,560	Au	9,232	15,080	11,118	3,948	11	3	Dollars. 38,825,718
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Artificial stone products Bread and other bakery products Coffee, roasting and grinding Confectionery and ice cream. Foundry and machine-shop products. Ice, manufactured Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected	5 21 10 6 6 5 5	13 117 39 44 92 129 146	9 29 12 12 6 4 2	2 2 2 4 13 9	7 3 3 2 6 6	2 1 5	4 77 21 22 80 106 127	No <sup>3</sup> Jy <sup>3</sup> (4) No My Je <sup>3</sup> No	8 79 21 28 149 110 139	Je 3 Ja (4) Ja Mh De Ja	3 75 21 18 61 98 103	8 76 22 30 69 104 138	8 74 22 20 69 104 138	10	2		10,436 236,279 125,386 115,735 248,268 1,265,815 422,649
9 10 11	with sawmills.  Patent medicines and compounds  Printing and publishing, book and job.  Printing and publishing, newspapers	10 8	8 59 212	2 8 4	5 22	2 45	20	6 40 121	Ja³ Ja³ Je	7 42 126	My Mh	4 38 115	6 43 121	4 30 110	2 11 9	····i 2	····i	7,210 103,443 801,947
12 13	and periodicals. Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes All other industries*.	139 44	9,730 3,702	173 45	172 96	289 76	91 15	9,005 3,470	De 10	0,409	Au	5,218	10,925 3,538	7,325 3,214	3,594 322	4 2	2	16,652,435 18,836,115

*All other industries embrace— Automobile bodles and parts. Automobile repairing. Awnings, tents, and sails. Boxes, cigar.	$\frac{2}{2}$	Brooms, from broom corn		Clea Clot ho Coffi ta
--	---------------	-------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

- eansing and polishing preparations othing, women's, wrappers and louse dresses, burlal cases, and underakers' goods.
- Cooperage, hogsheads and barrels. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work. Flavoring extracts. Food preparations, macaroni, ver-micelli, and noodles.

#### CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED.

									.1				1 1	1 .		t e		
1	KEY WEST	69	2, 531	66	88	50	14	2, 313	No	2,477	Sa	1,864	2,673	1.988	674	0	9 1	3, 961, 222
							7.7											
2	MIAMI	73	958	69	41	99	41	708	De	829	My	651	809	743	65		1 1 1	3, 820, 759
3	Pensacola	70 ĺ	5,030	49	148	172	75	4, 586	De	5.031	Ap	4,055	5,046	4, 981	59	a	1 - 10	18 055 054
10						-1-	+ • •			0,001				2,001				10,007,004
4	St. Petersburg	39	287	40	92	4	16.	215	No	282	Jv	190	285	257	28		1 11	858, 752
-		""					٧.	-10	1 400	202	, , ,	100	1 400	1 401				000, (04)
					1			i	1			1					1 11	

<sup>1</sup> Includes water wheels and turbines (irrespective of ownership of water supply), and water motors (operated by water from city mains).

2 Chiefly electric motors operated by rented (or purchased) current: other power included (chiefly shaft-belt or transmitted power from neighboring power plants).

COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES: 1919—Continued.

	Name of the State		EXPE	NSES.								P	ower.			
Sala	aries and w	ages.		Rent ar	d taxes.	For mat	erials.				Prim	ary hor	sepowe	r.		Elec-
Officials.	Clerks,	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, Federal, state, county, and local	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	Value added by manufac- ture.	Total.	Steam engines (not tur- bines).	Own Steam tur- bines.	Inter-	Wa- ter pow- er.1	Rent- ed.²	tric horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.

## CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES-Continued.

Dollars. 1, 357, 373	Dollars. 1,009,298	Dollars. 14, 533, 837	Dollars. 12,801	Dollars, 164, 907	Dollars. 3, 183, 451	Dollars. 16, 872, 794	Dollars. 400, 349	Dollars. 42, 461, 377	Dollars. 25, 188, 234	7, 513	2, 777	40	60	 4, 636	291	1
4, 596 4, 032 3, 165 17, 576 35, 489 19, 801	9,846 10,510 6,876 4,608 10,580 12,087	3, 070 87, 376 17, 868		045 8, 796 4, 597 5, 545 1, 340 3, 000 1, 075	162 3, 320 829 503 6, 350 8, 180 7, 009	4, 358 395, 698 252, 593 257, 853 75, 057 77, 745 314, 310	15, 296 3, 273 2, 010 4, 319 70, 112	10, 761 503, 775 309, 467 339, 097 341, 121 428, 289 557, 676	6, 403 182, 781 53, 601 79, 234 261, 745 280, 432 243, 366	116 68 45 201 652 460	640 460		35	68 45		
11, 915 88, 135	6, 511 72, 933	5, 918 40, 778 144, 796		1,358 5,268 5,299	128 1, 468 26, 435	6,256 36,546 350,143	2, 567 10, 437	25, 910 124, 448 980, 834	19,654 85,335 620,254	58 110			     	 58 110		9 10 11
745, 132 427, 532	742, 569 132, 778	8, 838, 890 4,984,485	2, 942 133	58, 241 69,743	3, 006, 644 122, 423	11, 562, 826 3, 539, 409	. 4, 671 287, 664	28, 472, 994 10, 277, 005	16, 905, 497 6, 449, 932	5, 661	1,677	40	25	 3, 919	291	13

Furniture, wood,		
and willow Gas, illuminating s	and heating	ĭ
Hand stamps Iron and steel, wel	ding	

1	Liquors, malt
ļ	Marble and stone work, monuments
l	and tombstones
Į	Mattresses and spring beds, not
l	elsewhere specified

1	Mineral and earbonated waters
	Paints. Paving materiuls. Photo-engraving. Shipbuilding, steel, new vessels
1	Photo-engraving
2	Shipbuilding, steel, new vessels

Shipbuilding, boat building.	wooden,	including
poar punding.	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

### CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED.

208, 557 87, 971 460, 914 38, 694	89, 886 409, 527	2, 094, 461 745, 252 5, 789, 135 211, 835	816 4, 506 20, 239	26, 493	638, 315 43, 624 80, 160 10, 685	2, 661, 148 1, 054, 634 10, 001, 206 435, 051	115, 035 168, 547 233, 856 79, 735	2,722,612	3,744,168 1,499,431 7,771,857 490,152	1,211 1,860 5,243 762	662 1,035 3,666 150	65 95 50	167 264	16	349 593 1, 202 415	146 35 1, 197 13	1 2 3 4
1	1		•					·									

<sup>3</sup> Same number reported for one or more other months.
4 Same number reported throughout the year.

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